

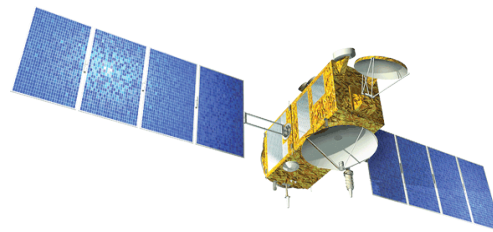


# The puzzling 59-day altimeter data signal and possible causes

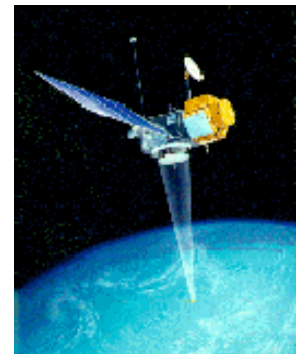
N.P. Zelensky, B.D. Beckley, F.G. Lemoine, S.M. Klosko, R.D. Ray, S. Holmes, D.D. Rowlands, S.B. Luthcke, D.S. Chinn, O. Bordyugov



OSTST 2010 60-day Splinter  
Lisbon, Portugal  
October 18-20, 2010

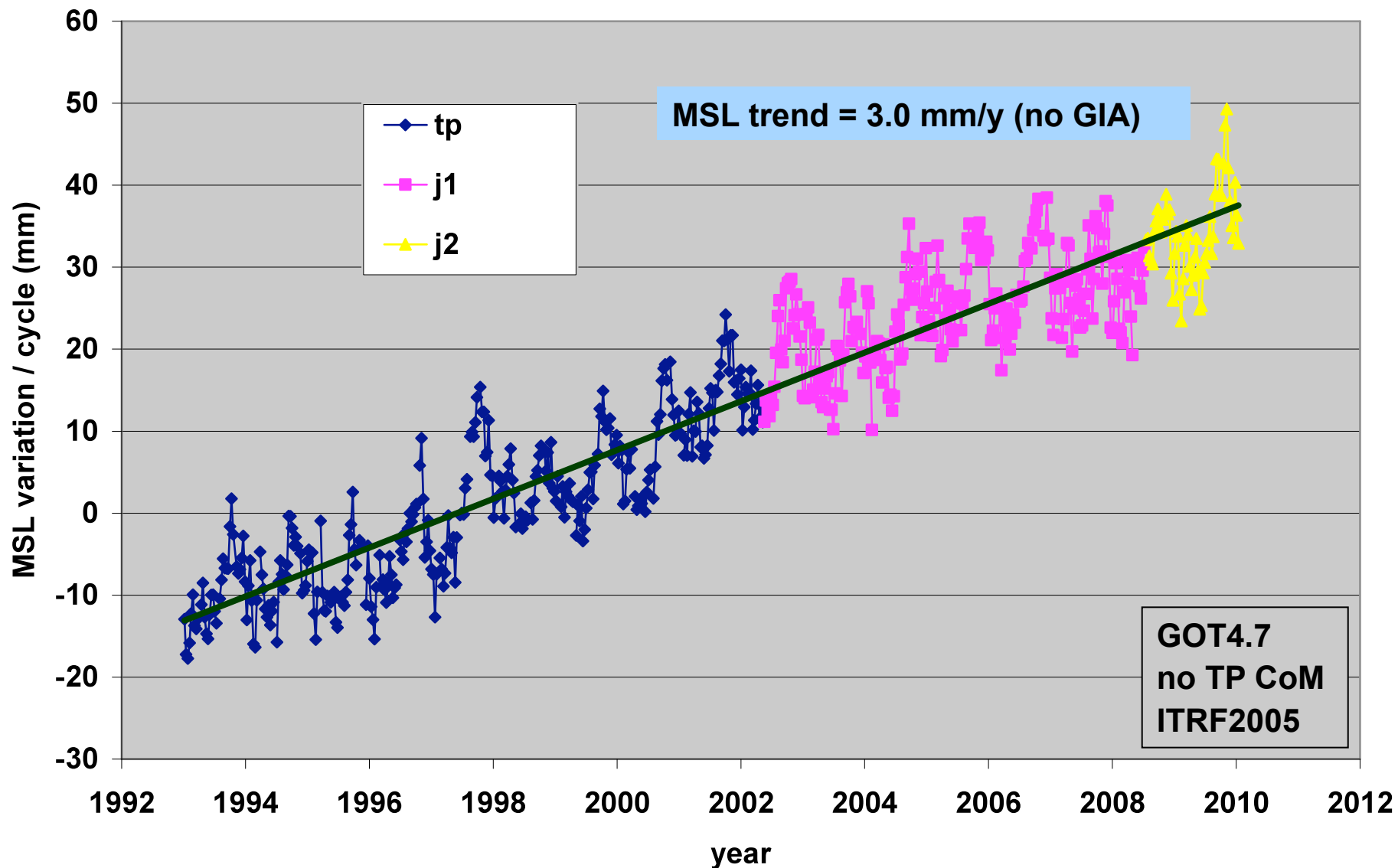


OSTST 2010, Lisbon, -day splinter, Zelensky et al.



