



CENTRE NATIONAL D'ÉTUDES SPATIALES

# POSEIDON3 In-Flight Results

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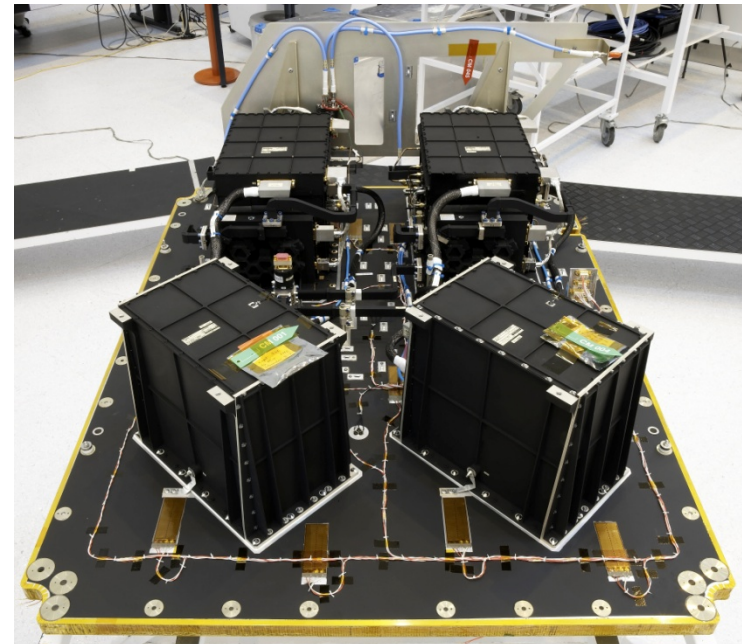


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## POSEIDON3 Description

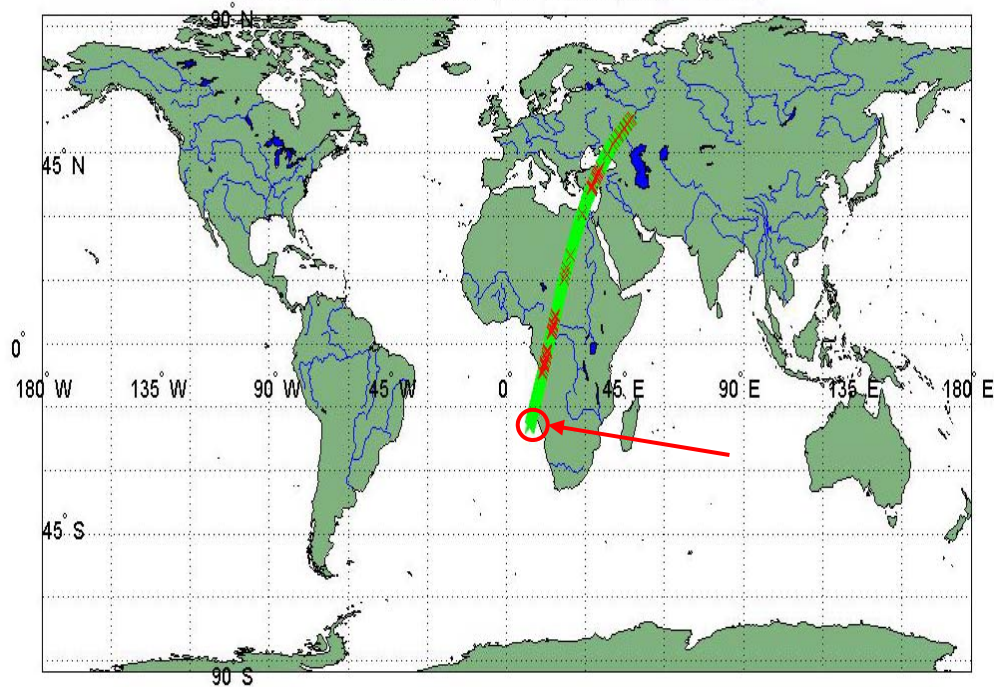
Redundant and Bi frequency Altimeter for high reliability and ionosphere delay correction	
Altimeter Measurement Accuracy	<1.5cm (1s/ 2m SWH), Ku Range (ground tests)
Pulse Repetition Frequency	~2060Hz
Ku-Band	
Frequency	13575MHz
Bandwidth	320Mhz
C-Band	
Frequency	5300MHz
Bandwidth	320 MHz or 100MHz
Antenna	
Diameter	1200mm
Beamwidth (3dB)	1.28°



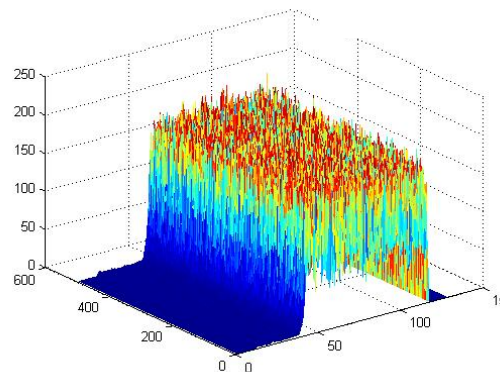
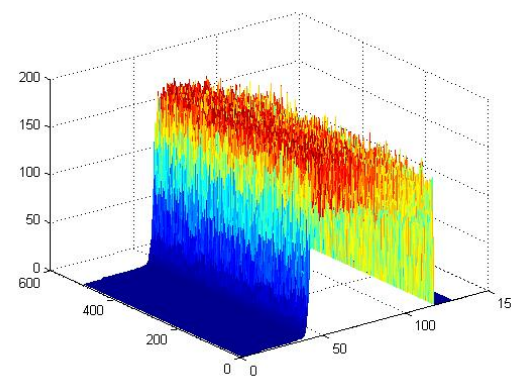
# First In-Flight Echoes

