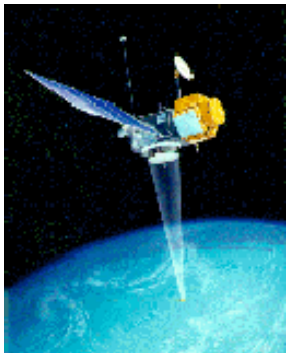


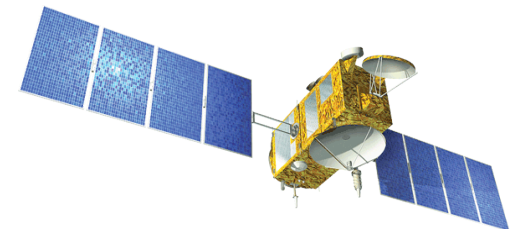


POD Calibration and Validation of the Precise Orbits for OSTM and Extending the TOPEX, Jason-1, and Jason-2 Climate Data Record

F.G. Lemoine, N.P. Zelensky, D.D. Rowlands, S.B. Luthcke, T. Pennington, D.S. Chinn, B.D. Beckley, M. Ziebart, P. Willis, V. Luceri, S. Melachroinos



OSTST 2010 POD Splinter
Lisbon, Portugal
October 18-20, 2010





Meeting the OCEANOBS 2009 altimetry accuracy goal of 0.3 mm/yr in global mean sea level accuracy

Orbit accuracy goals from OCEANOBS 2009 Plenary Paper (Cazenave et al., 2009) :

- 1) Radial orbit accuracy to 1-cm or better
- 2) Mean radial drift over water 0.05 mm/y to 0.1 mm/y which is primarily due to the TRF *.
- 3) Other errors assumed sufficiently random and will not cause any appreciable sub-mm/y drift in orbit when averaged over time

* TRF stable 0.5 mm/y to 1 mm/y with about 10% erroneous effect on orbit radial drift over water.



Improving TP, J1, and J2 SLR/DORIS orbits with ITRF2008

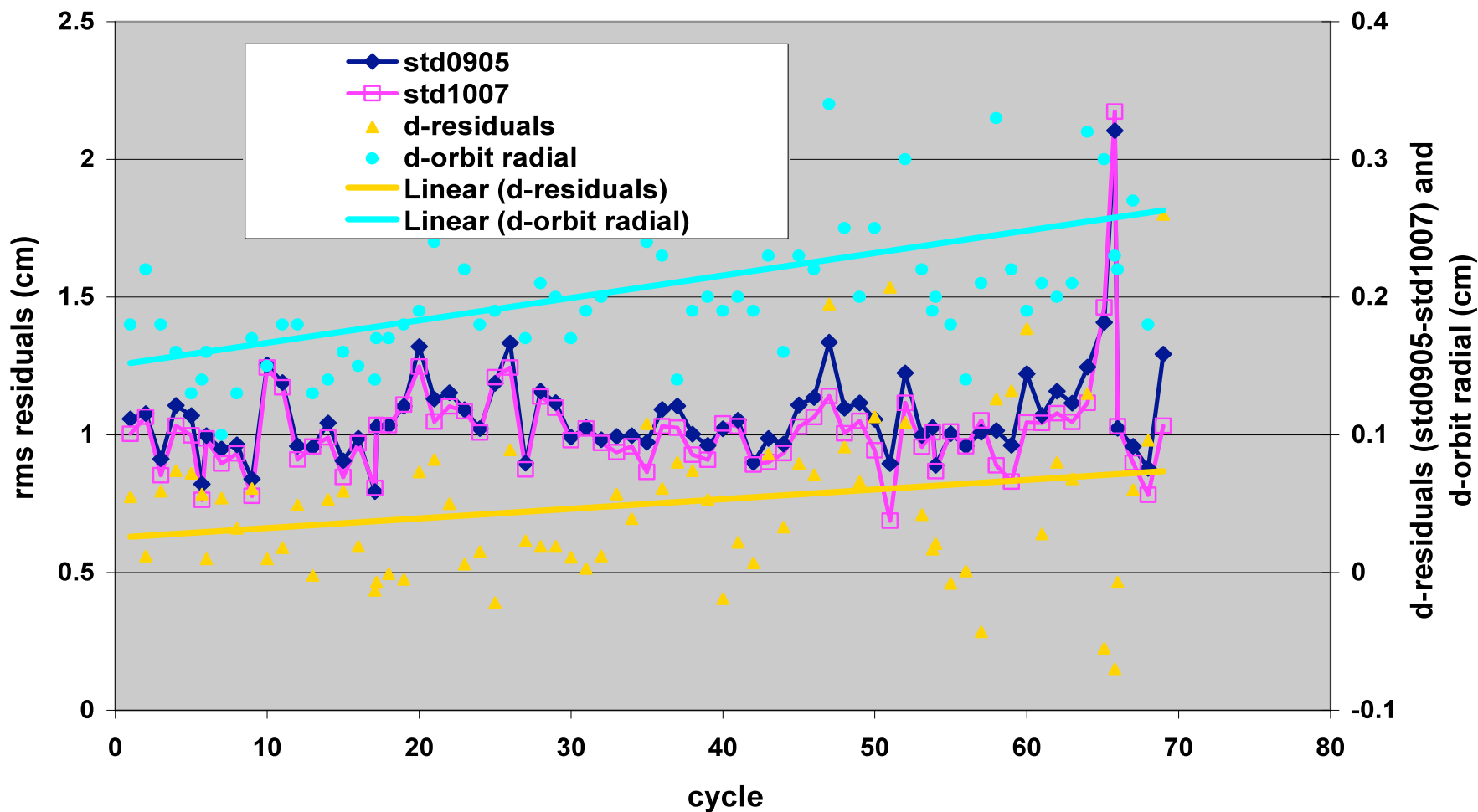
Evaluate ITRF2008 SLR/DORIS orbit performance for TP, J1, J2 ¹				
Mission	dynamic orbit test	average RMS tracking data residuals		
		DORIS (mm/s)	SLR (cm)	Crossover (cm) (independent)
TP cycles 1-446 xover: 30 cycles	std0905 (itrf2005)	0.4989	1.751	5.482
	std1007 (itrf2008)	0.4985	1.663	5.477
J1 cycles 1-259	std0905 (itrf2005)	0.3857	1.076	5.460
	std1007 (itrf2008)	0.3851	1.055	5.457
J2 cycles 1-75 xover cycles 1-52	std0905 (itrf2005)	0.3618	1.095	5.564
	std1007 (itrf2008)	0.3609	1.032	5.550