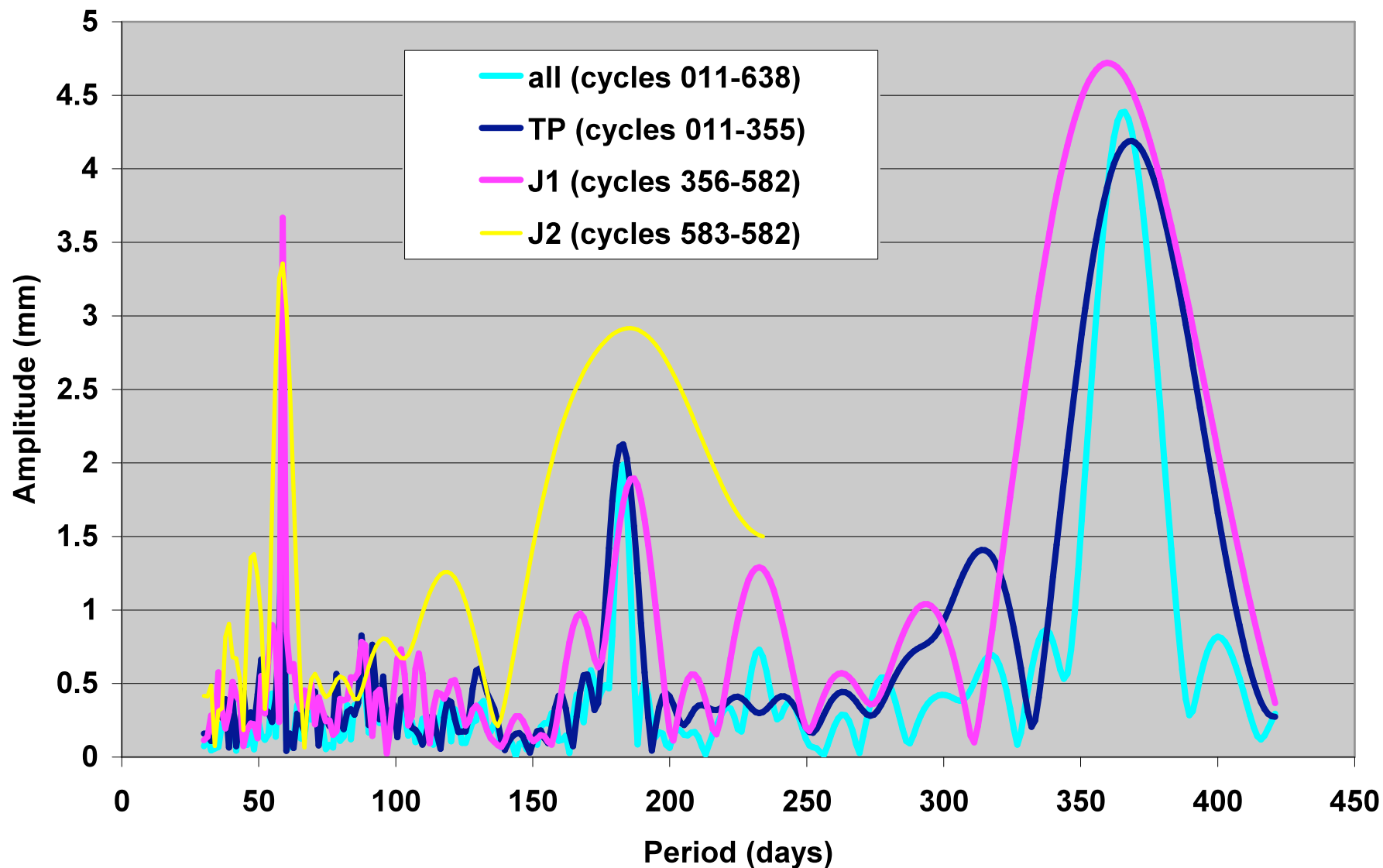


# Estimated test altimeter MSL / cycle 1993-2009



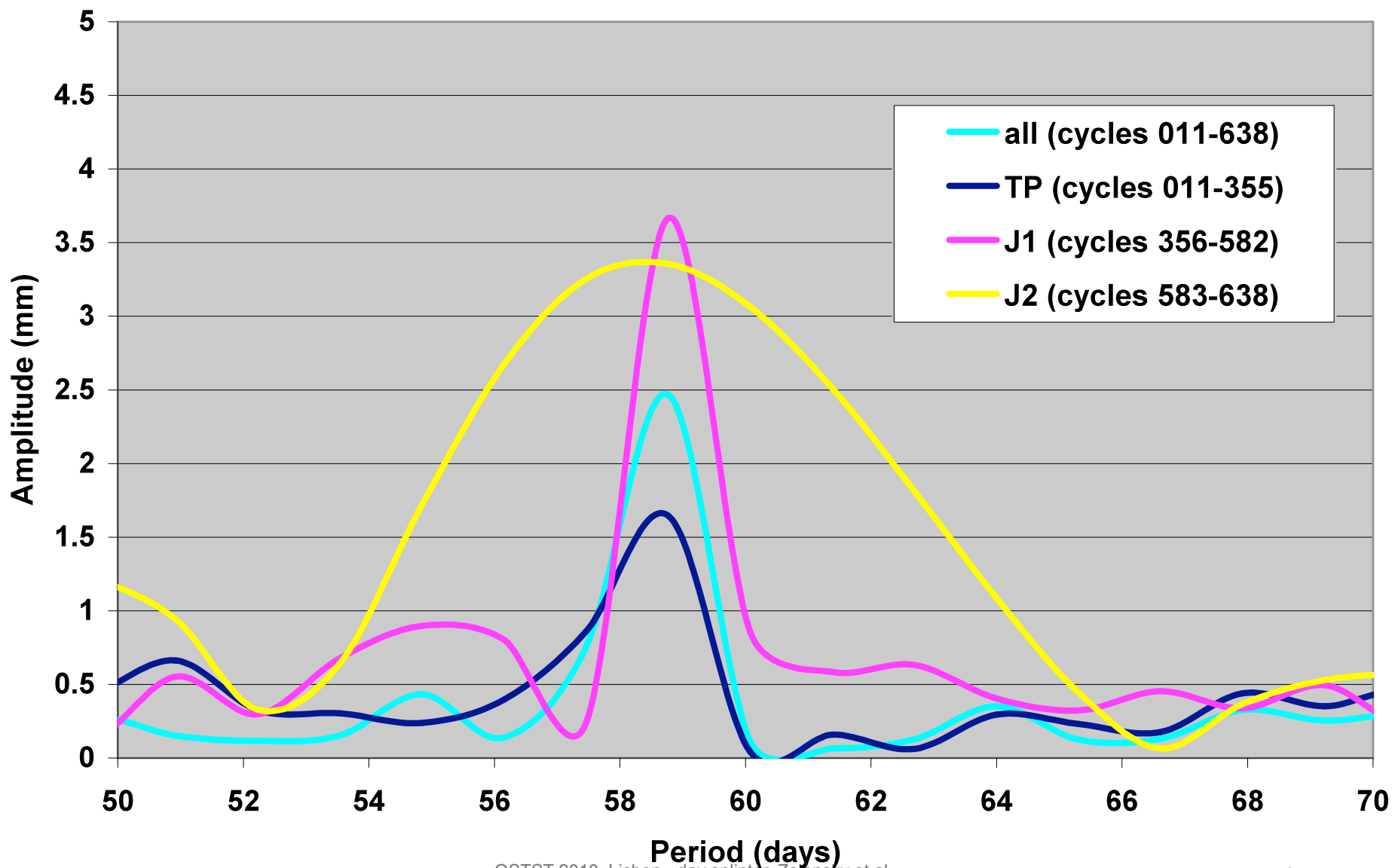


# Periodogram MSL variation/cycle 1993-2009 (power