22/06/2008 11:16:27

indicateur presence echo (vert: present, rouge: absent)

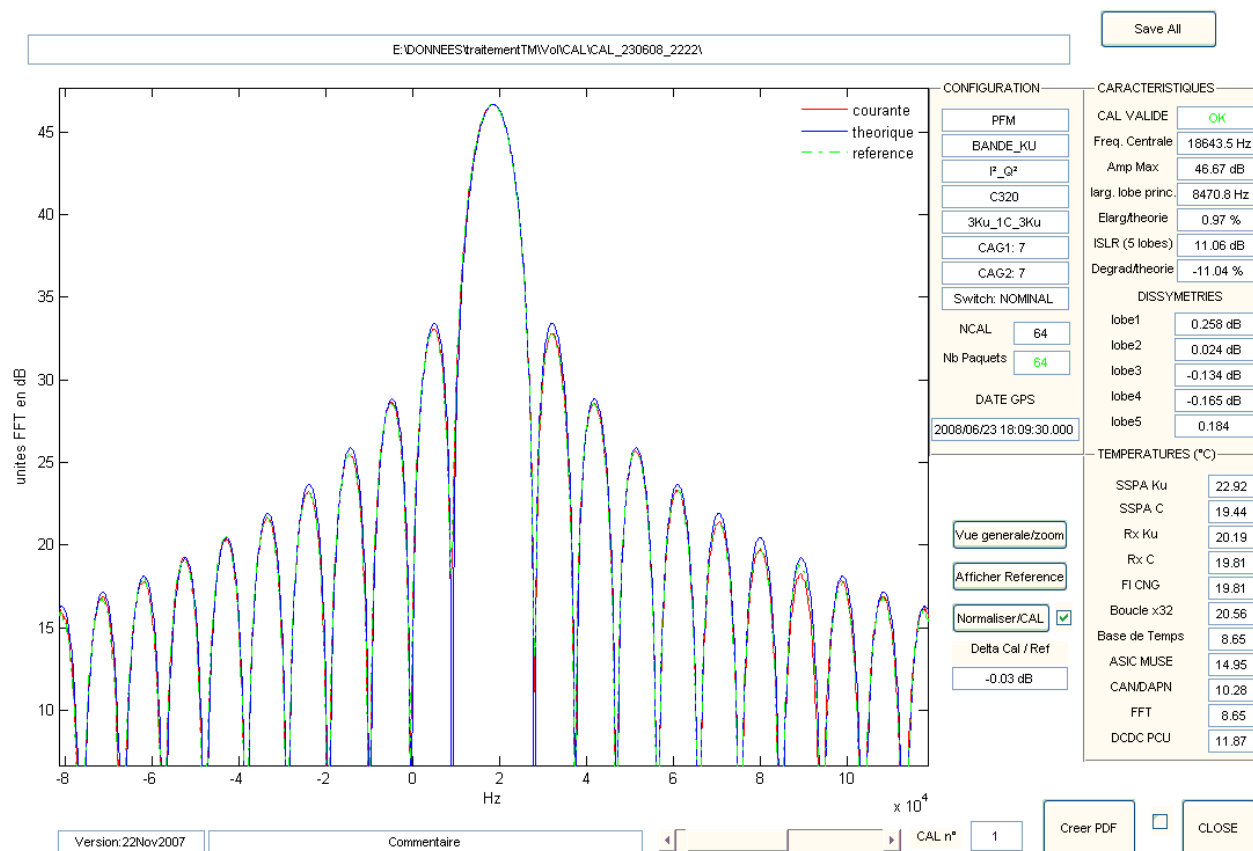


Ku Band



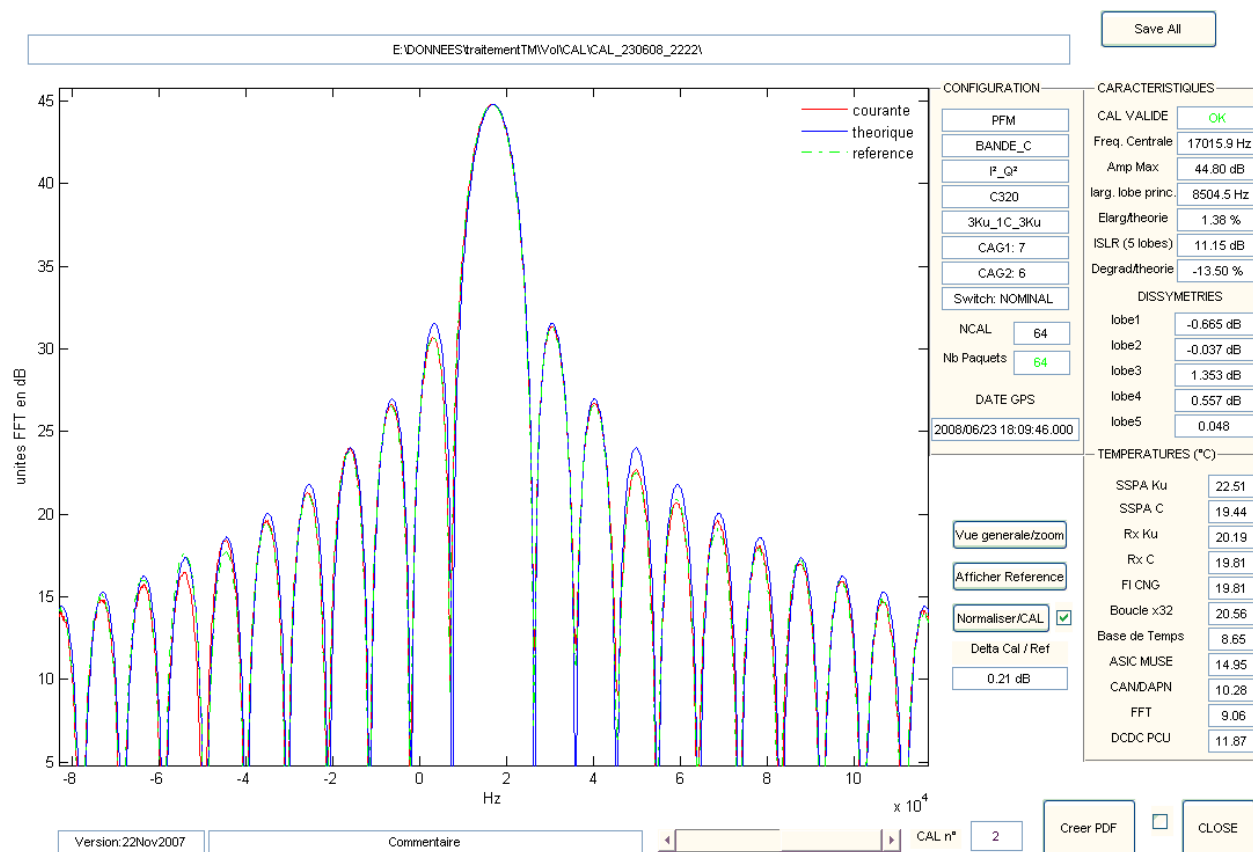
C Band

# In-Flight Calibrations



Ku Band PTR

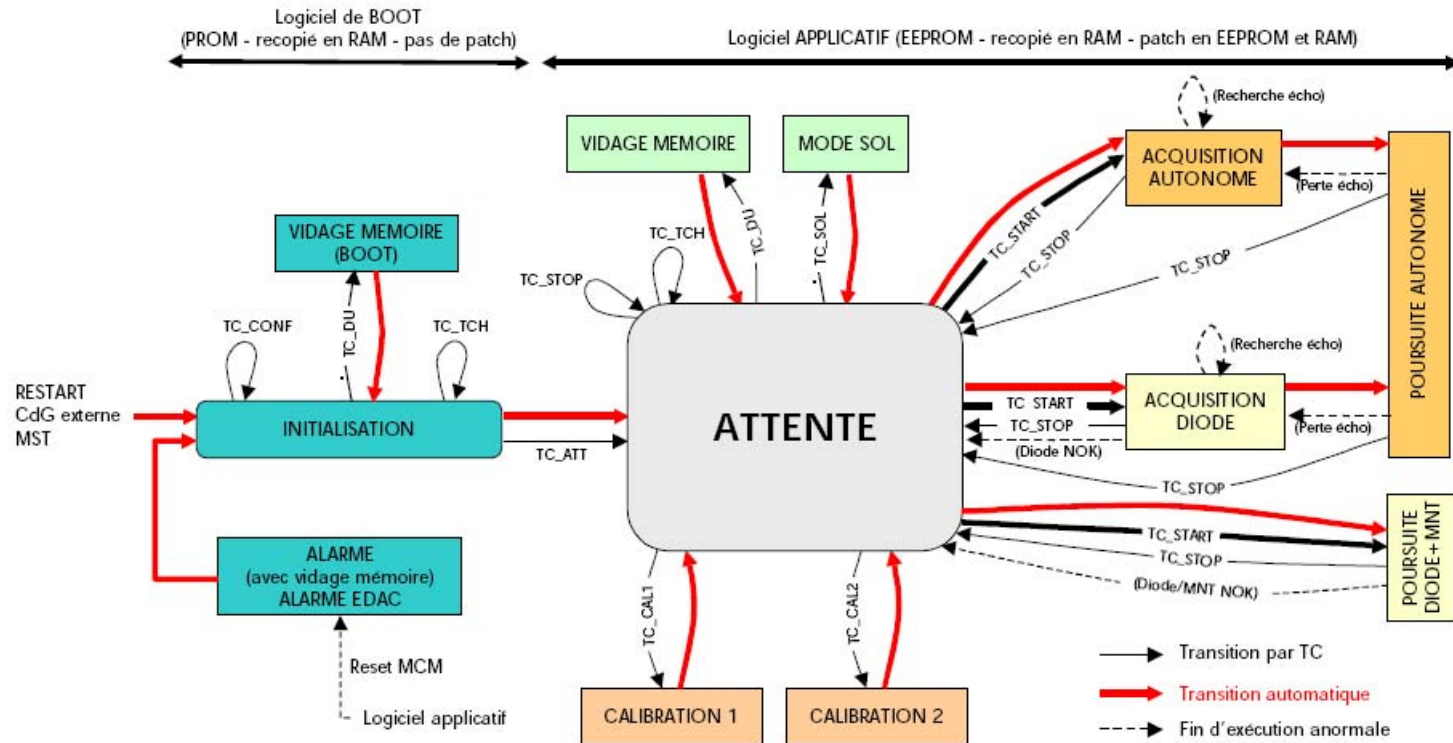
# In-Flight Calibrations



C Band PTR



