#### **Comparison of Altimeter-Based Global Mean Sea Level Time Series**

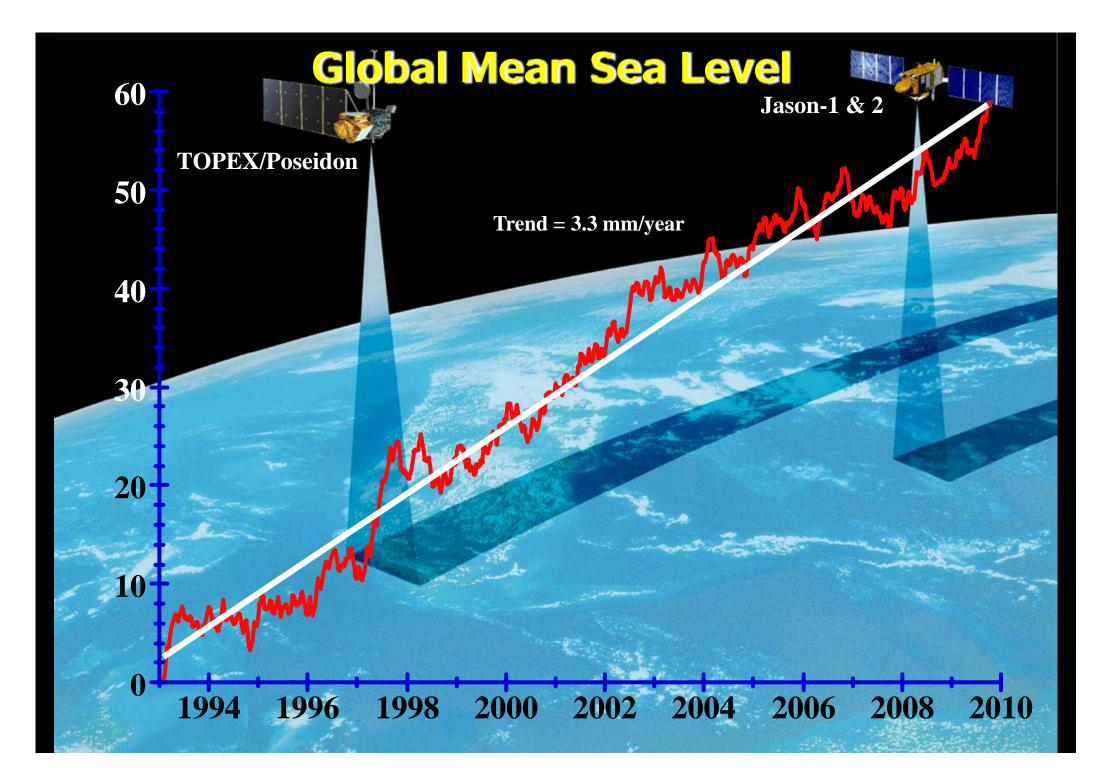
R. Steven Nerem, J. Choe University of Colorado