at annual, 58.76 day, and semi-annual periods)





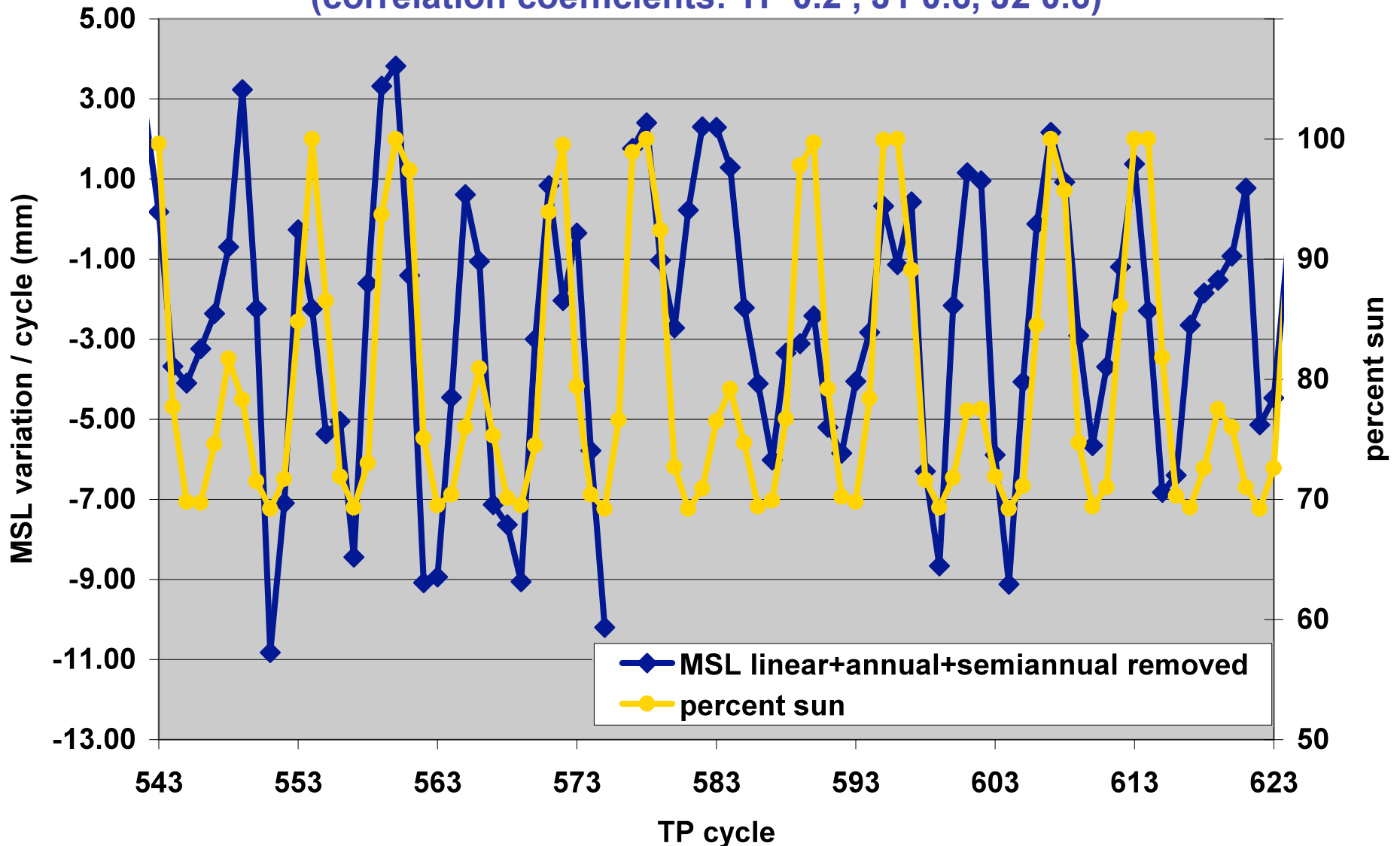
# Periodogram MSL variation/cycle (power in vicinity of 59 days (peak at 58.76 days))