# POSEIDON3 Modes



# Autonomous Acquisition / Autonomous Tracking Mode

## ■ Mode similar to Poséidon2

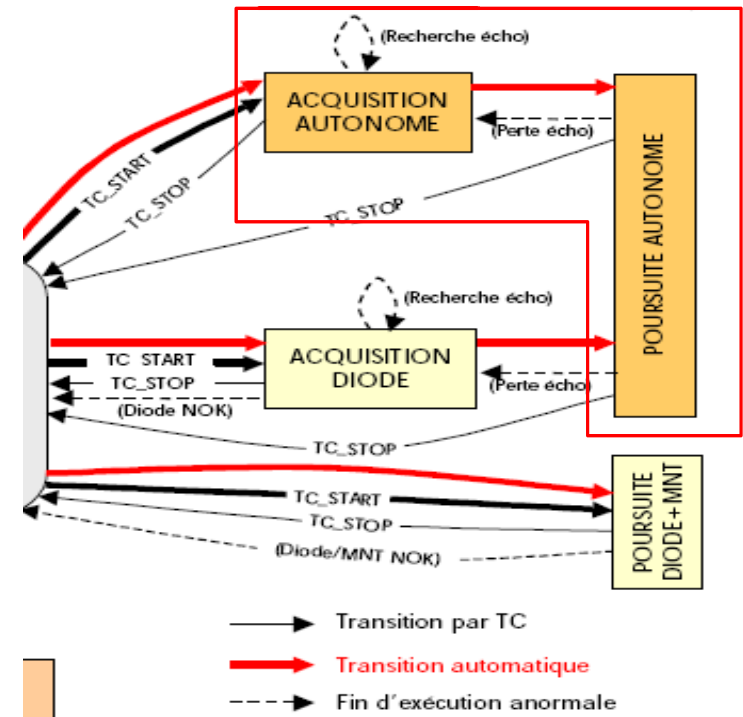
## ■ 2 Selectable Tracking Algorithms

### ◆ Split Gate Tracker = POS2 algorithm

- Good Results over oceans for Brown Echoes