M. Ablain, CLS

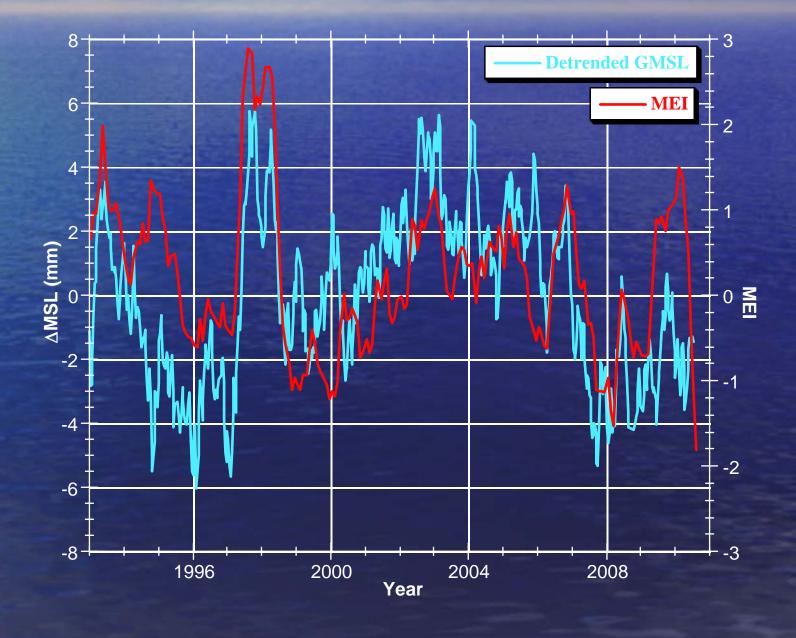
**B. Beckley, NASA/GSFC** 

E, Leuliette, NOAA

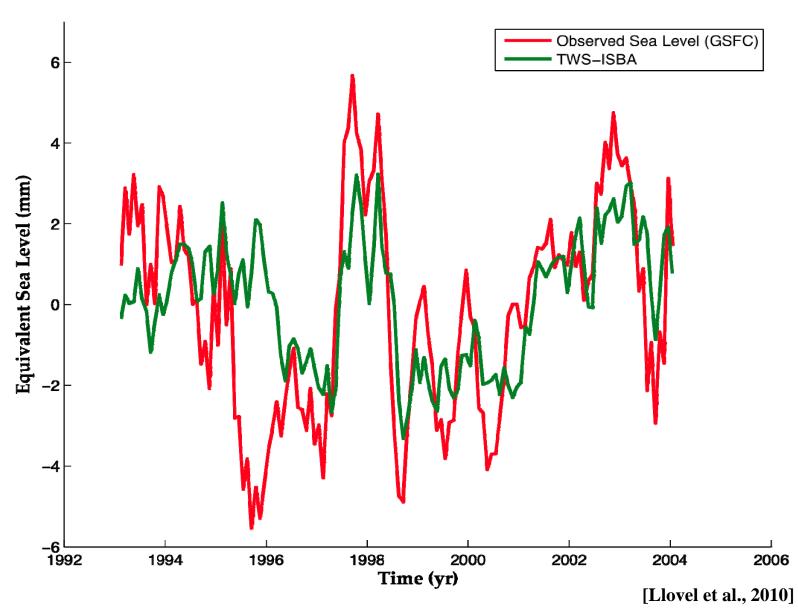
N. White, CSIRO



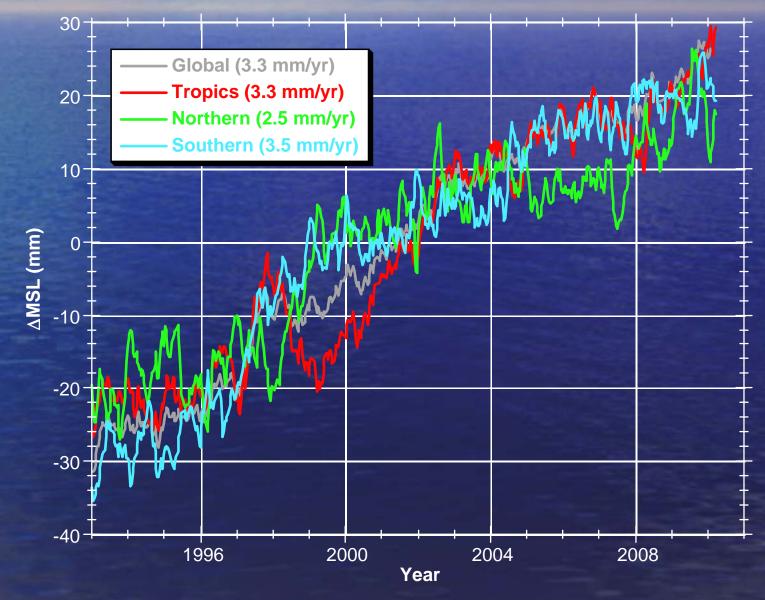
## **Detrended GMSL and MEI**



# Hydrology Model vs Altimeter GMSL



# Mean Sea Level



## **Area-Weighted Contribution to GMSL**



#### **MSL Rates in 10° Latitude Bands** ∆MSL (mm) -60 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 Latitude

#### **IPCC AR5**

- The writing of the next IPCC Climate Assessment (AR5) begins in November 2010 in Kunming, China.
- In addition to an Ocean Observations chapter (Chapter 3), there will be a chapter dedicated to Sea Level Change (Chapter 13).
- Satellite measurements of sea level change (altimetry, GRACE, etc.) will be prominently featured.
- Journal articles must be submitted by July 31, 2012, and must be in press or published by March 15, 2013.