1) 1.5 cm radial accuracies have been achieved with the dynamic TP std0905 (itrf2005) orbits (Lemoine et al. 2010 , ASR, Towards development of a consistent orbit series for TOPEX, Jason-1, and Jason-2)



ITRF2005 degrades as we move into the future away from its solution span

J2 SLR residuals and radial orbit differences / cycle
(positive d-residuals imply improvement for std1007 (itrf2008))





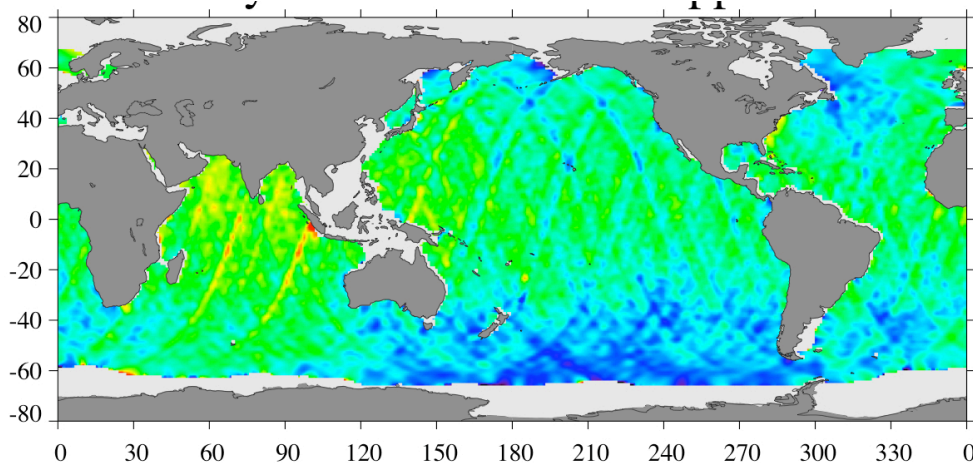
Jason-2 reduced-dynamic orbits have achieved 1-cm accuracy, the dynamic are close

Evaluate Jason-2 orbit performance over cycles 1-50 (48)			
test orbit (residuals computed over same itr2005 complement for each test orbit)	average RMS tracking data residuals		
	DORIS (mm/s) itr2005	SLR (cm) itr2005	Crossover (cm) (independent)
gdrc (itr2005-based)	0.3738	1.135	5.578
std0905 dynamic (itr2005)	0.3738	1.148	5.551
std1007 dynamic (itr2008)	0.3759	1.188	5.541
std0905 red-dyn (itr2005) ¹	0.3730	1.106	5.500
std1007 red-dyn (itr2008)	0.3751	1.153	5.484
jpl gps09a ²	0.3736	1.265	5.439
jpl gps10a	0.3758	1.243	5.412
<p>1) the std0905 reduced-dynamic orbits have achieved 1-cm accuracies (Zelensky et al. 2010 , ASR DORIS special issue)</p> <p>2) the JPL GPS reduced-dynamic orbits have surpassed 1-cm accuracy (Bertiger et al., 2010. Marine Geodesy Jason-2 special issue)</p>			

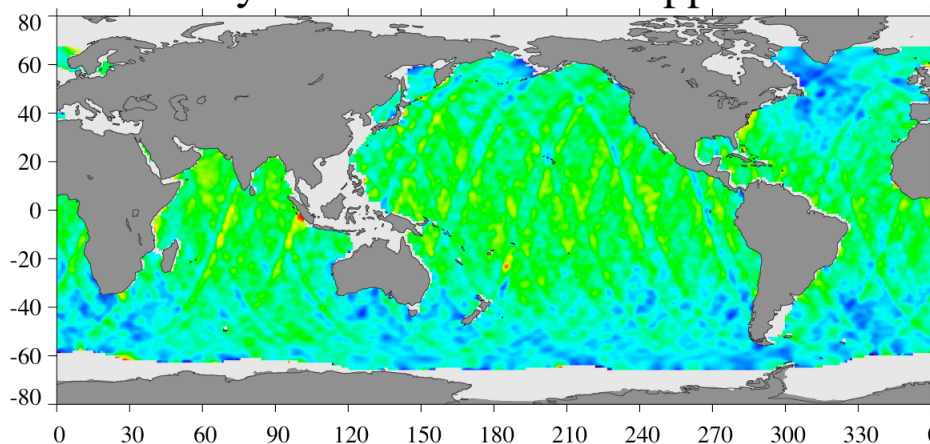
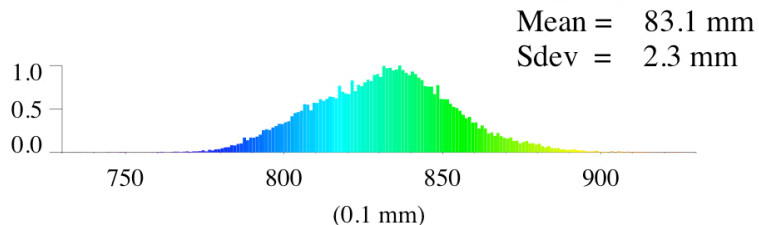


Orbit Consistency -vs- Accuracy

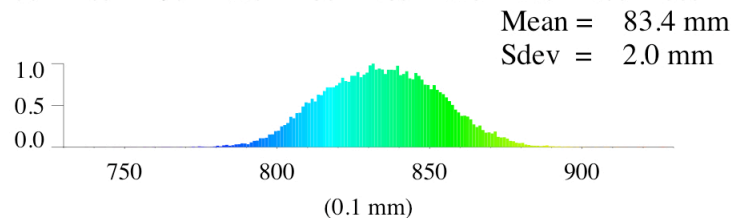
Jason2 - Jason1 Mean SSH cycles 1-20 (itrf2008 orbits, no corrections)