# 59-day term correlated with percent satellite in sun (with cycle 583 Jason-2 begins)

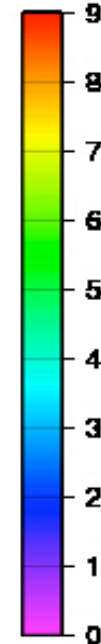
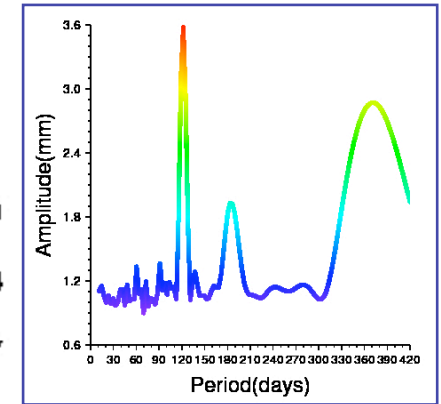
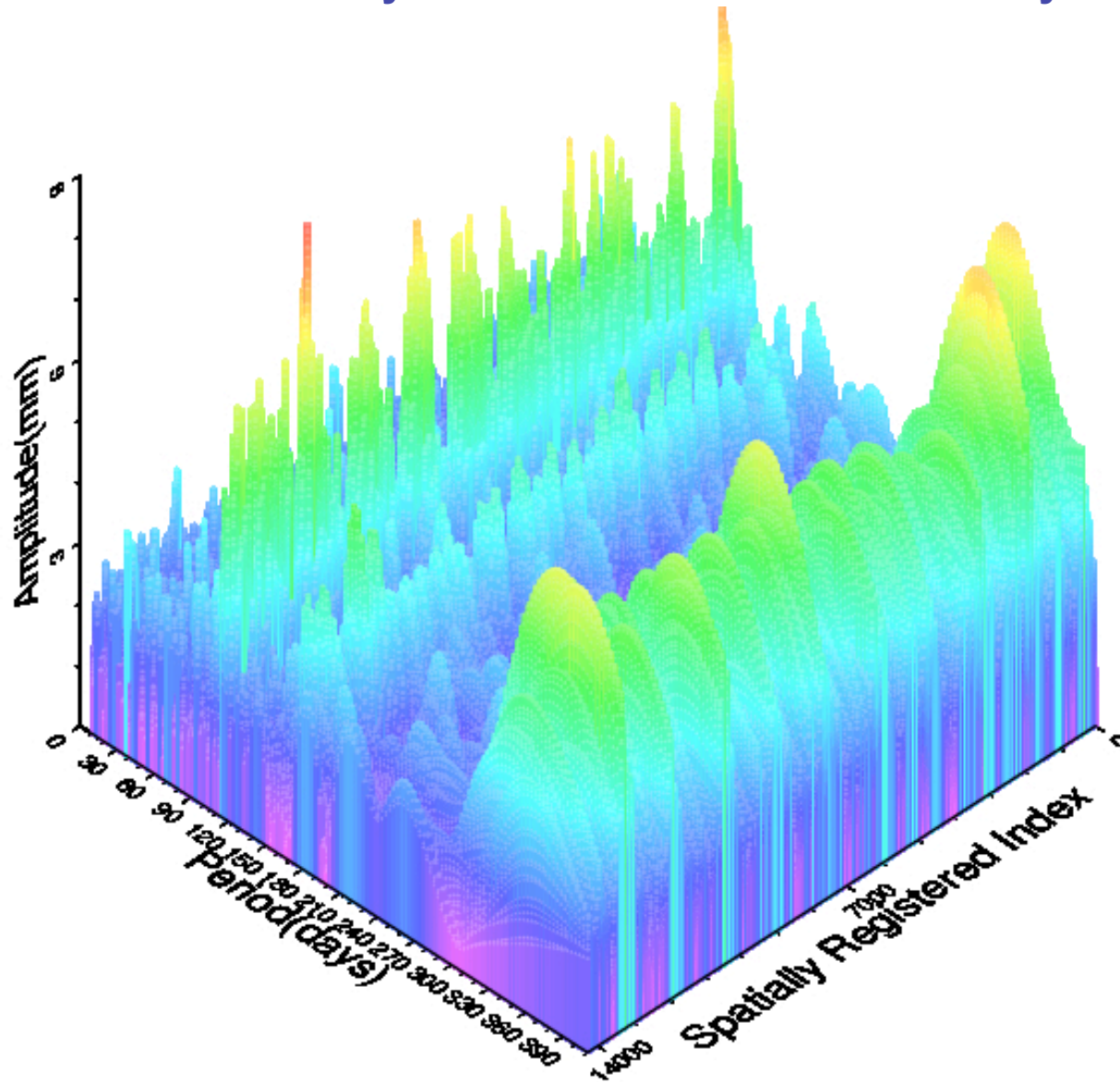
(correlation coefficients: TP 0.2 , J1 0.6, J2 0.6)





# Remaining force model errors in J1 dynamic orbits

periodogram radial differences sampled over geographic points  
GDRC dynamic - JPL GPS 7a reduced dynamic cycles 11-169