- Sensitive to Land Backscatter (Loss of Tracking)

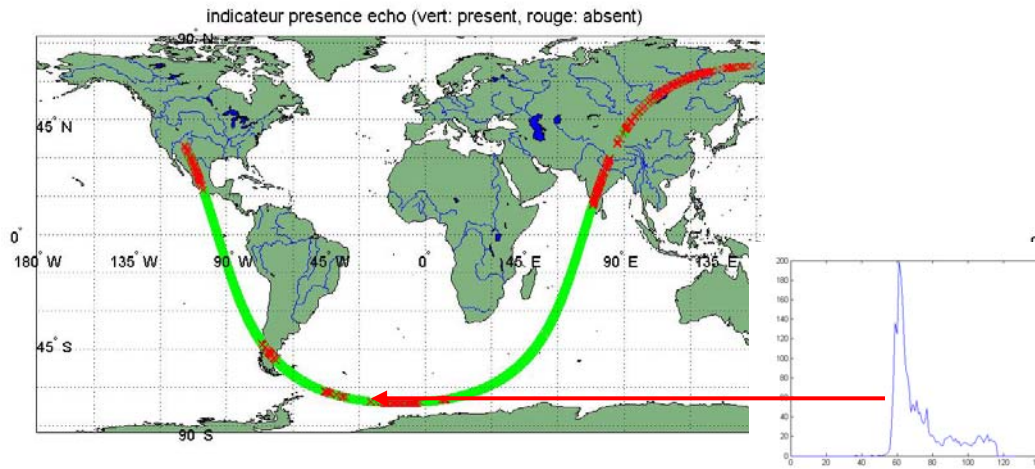
### ◆ MEDIAN Algorithm: new algorithm

- Good Results over oceans for Brown and non Brown Echoes (ice...)
- Better Immunity to Land Backscatter (good results over Coastal Zones)
- Capability over Land Surfaces