J2 reduced_dynamic -
J1 dynamic orbits



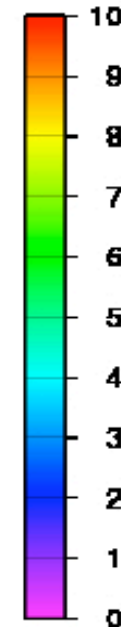
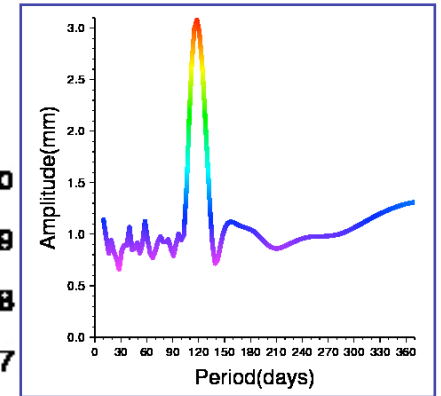
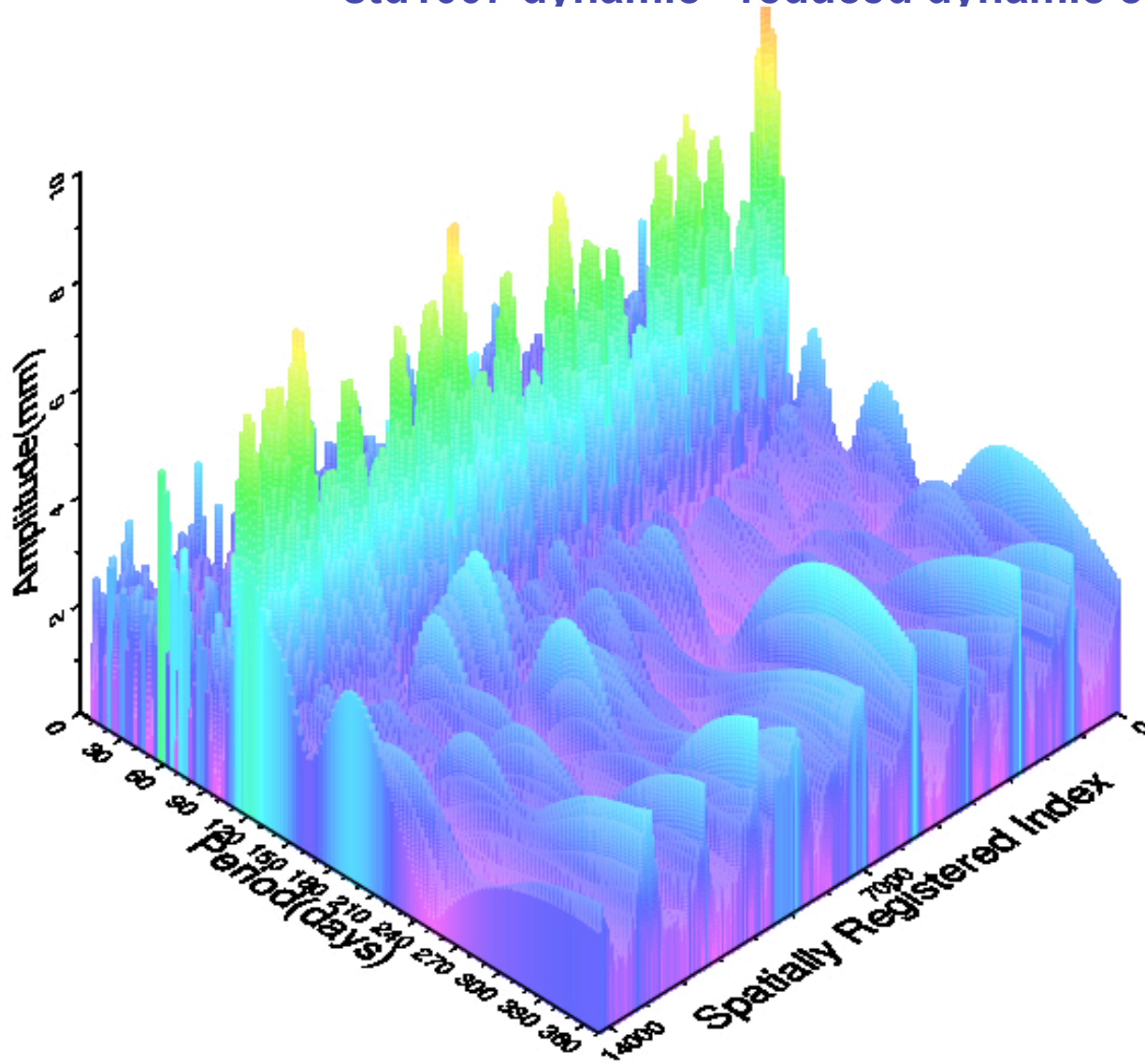
J2 dynamic -
J1 dynamic orbits





Remaining force model errors in J2 dynamic orbits

periodogram radial differences sampled over geographic points
std1007 dynamic - reduced dynamic cycles 1-75