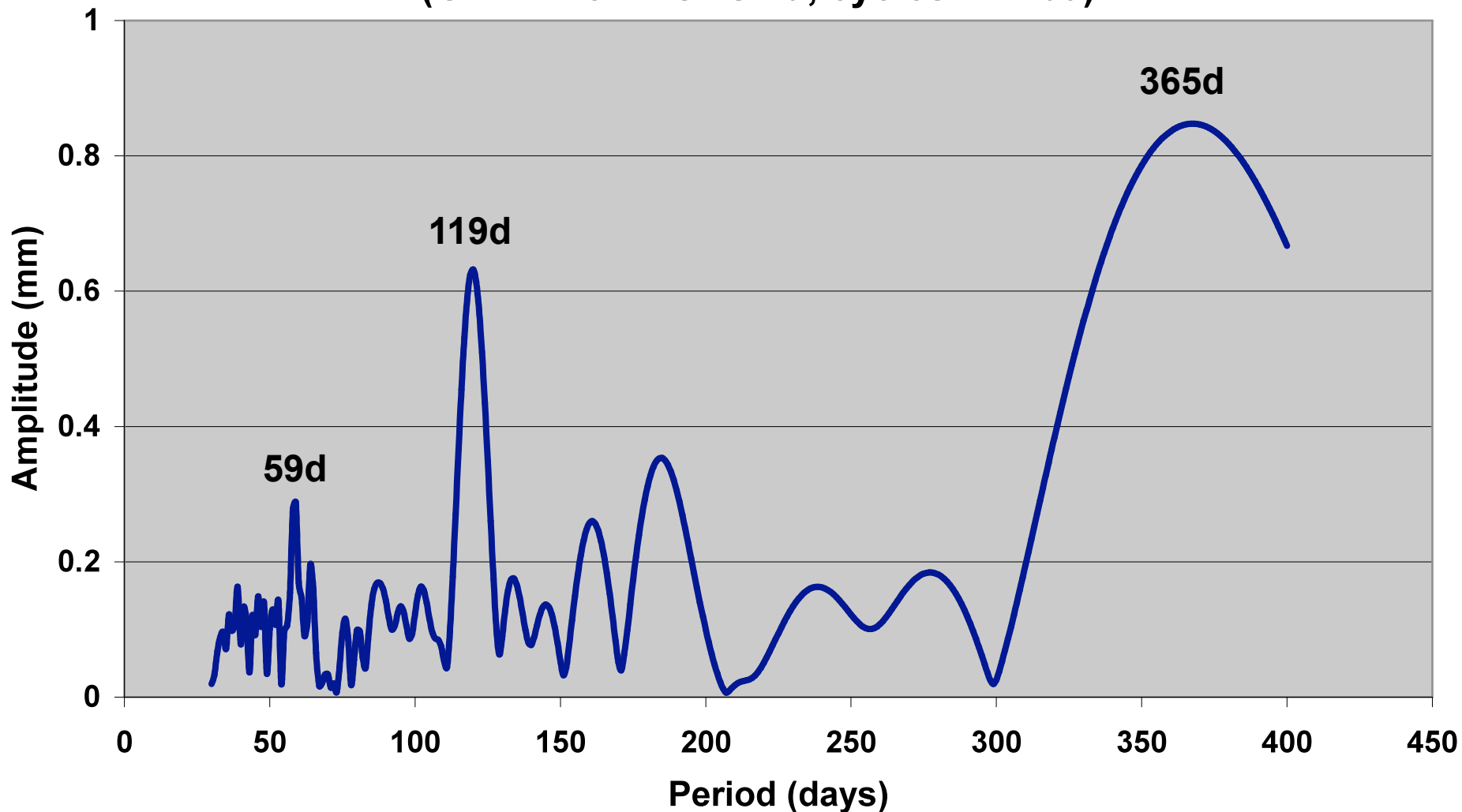


period (days)	peak (mm)
118	3.6
180	1.8
365	2.8



# Orbit error is likely not a source for the 59 day term

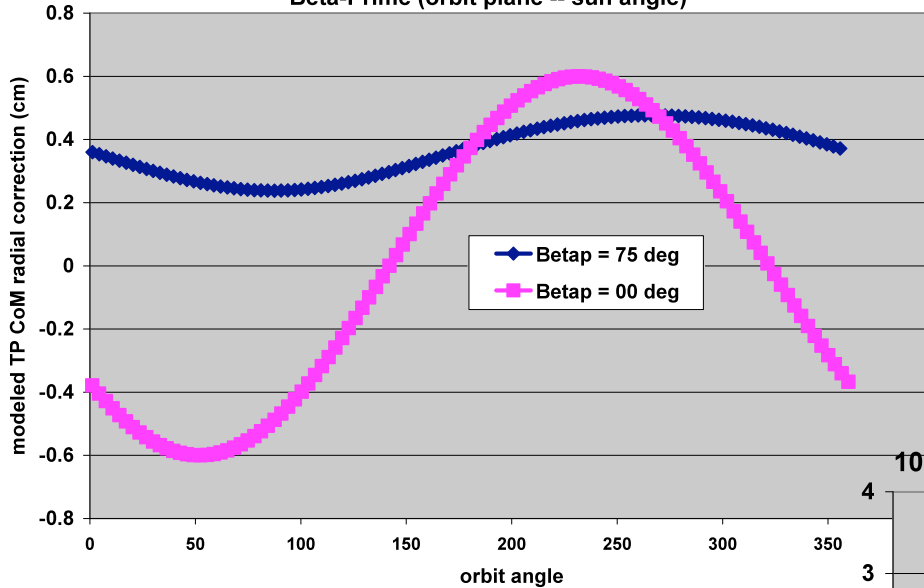
Periodogram J1 mean radial differences over water / cycle  
(GDRC - JPL GPS 7a, cycles 11-169)





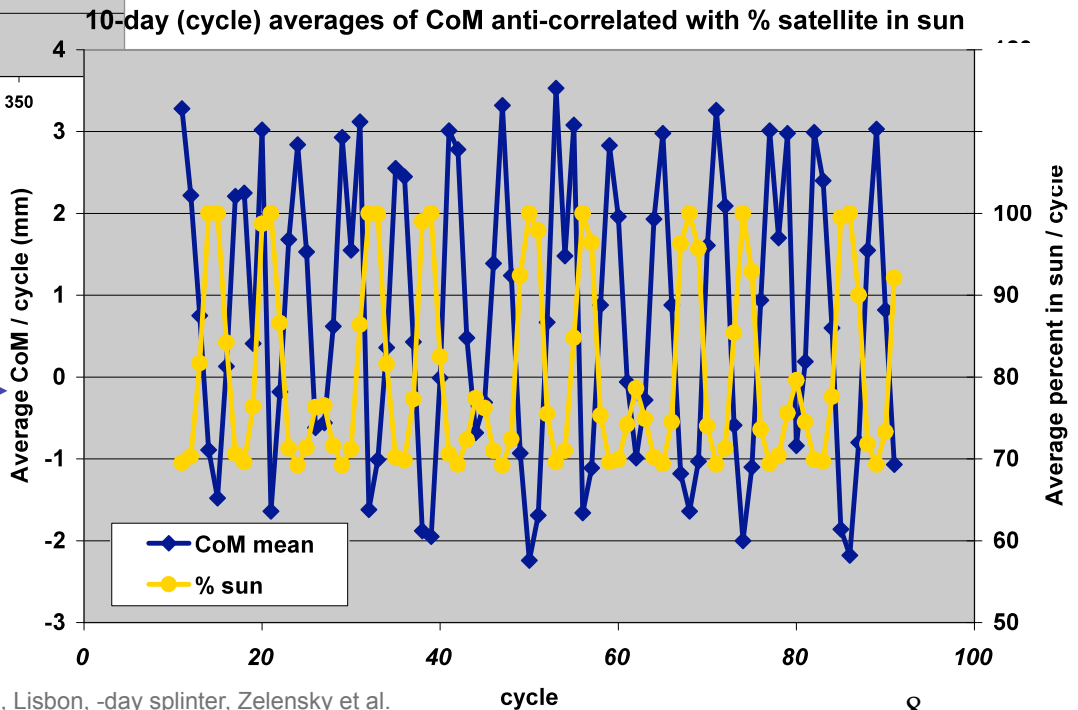
# Evaluate TP GDR CoM correction due to solar array warping (added to range)

CoM correction applied to each altimeter measurement varies with Beta-Prime (orbit plane -- sun angle)



CoM correction applied to each altimeter measurement varies with Beta-Prime (orbit plane -- sun angle)