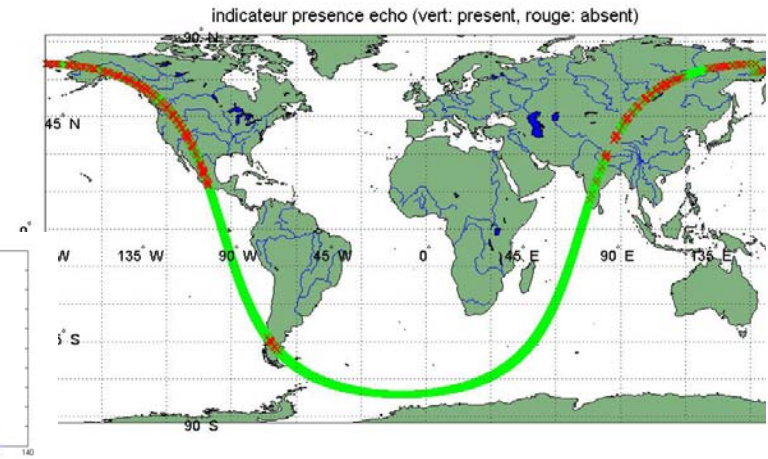


# Tracking Algorithms Performances Illustration



Autonomous Mode

SGT



Autonomous Mode

Median

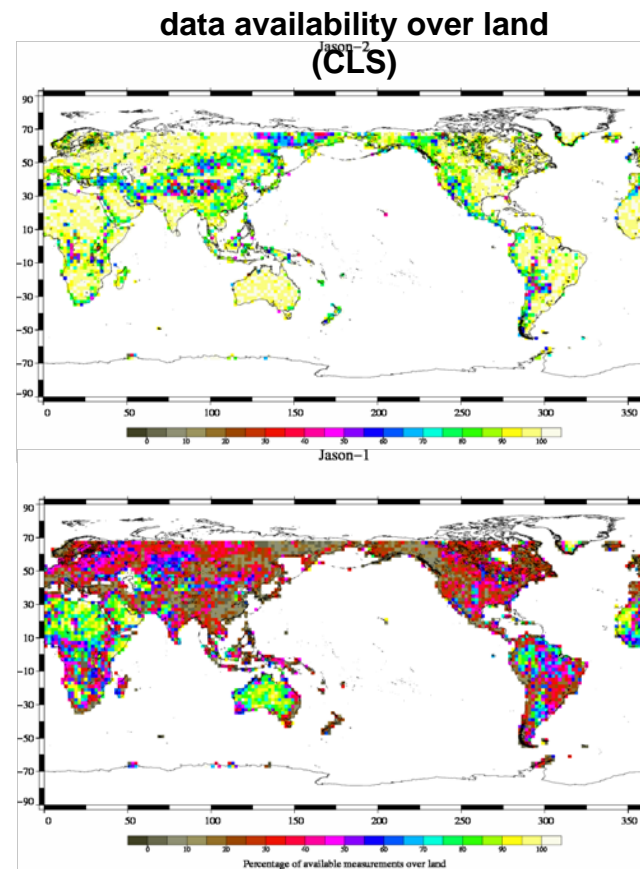
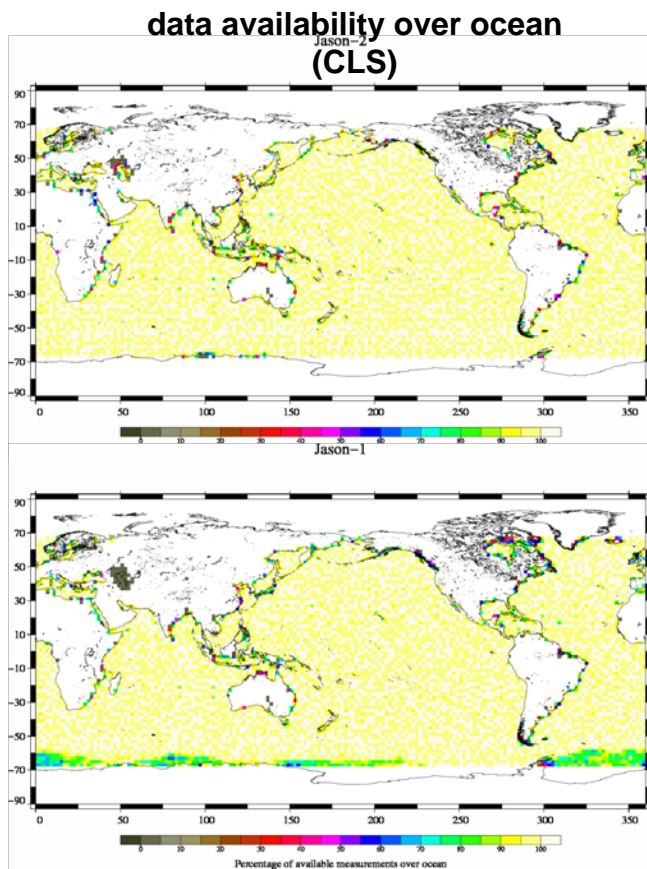
Data Availability Comparison

-> The Median Algorithm gives better results -> default algorithm for JASON2

# Tracking Algorithms Performances Illustration

■ JASON2  
Median Tracker

■ JASON1  
SGT Tracker



- > The Median Algorithm gives better results
- > Default algorithm for JASON2

## New Modes

- **Goal: to acquire mode data over Coastal Zones and Inland Waters**
  
- **2 new modes**
  - ◆ **Diode Acquisition Mode: to reduce the acquisition time using the satellite altitude information provided by Diode**
  
  - ◆ **Diode/ MNT coupling Mode: Open Loop Mode using the satellite position information provided by Diode and the surface altitude provided by a pseudo DEM stored in POS3**

## Diode Acquisition Mode

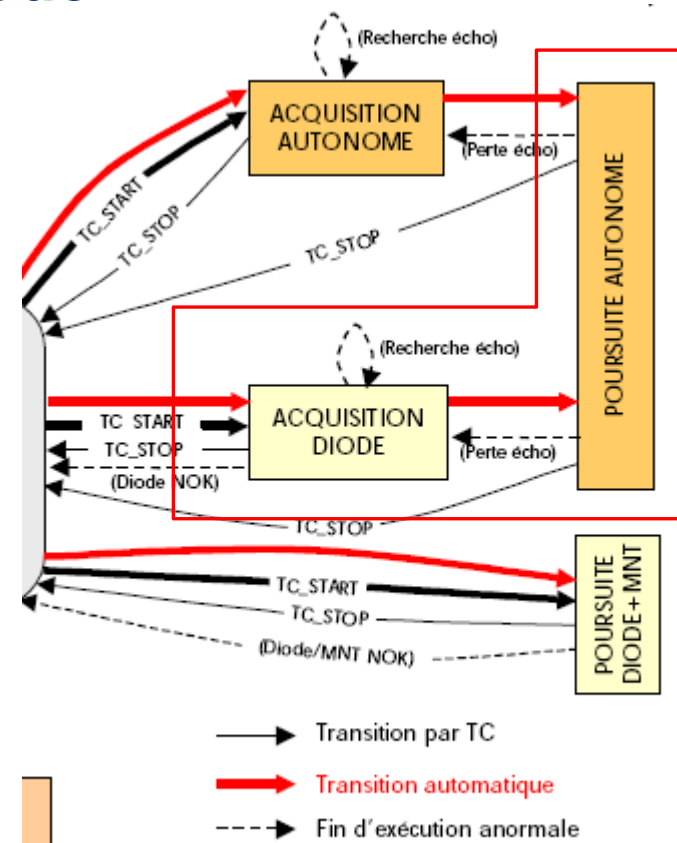
- Quiet similar to the autonomous mode

- ◆ The Tracking is the same with selectable Tracking Algorithm
- ◆ The Acquisition is faster