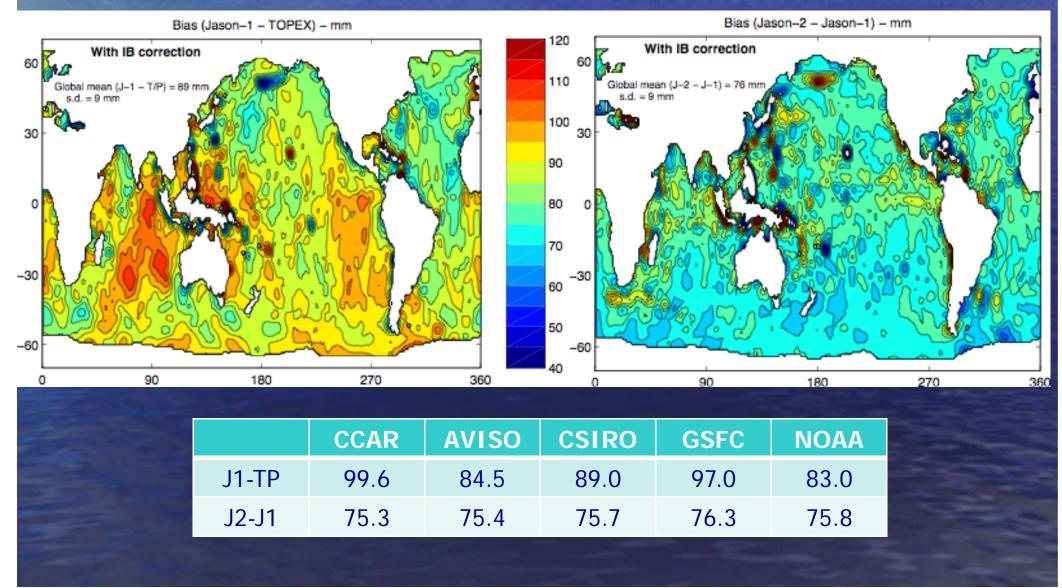
#### **Differences in Solutions**

- Time series examined from AVISO, CCAR, CSIRO, GSFC, and NOAA (almost all publicly available)
- Some solutions average the along-track data (CCAR, GSFC) while others compute averages from a gridded field (AVISO, CSIRO, NOAA)
- Significant differences in SSB models, orbit solutions & reference frames, data editing, depth mask, and intermission biases.
- 60-day smoothing applied (e.g. issues of Center-of-Gravity corrections and tide models are left to another session!).
- Standard deviation of the GMSL differences is ~2.5-3 mm, ~1.3-2 mm after 60-day smoothing is applied.