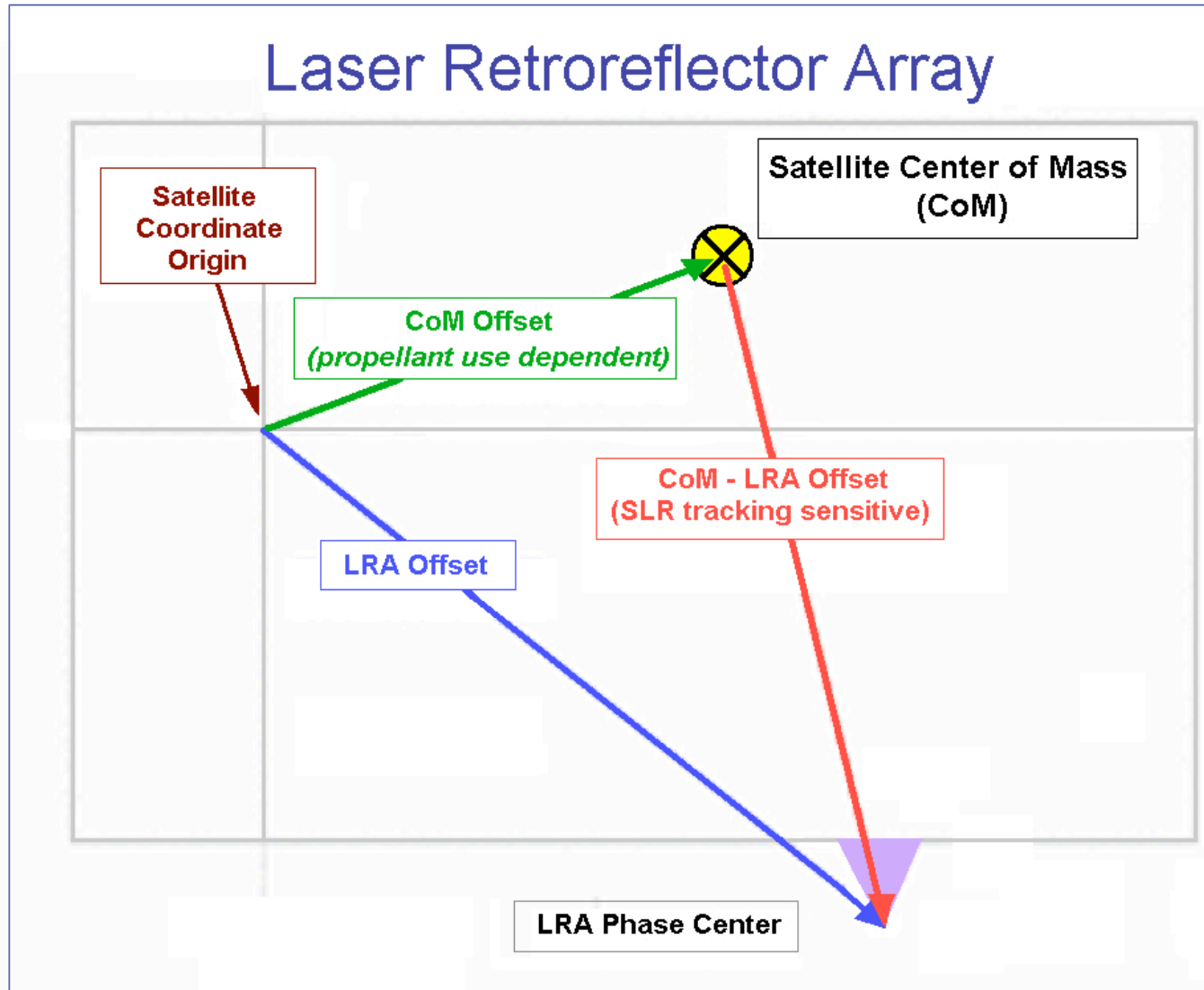
10-day (cycle) averages of CoM are anti-correlated with satellite percent in sun (-0.8 correlation coefficient cycles 1-364)