- Satellite Altitude Information -> reduce the search altitude range
- Limiting the range from 30km to 5km -> 1s gain -> 6km of extra surfaces measured

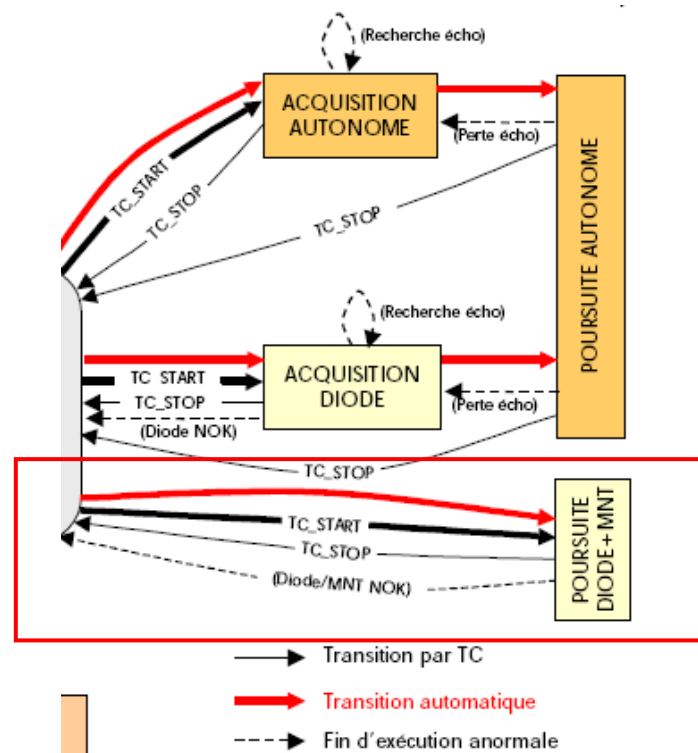
- This mode is particularly useful to get elevation data over small water area and for land/ocean transitions

- This mode is the current POS3 mode (with Median Algorithm)



## Diode/MNT coupling Mode

- This mode is the much more innovative mode.
  - There is no more acquisition phase
  - The tracking loop is an open loop using a pseudo Digital Elevation Model
- ◆ -> NOT SENSITIVE TO THE ECHO SHAPE AND LAND BACKSCATTER CONTAMINATION





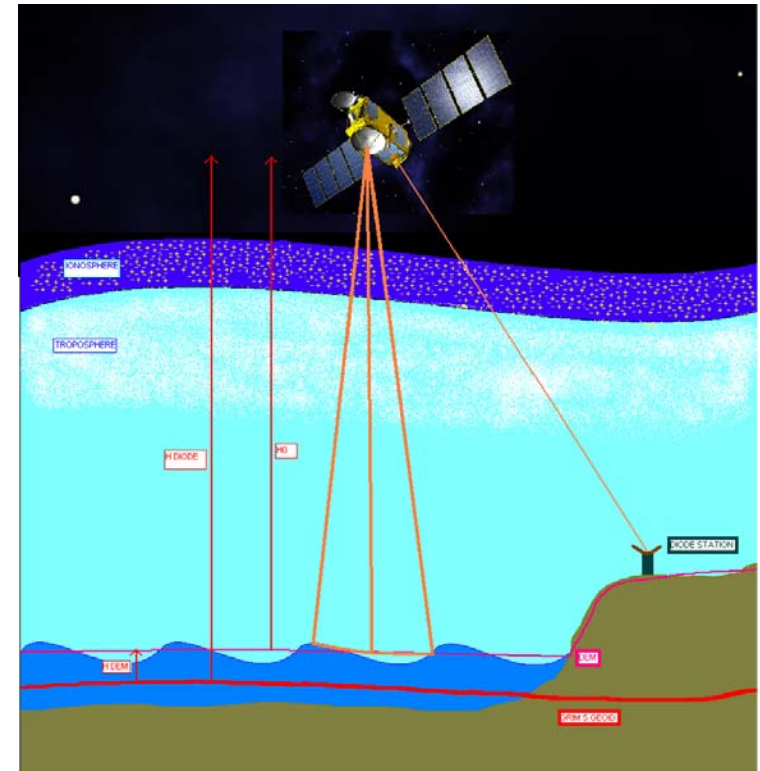
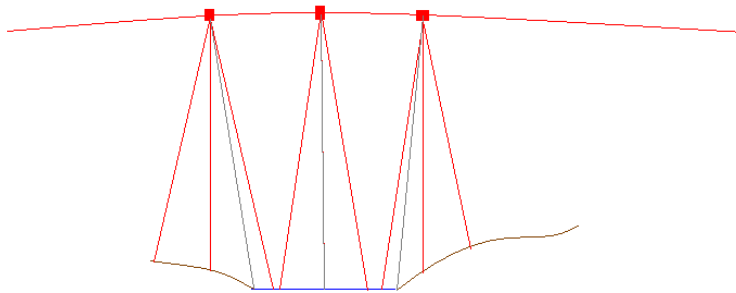
## Diode/MNT coupling Mode