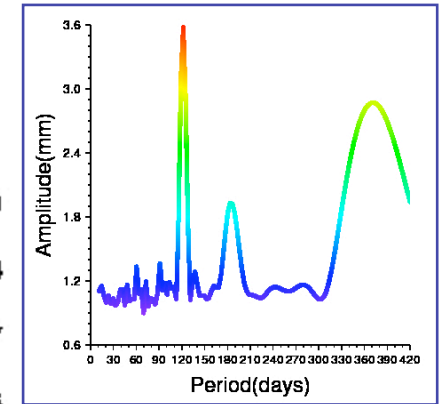
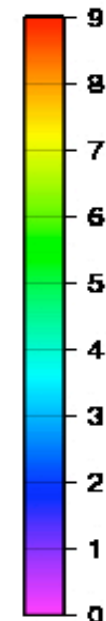
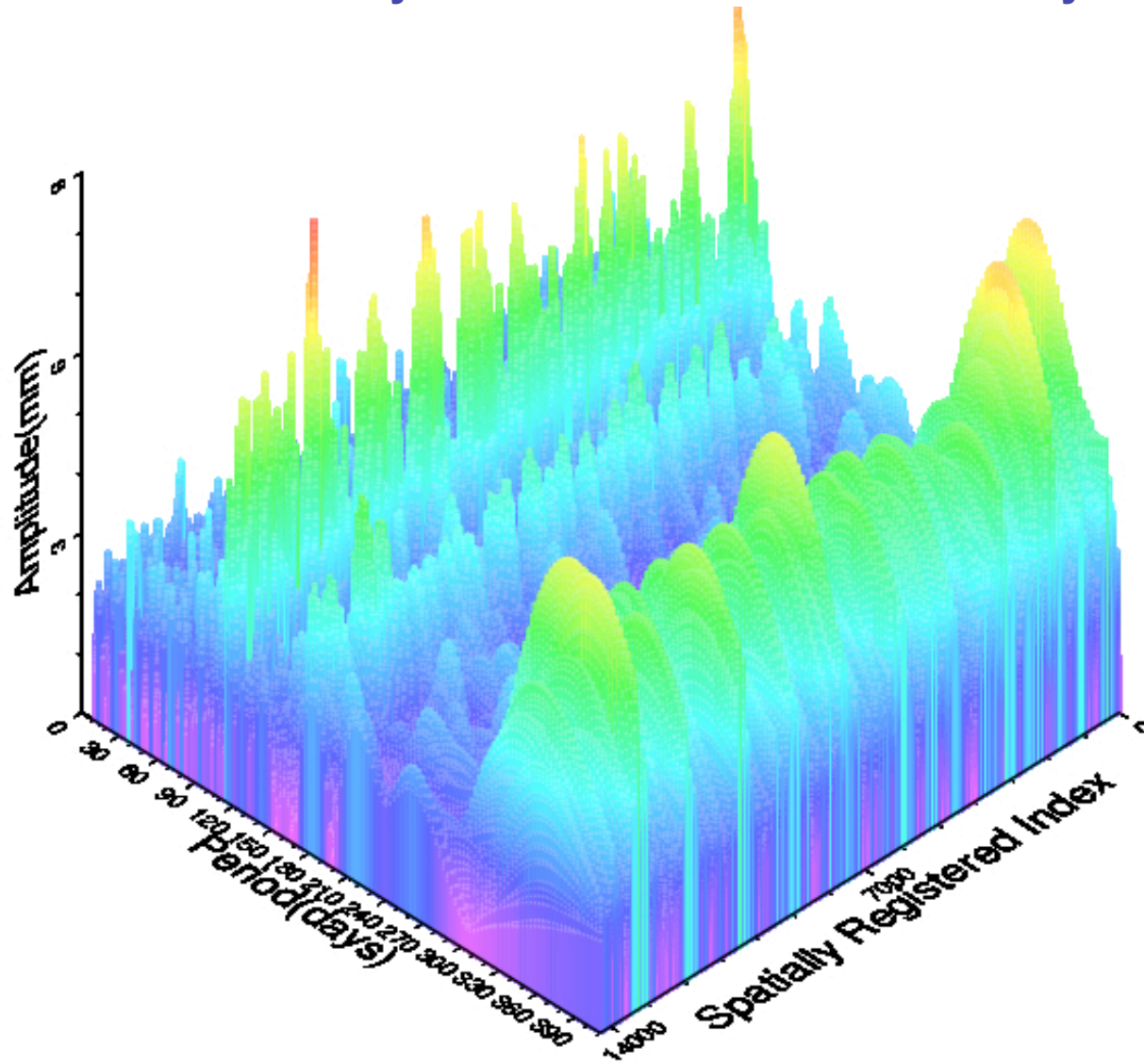


period (days)	peak (mm)
118	3



Remaining force model errors in J1 dynamic orbits

periodogram radial differences sampled over geographic points
 GDRC dynamic - JPL GPS 7a reduced dynamic cycles 11-169