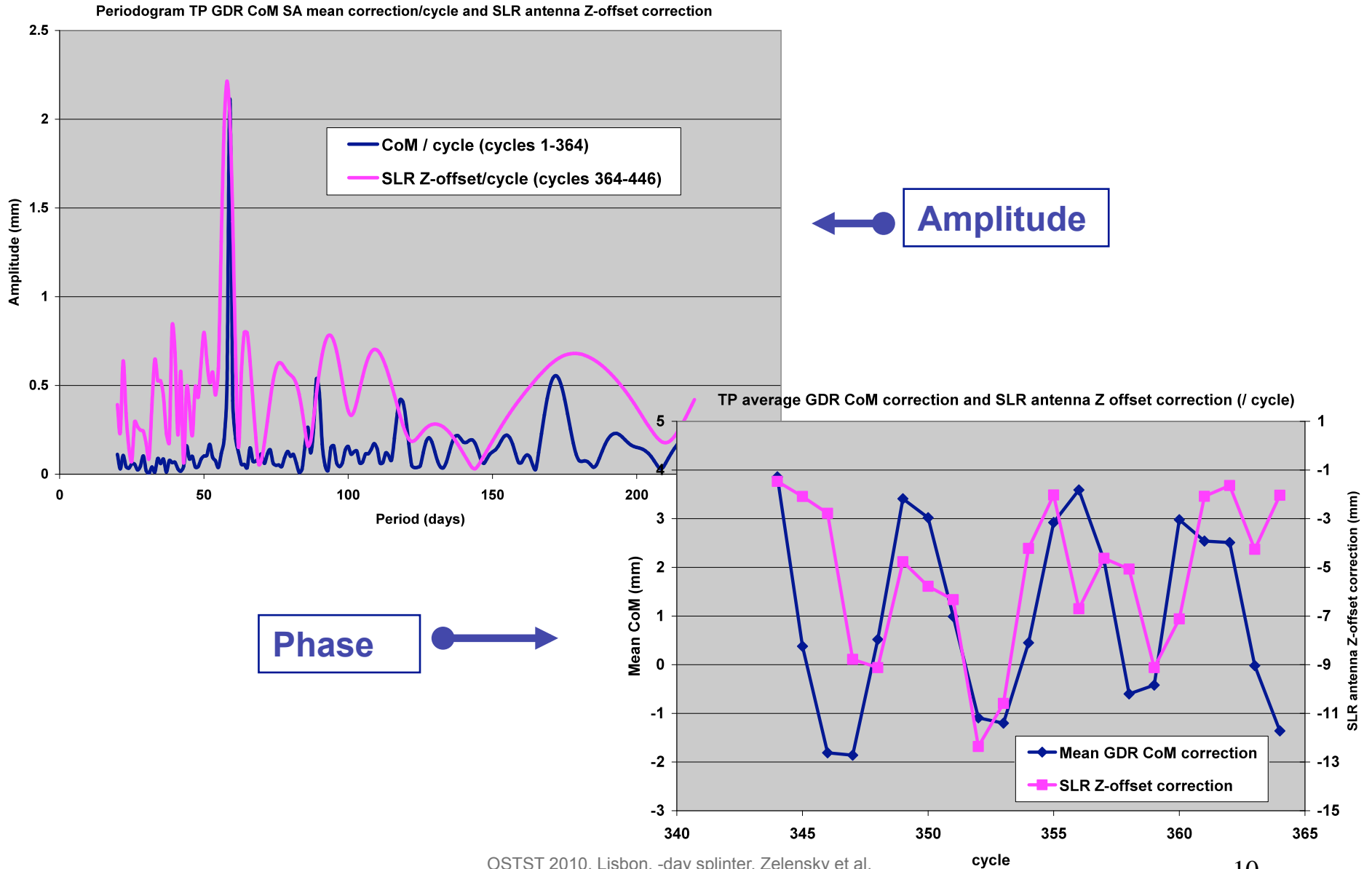


# Evaluate TP GDR CoM correction using SLR data - estimate radial changes in LRA antenna Z-offset over each 10-day arc





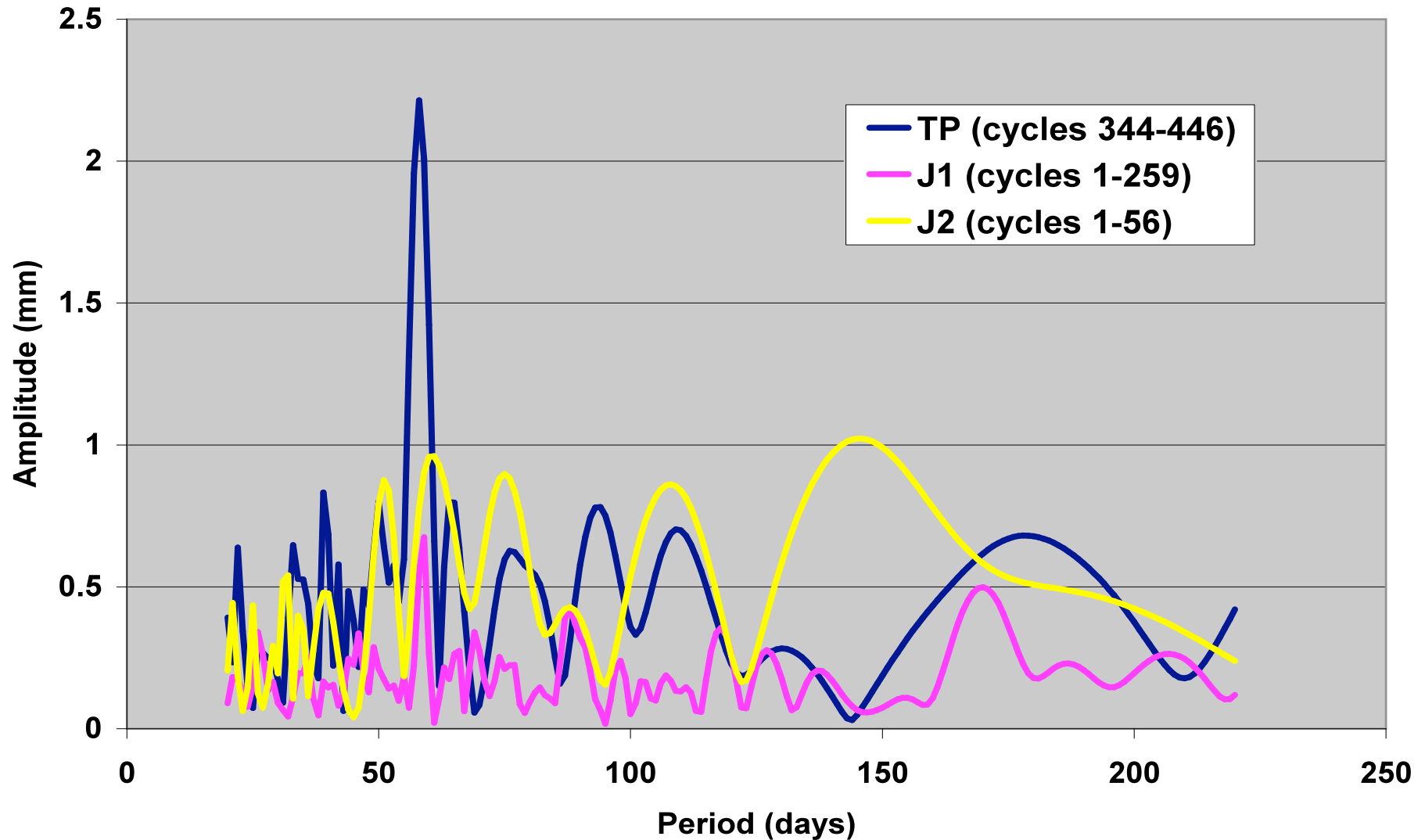
# TP SLR estimates of LRA Z-offset support GDR CoM correction in amplitude and phase