#### **Inter-mission Biases**

#### **Jason-1 minus TOPEX**

#### Jason-2 minus Jason-1



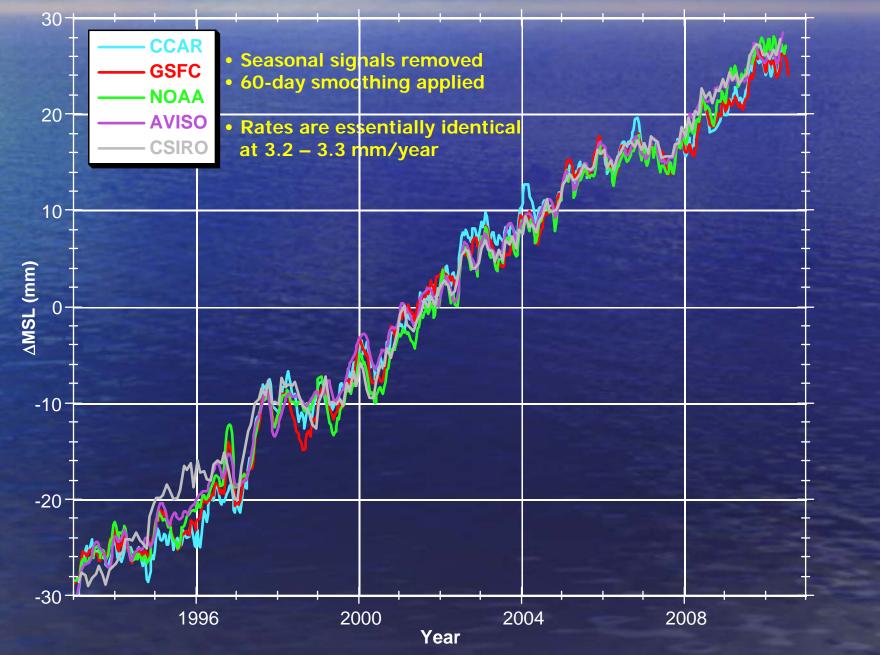
## **Seasonal Variations in GMSL**

Group	Annual (mm)	Annual (degrees)	Semi-Annual (mm)	Semi-Annual (degrees)
AVISO	6.4	299	1.7	236
CCAR	4.7	284	1.6	208
CSIRO	5.3	288	1.6	231
GSFC	4.0	287	1.9	199
NOAA	5.7	299	1.6	226

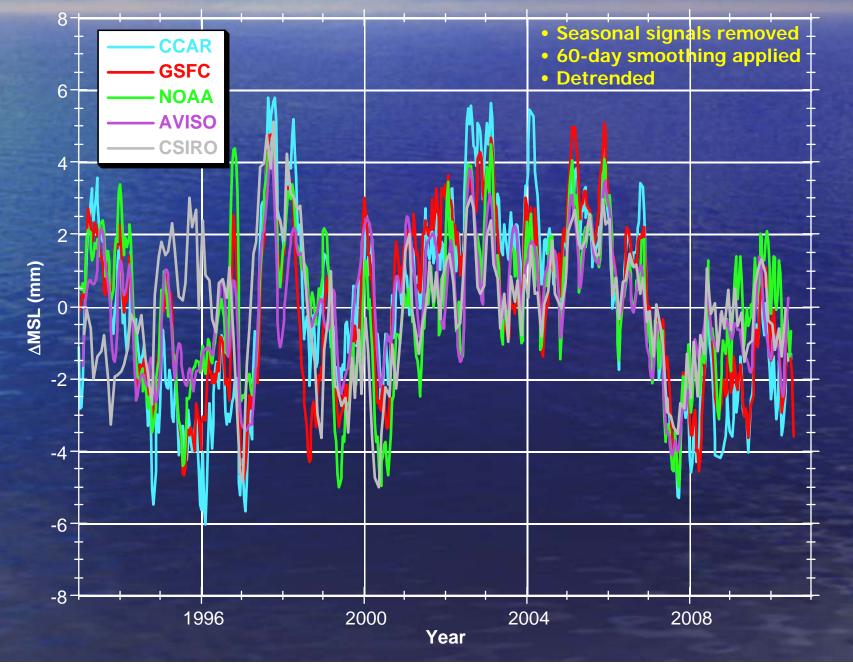
## **Effect of Depth Mask on Seasonal Variations**