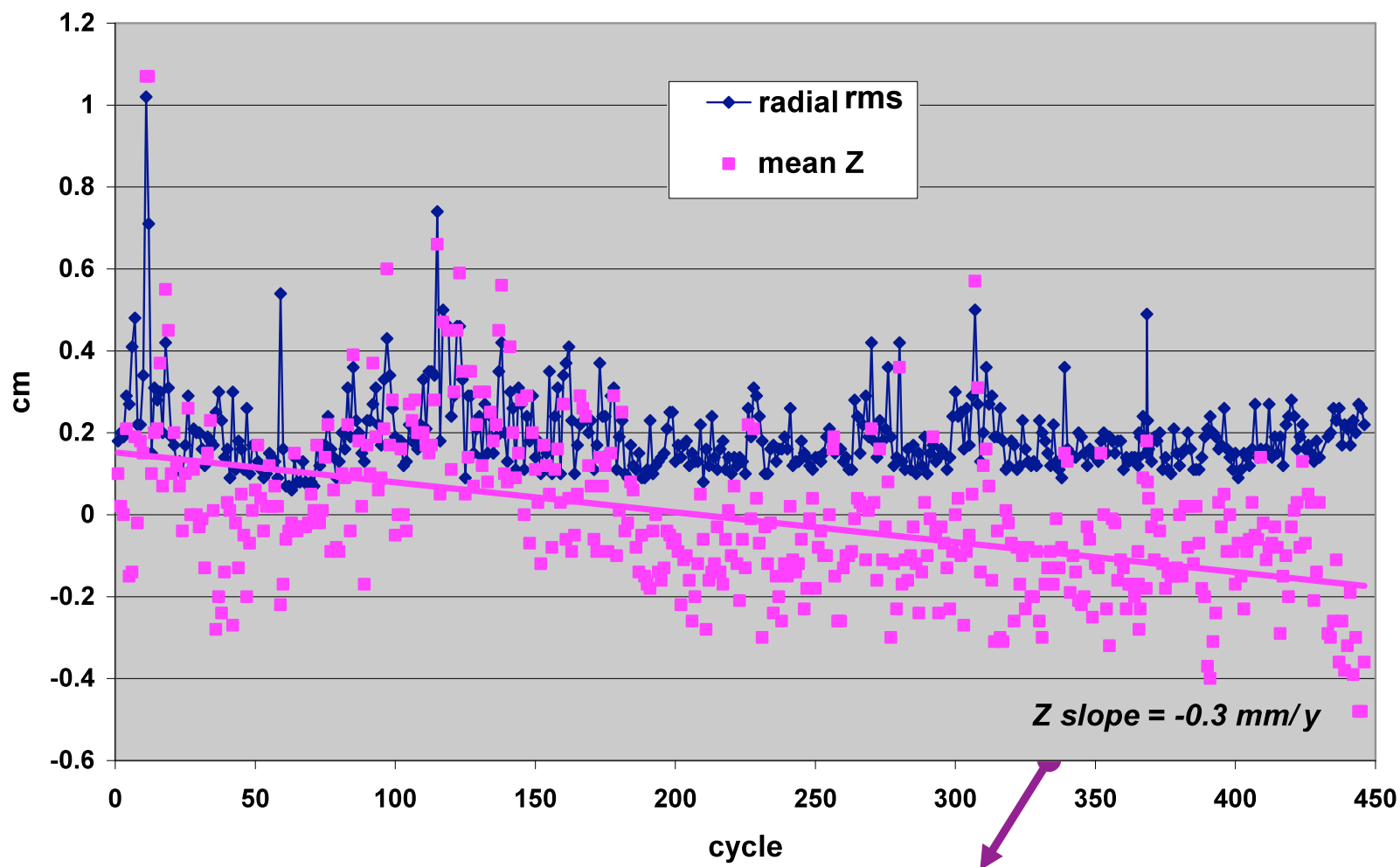


period (days)	peak (mm)
118	3.6
180	1.8
365	2.8



Sources of orbit instability - TRF realization ITRF2005 - ITRF2008

TP std0905 (itrf2005) - std1007 (itrf2008) SLR+DORIS orbit differences

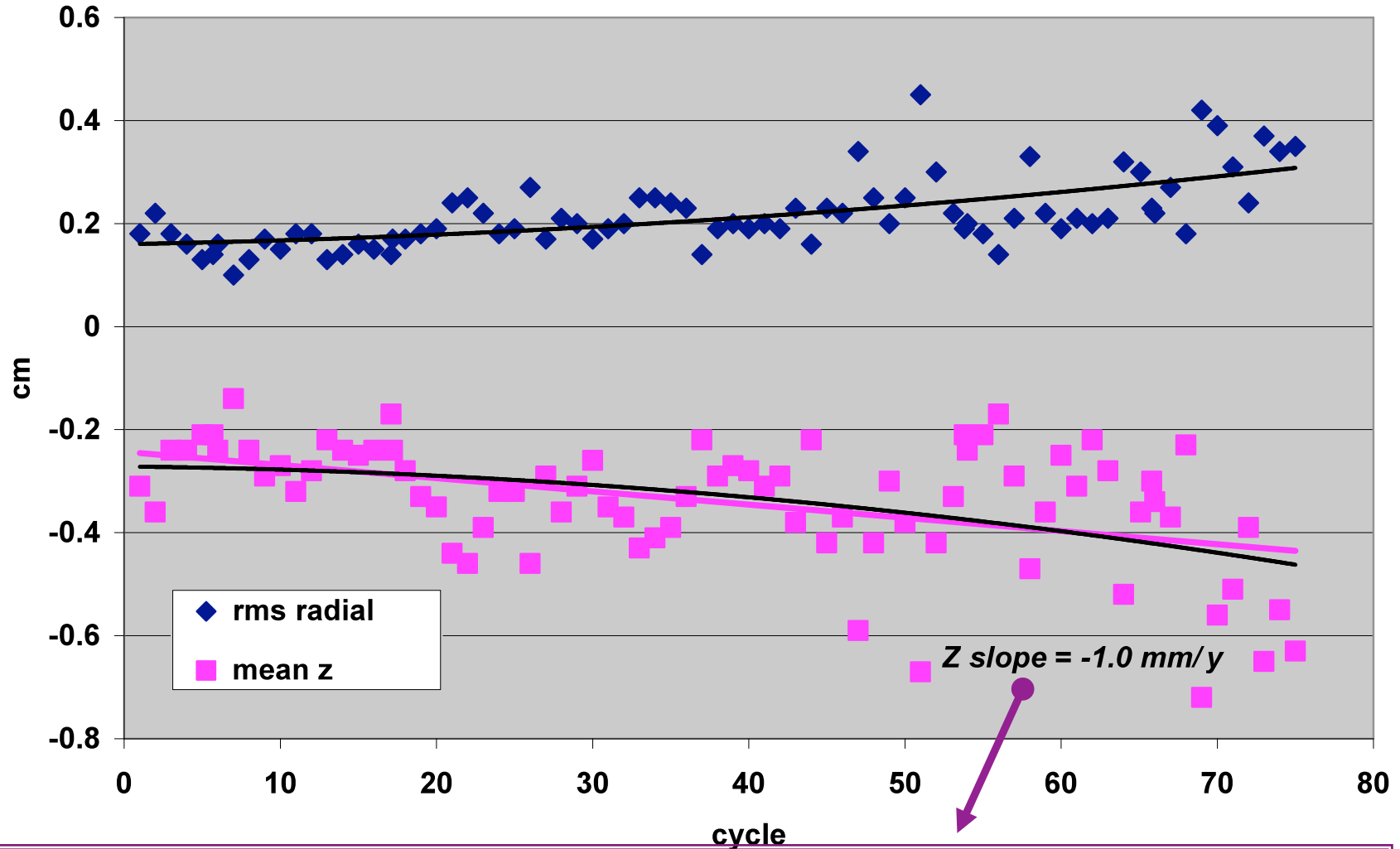


Implies mean radial drift over water ~ 0.06 mm/y 1992-2004 (inside itrf2005 solution period)