Diode provides the position of the satellite on the orbit

The sea surface height is given by the pseudo DEM (DEM=MNT) stored in POS3

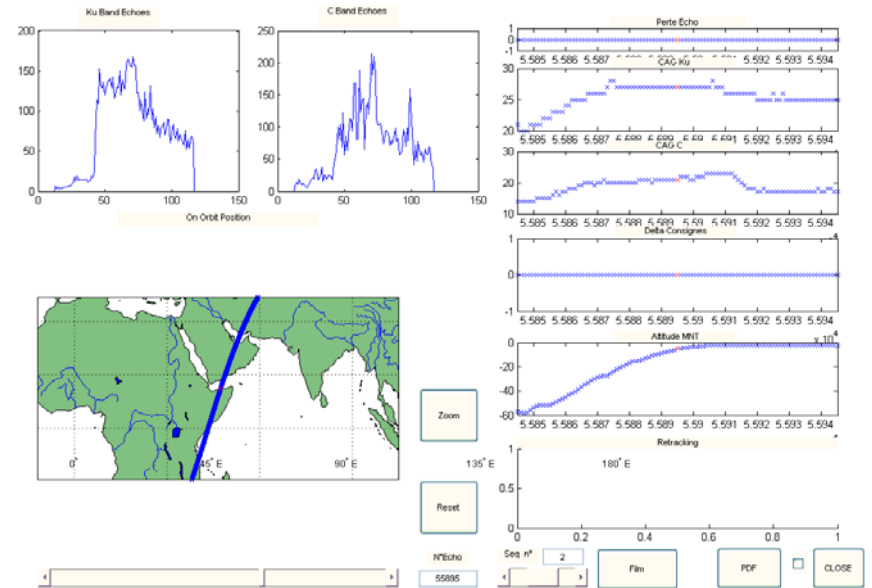
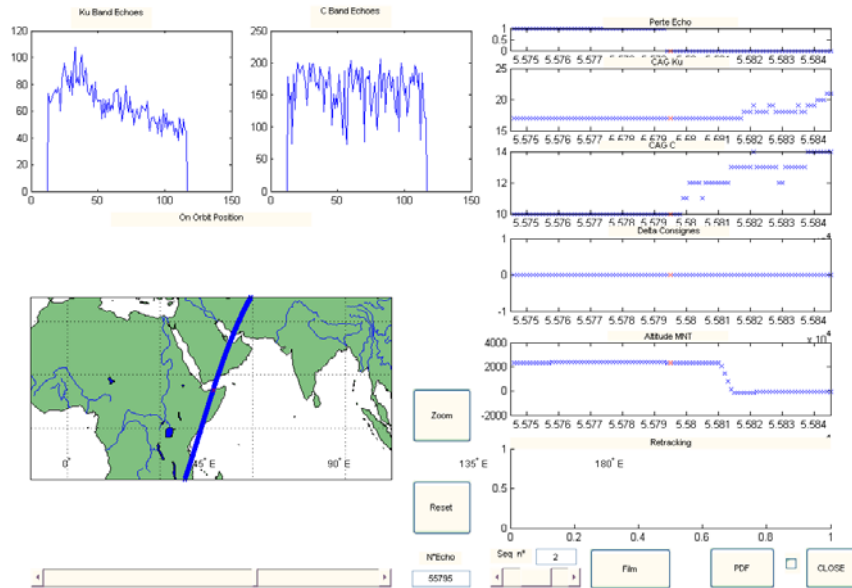
This pseudo DEM is not a model of the surface height but a model of the surface height “as seen by the altimeter”

It includes the ionospheric and tropospheric delays.  
The DEM is optimized to track water.