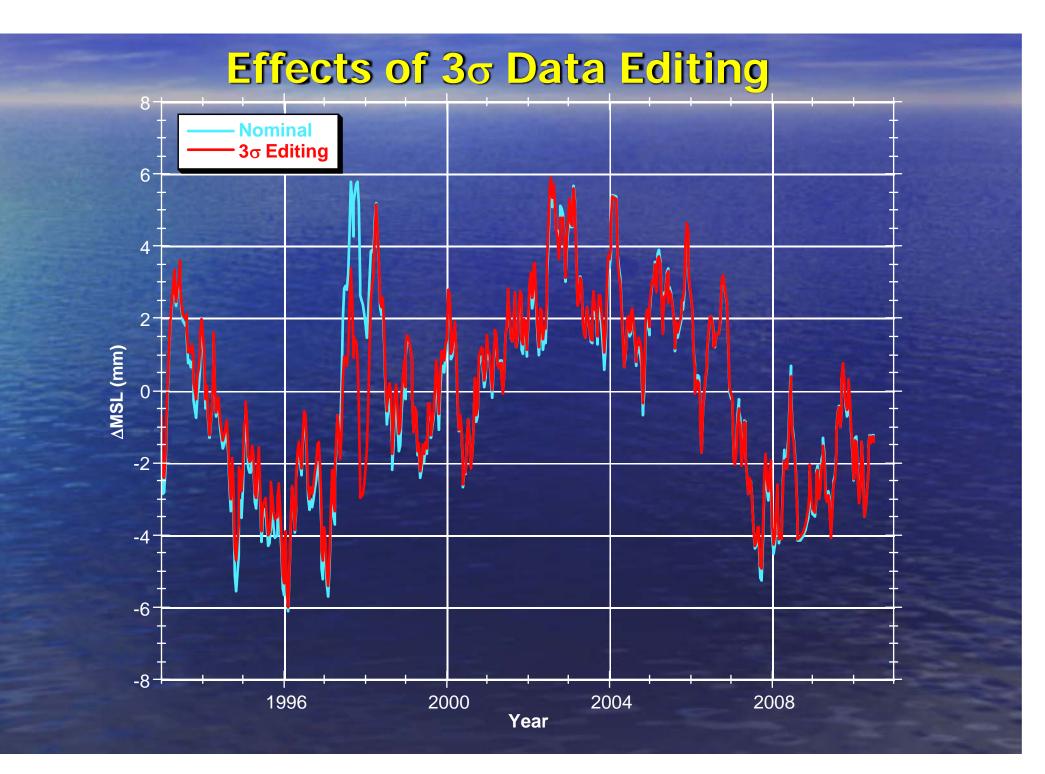
Depth Mask (m)	Annual (mm)	Annual (degrees)	Semi-Annual (mm)	Semi-Annual (degrees)
0	5.5	293	1.6	217
120	4.7	284	1.6	208
200	4.7	283	1.6	196

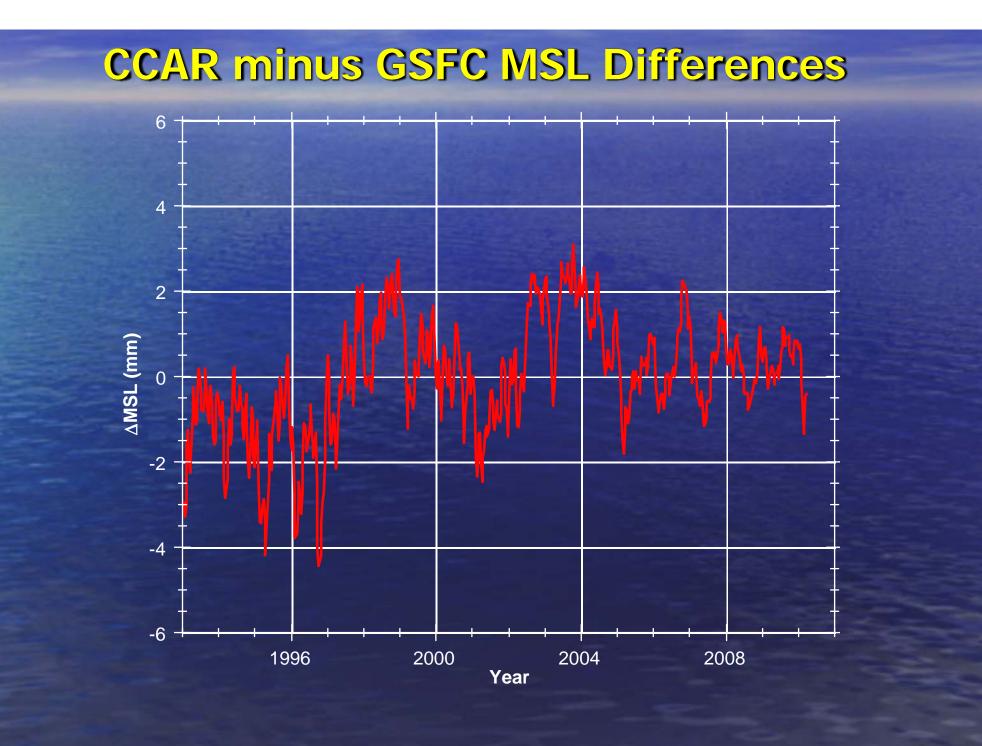
#### **Global Mean Sea Level Variations**