Sources of orbit instability - TRF realization ITRF2005 - ITRF2008

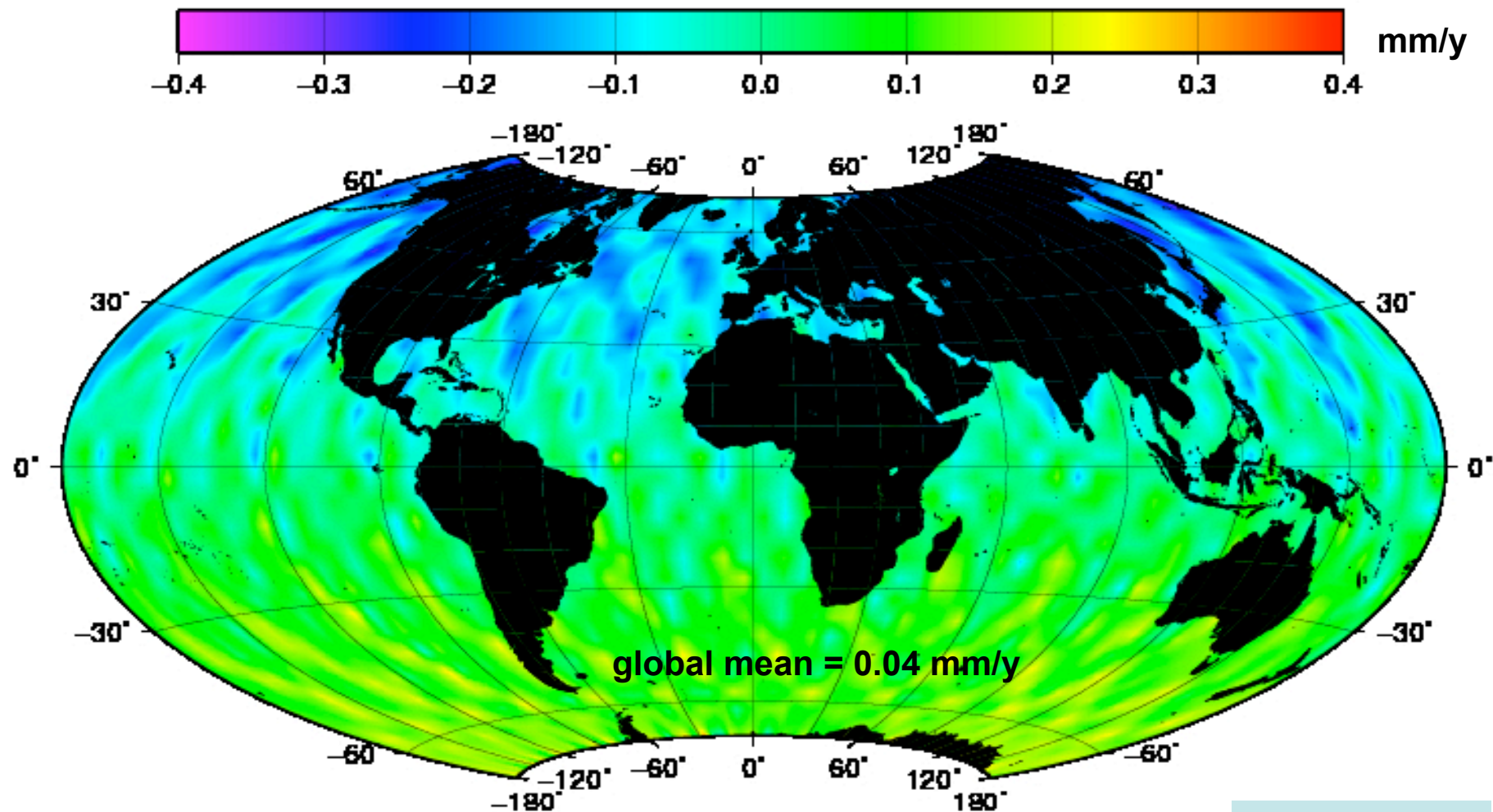
Jason-2 std0905(itrf2005)-std1007(itrf2008) orbit differences



Implies mean radial drift over water ~ 0.2 mm/y 2008-2010 (outside itrf2005 solution period)



Sources of orbit instability - TRF solutions J2 ITRF2008 (IGN) - ITRF2008D (DGFI) estimated radial orbit linear trends, c1-75