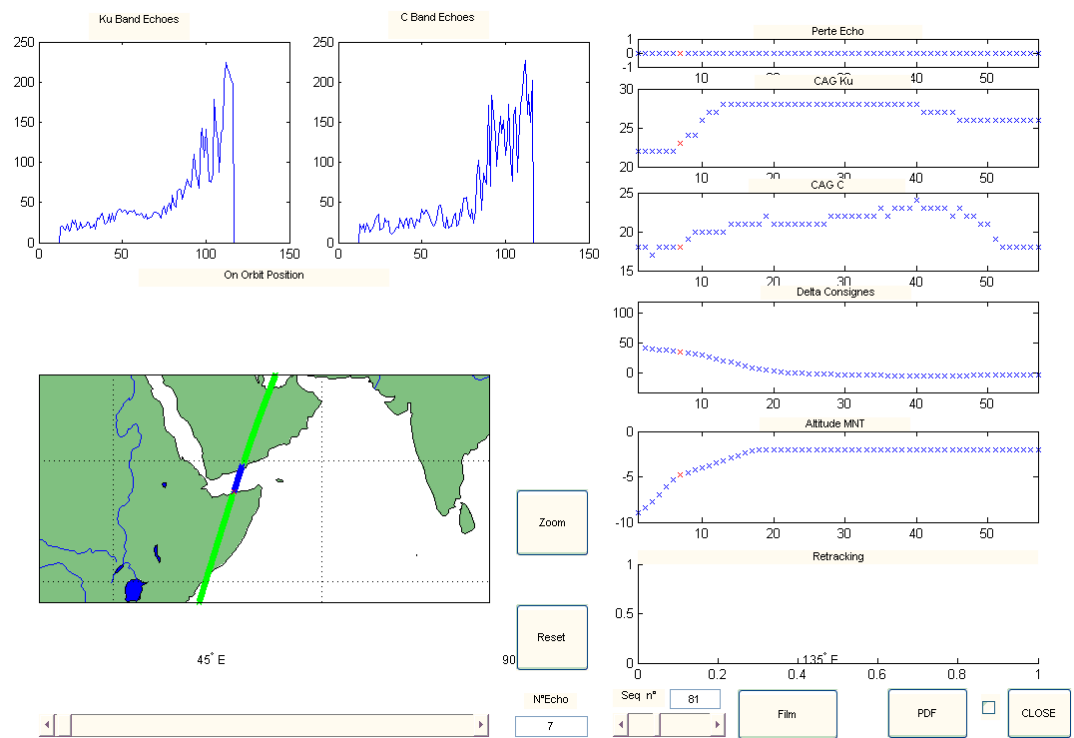


# Diode/MNT coupling Mode



Example on Coastal Area Diode/MNT

# Diode/MNT coupling Mode



Example on Coastal Area Median

# Diode/MNT coupling Mode

## In-Flight Results

**Oceans: Good performances. No impacts on the products wrt autonomous mode (Median)  
->Compliant with system objective**

**Coastal Zones : Good Performances. Better than median tracker**

**Inland Water Areas: Mitigated Results**

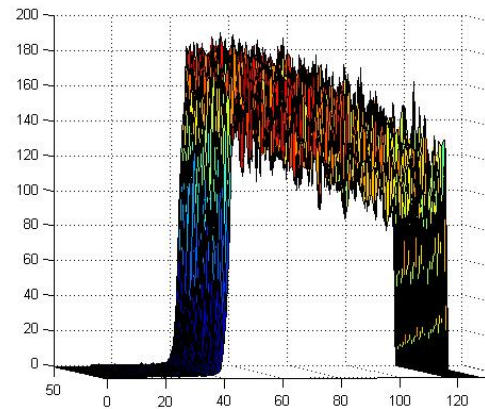
**The range command is correct when the area is in the BD LEGOS (Hydroweb DataBase)**

**The DEM is still in investigation and it would be uploaded taking advantage of JASON2 measurements**

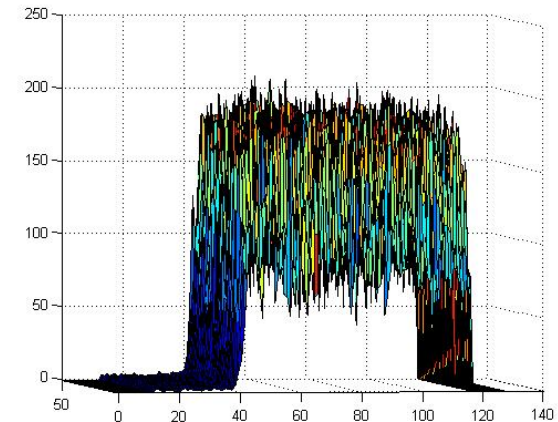
**(use of POS3 Data with Median Tracker to complete the BD LEGOS over Inland Waters)**

## Automatic Gain Loop

- The level of the echoes is stable and in the specified range
- The AGC Loop is very similar to the POS2 AGC Loop with a few differences for new modes



Ku Band Echoes



C Band Echoes

## Automatic Gain Loop

### ■ Autonomous Tracking

- ◆ **SGT Algorithm: POS3 AGC = POS2 AGC**
- ◆ **Median Algorithm: Correction of the quantification error**
  - > makes the AGC command more stable

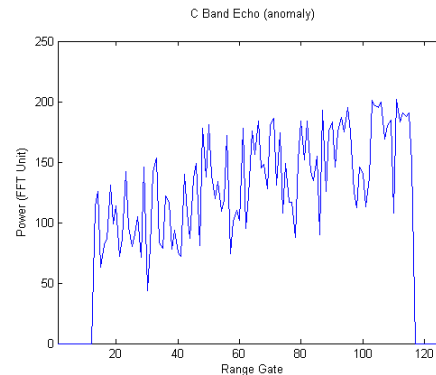
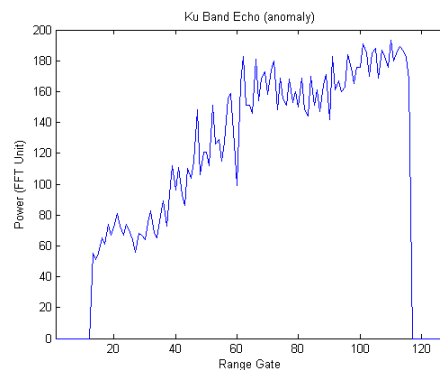
### Diode/MNT

- ◆ **Correction of the quantification error**
- ◆ **Special C Band Coefficient**
  - > makes the AGC command more stable in C Band
- ◆ **Protections (Anti-Glare)**
  - >No impact on Data

## Low Signal Tracking Anomaly

### ■ Observation

- ◆ Tracking of low signal echoes with « Brown like » but « distorted » shape.
- ◆ Range too Short (~-50m of fixed offset)
- ◆ Data Loss <1% for ocean measurements
- ◆ Pb would appeared over hydrological areas but more difficult to detect





## Low Signal Tracking Anomaly

### ■ Analysis

- ◆ Detection Threshold too Sensitive, Makes Possible the Acquisition on Attenuated Replica of the Echo

■ -> Simulations have been performed to confirm the problem and select a new parameters set for Detection Threshold

■ -> Correction would be uploaded soon

## Conclusion

- Poseidon3 Range Accuracy is very good (=POS2, very close from Theory)
  - The stability is excellent (Internal Calibrations)
  - New modes provide better capacity over non oceanic zones and more measurement over coastal zones
- > Global behavior consistent with Pos2 on Jason1 with better data availability (CALVAL)