#### **Detrended GMSL Variations**



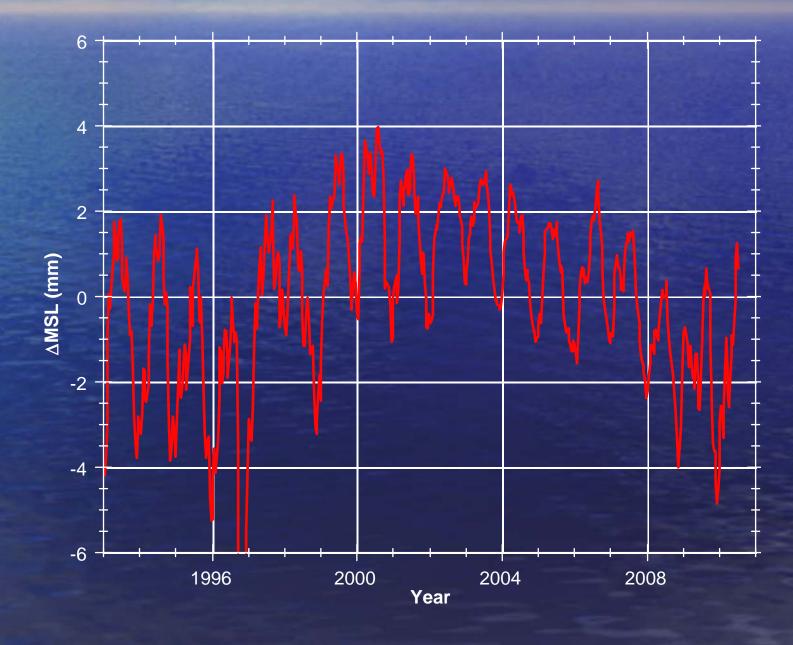




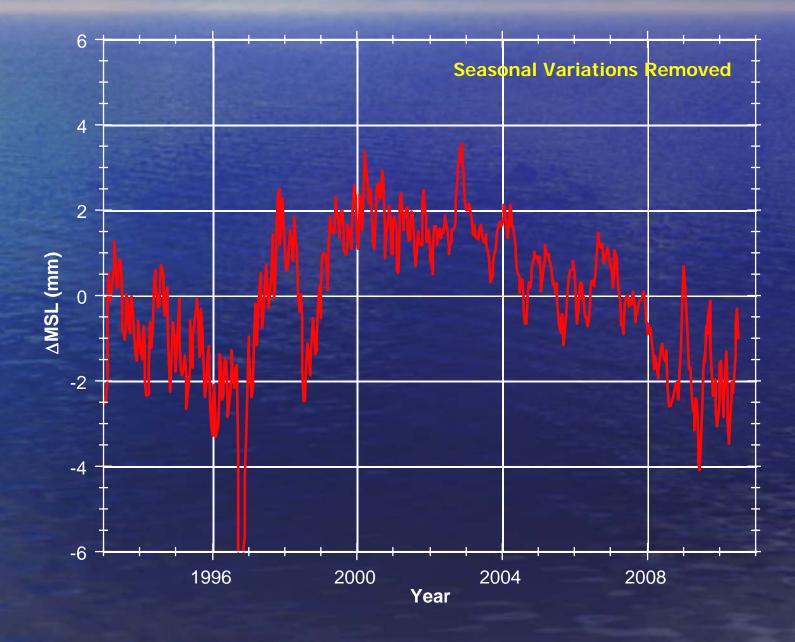
#### **Orbit and Reference Frame Effects**