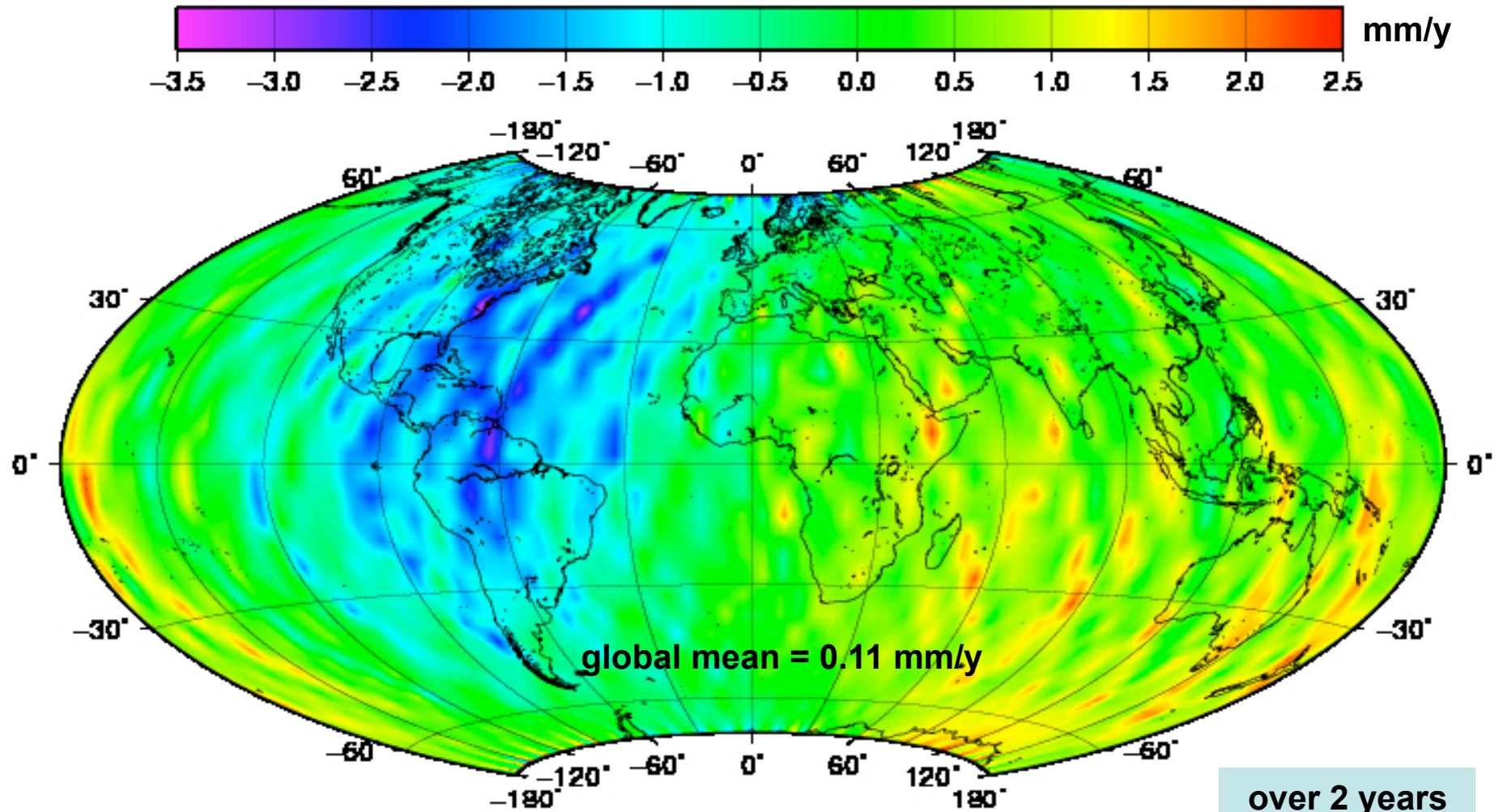


over 2 years



Sources of orbit instability - POD strategy

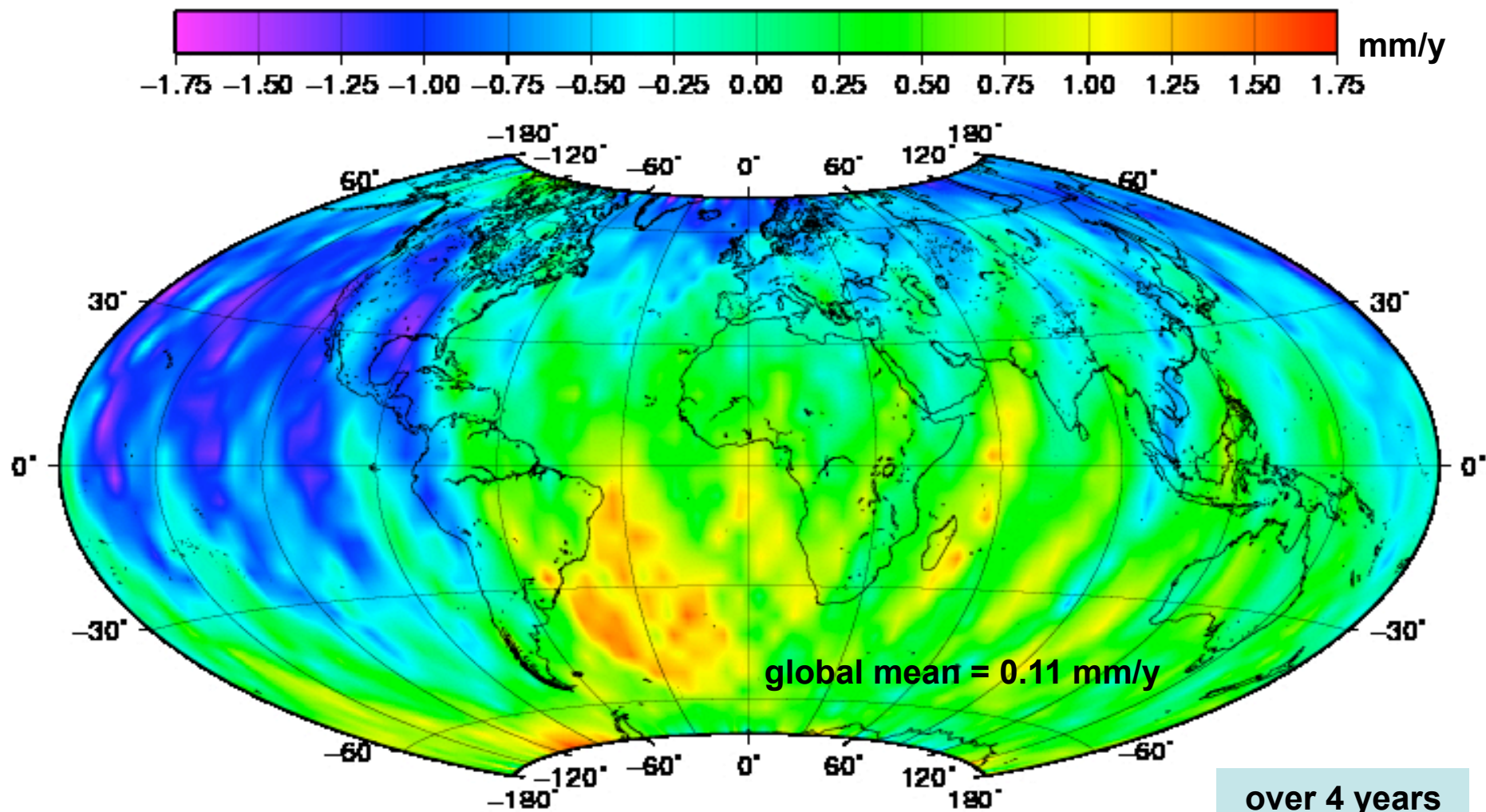
J2 itr2008 dynamic-red_dyn est. radial trends after removing 365d+180d signals
(same results after removing 365d+180d+118d signals)





Sources of orbit instability - POD strategy

J1 GDRC - JPL GPS7a est. radial trends after removing annual+semi-annual signals (same results after removing 365d+180d+118d signals)





Summary

- 1) SLR/DORIS ITRF2008 orbits show improvement over ITRF2005 across TP, J1, and J2 missions.
- 2) *Have we achieved the OCEANOBS09 1-cm orbit goal?* No, not across all missions. We see 1-cm J2 orbits and 1-cm J1 orbits cycles 8-169, however using the most accurate orbits raises the issue of consistency across missions.
- 3) *Have we achieved the OCEANOBS09 0.1 mm/y orbit stability goal?* No. The causes for orbit instability are not well understood and include more than the TRF.



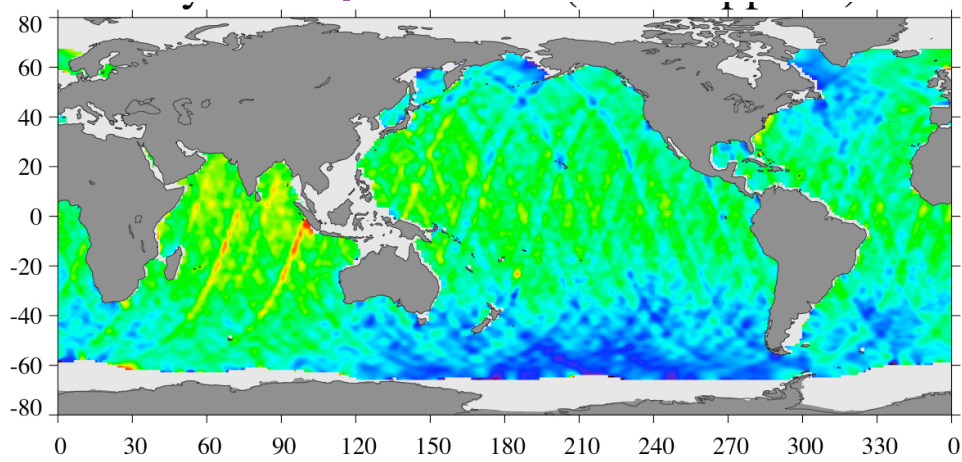
BACKUP



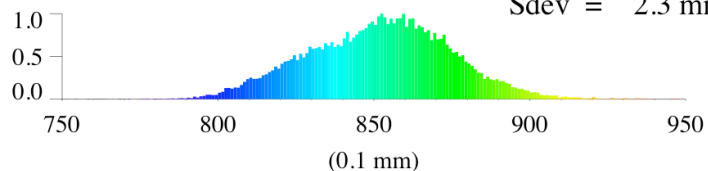


Orbit Consistency -vs- Accuracy

Jason2 - Jason1 Mean SSH cycles 1-20 (itrf2008, no corrections, SSB applied)