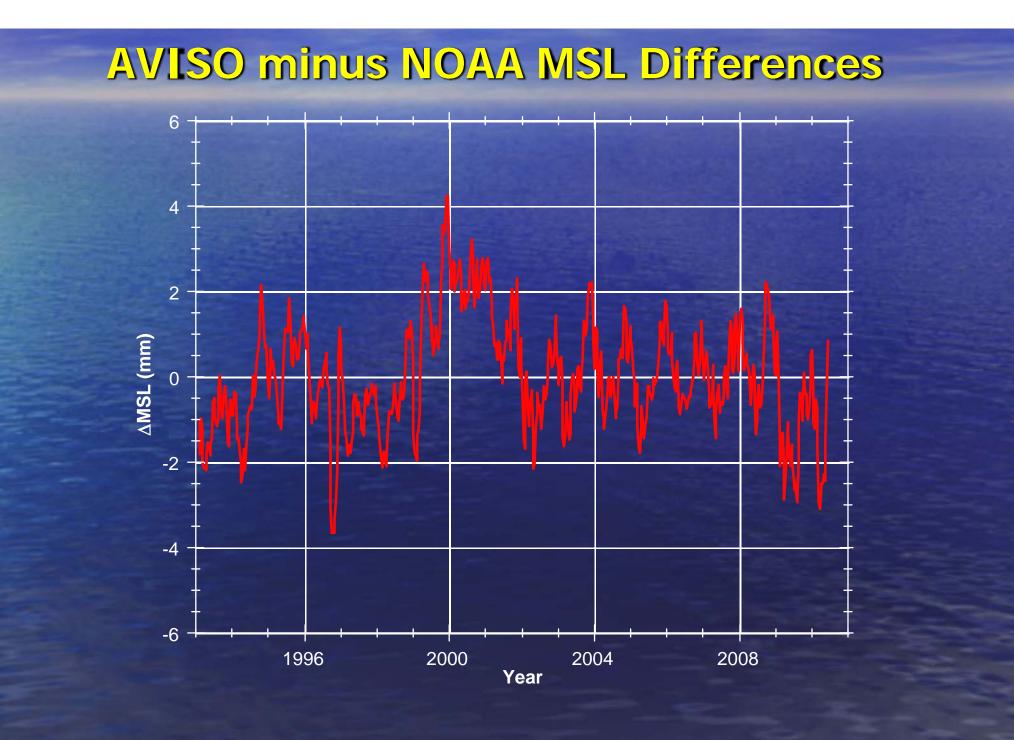
TX+J1TOPEXJason-1anntrend rmsanntrend rmsanntrend rmsGGM02C/ITRF20005.672.973.575.812.892.975.831.993.52GGM02C/ITRF20055.682.973.405.832.822.985.802.143.26CNES EIGEN-GL04C5.652.873.415.792.822.985.632.363.63GSFC GDR-C Prime5.702.933.345.842.832.985.742.363.43

## **CCAR minus NOAA MSL Differences**

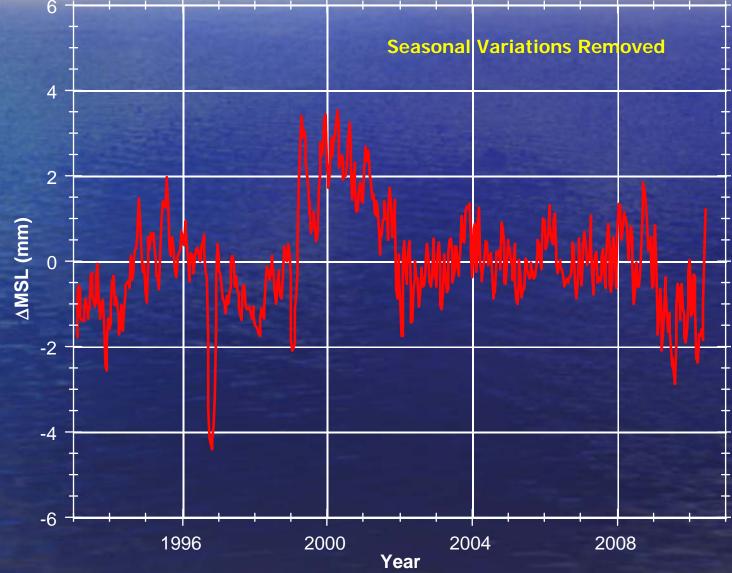


## **CCAR minus NOAA MSL Differences**

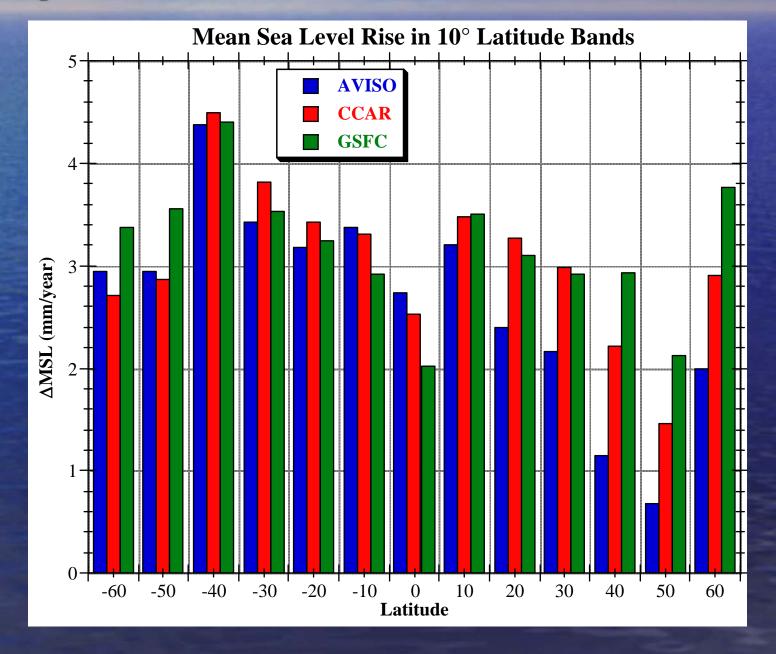




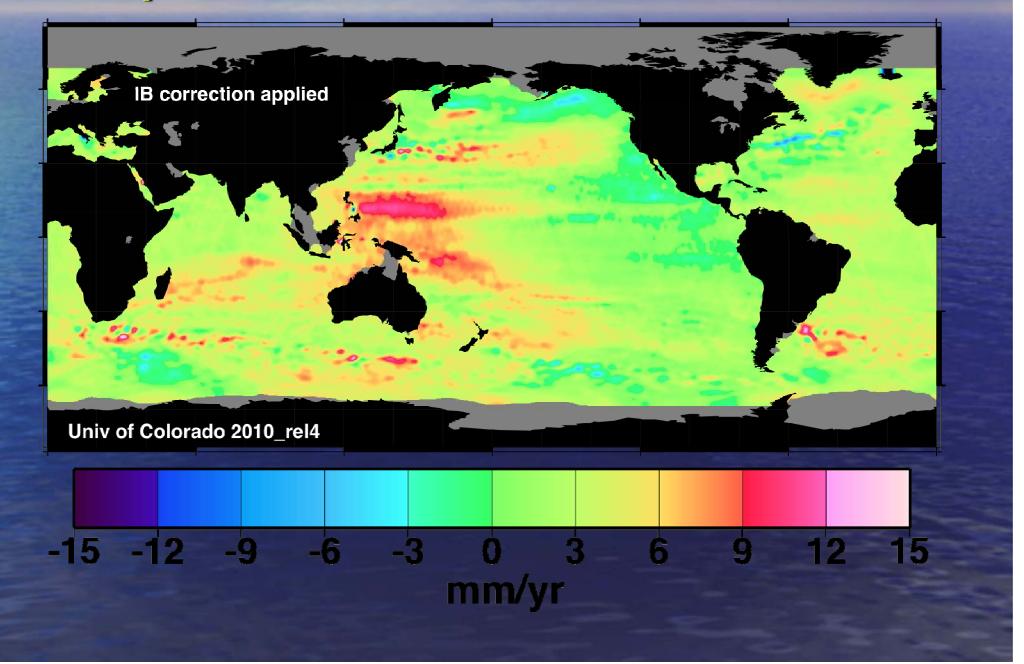
## **AVISO minus NOAA MSL Differences**



## **Spatial Variations in Sea Level Rise**



## **Spatial Variations in Sea Level Rise**



#### Summary

- In general, GMSL time series produced by different groups compare very well, though important differences still remain, especially for interannual variations.
- Future efforts should also focus the spatial differences of the observed sea level change, in addition to the GMSL differences.
- The public availability of the different time series serves the OSTST well, and also provides a method for identifying subtleties in the different analyses.

Final Note: The OSTST should try to submit their publications on mean sea level change and related matters by July 31, 2012 (published by March 15, 2013).