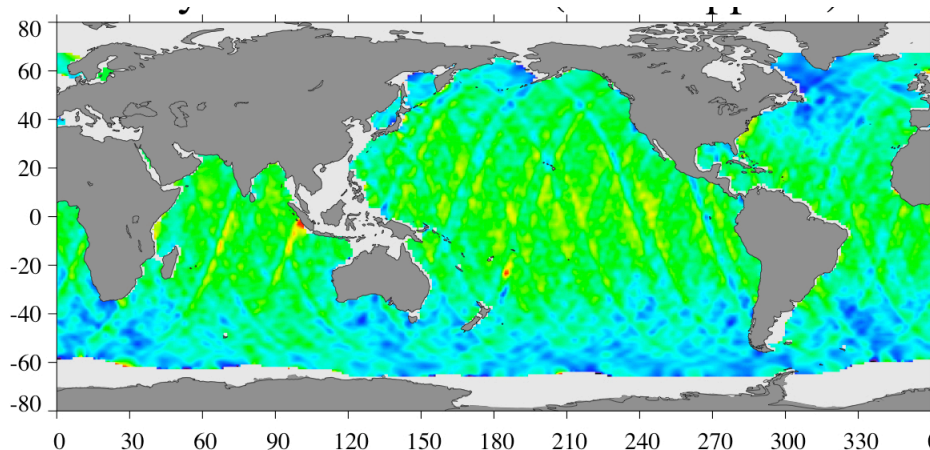


Mean = 85.2 mm
Sdev = 2.3 mm

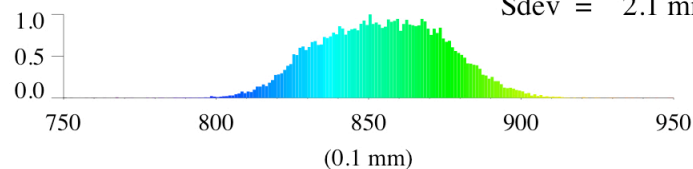


J2 reduced_dynamic -
J1 dynamic orbits

J2 dynamic -
J1 dynamic orbits



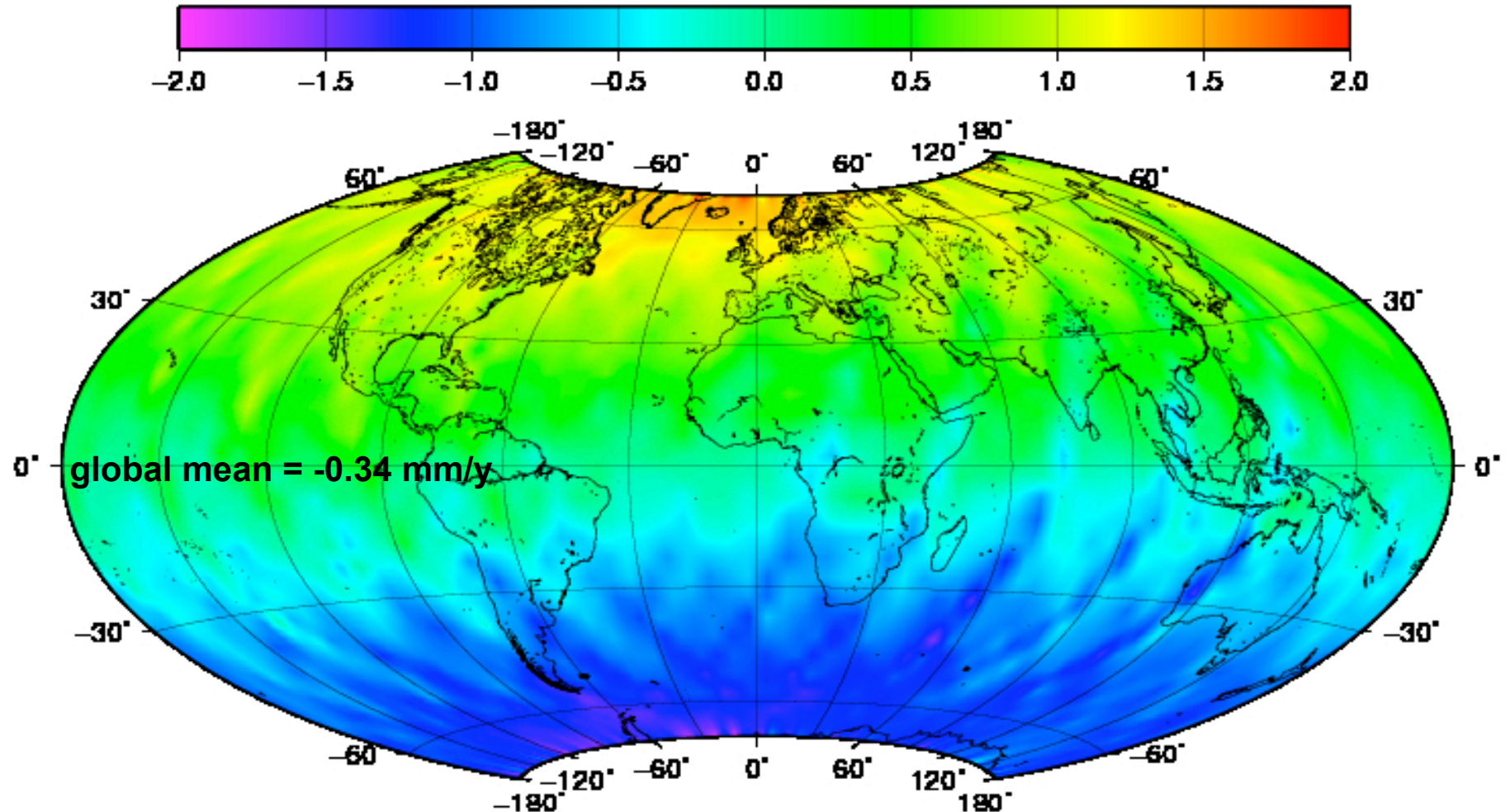
Mean = 85.5 mm
Sdev = 2.1 mm





Sources of orbit instability –TRF realization

TP std1007 (ITRF2008) - GDR (CSR95)
estimated radial orbit linear trends, c11-340





Sources of orbit instability –TRF realization J2 std0905(ITRF2005) – std1007(ITRF2008) estimated radial orbit linear trends, c11-340