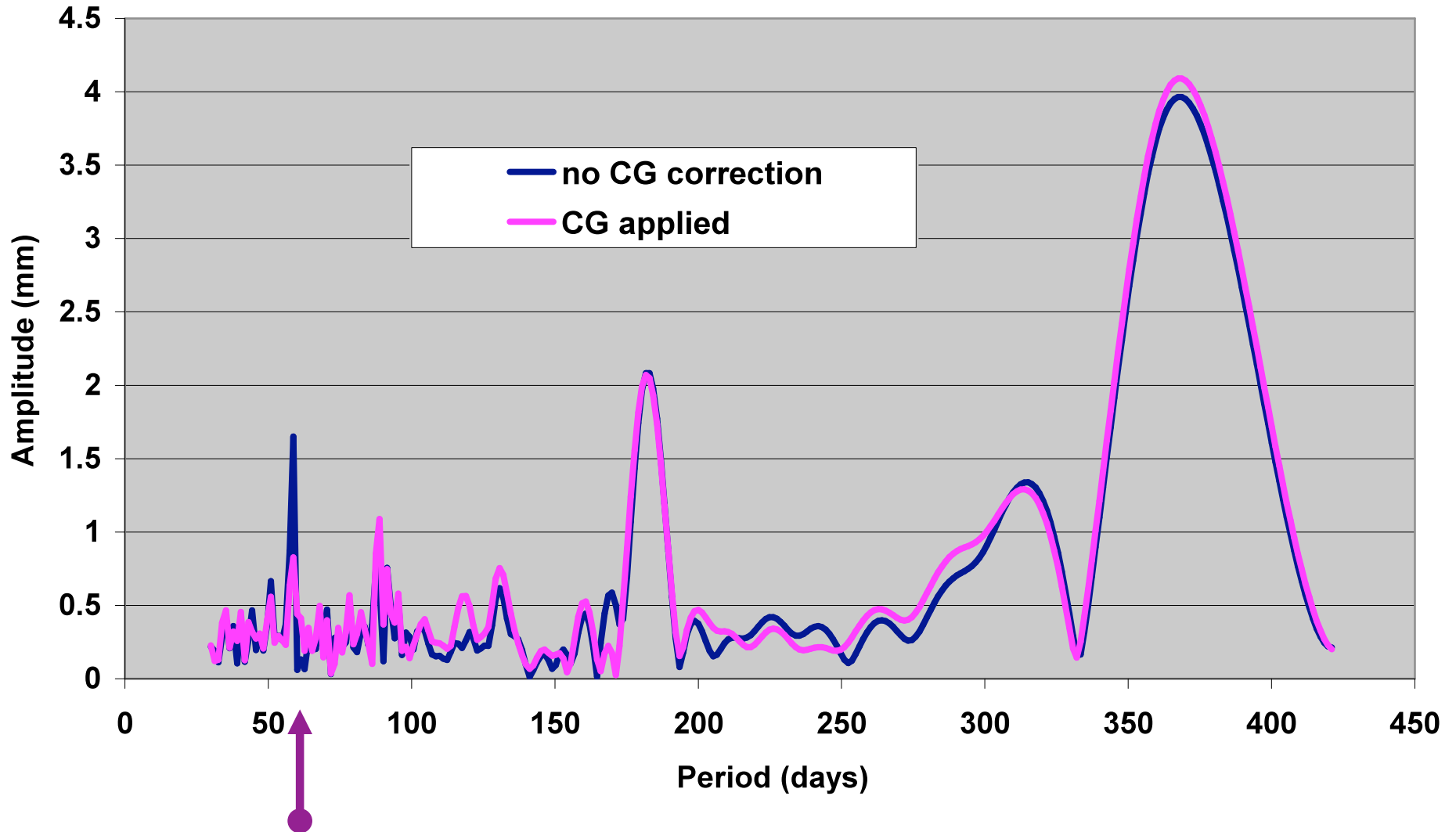
# SLR analysis of LRA Z-offset only shows 59-day mm term for TP, but not for J1 or J2

Periodogram SLR antenna Z-offset estimate/cycle



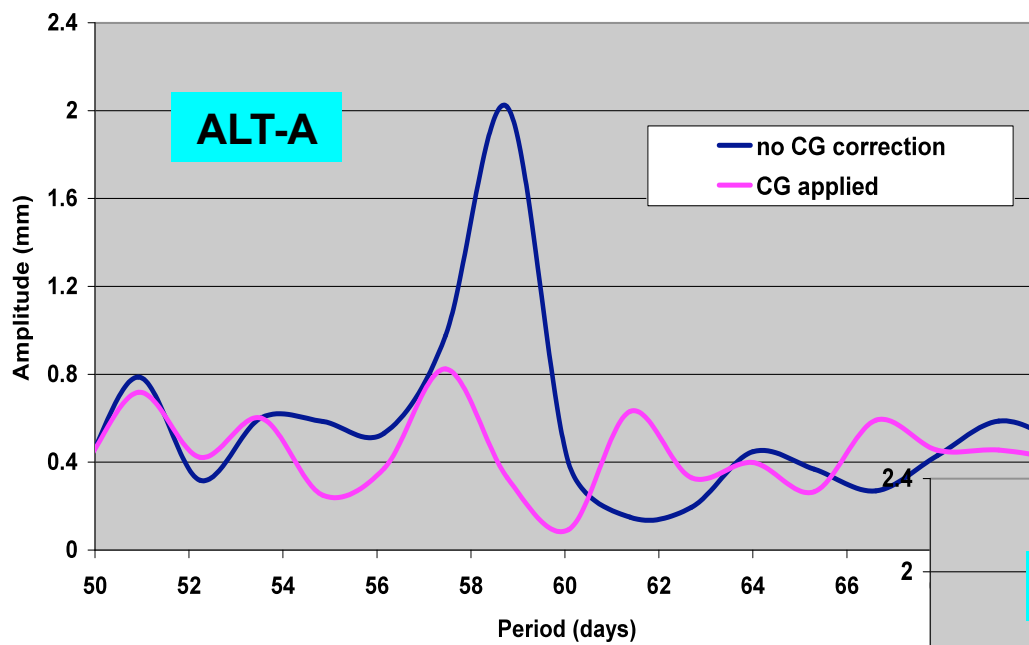


# Application of GDR CoM correction reduces TP 59-day term overall (test MSL cycles 11-364 as shown in slides 2, 3)

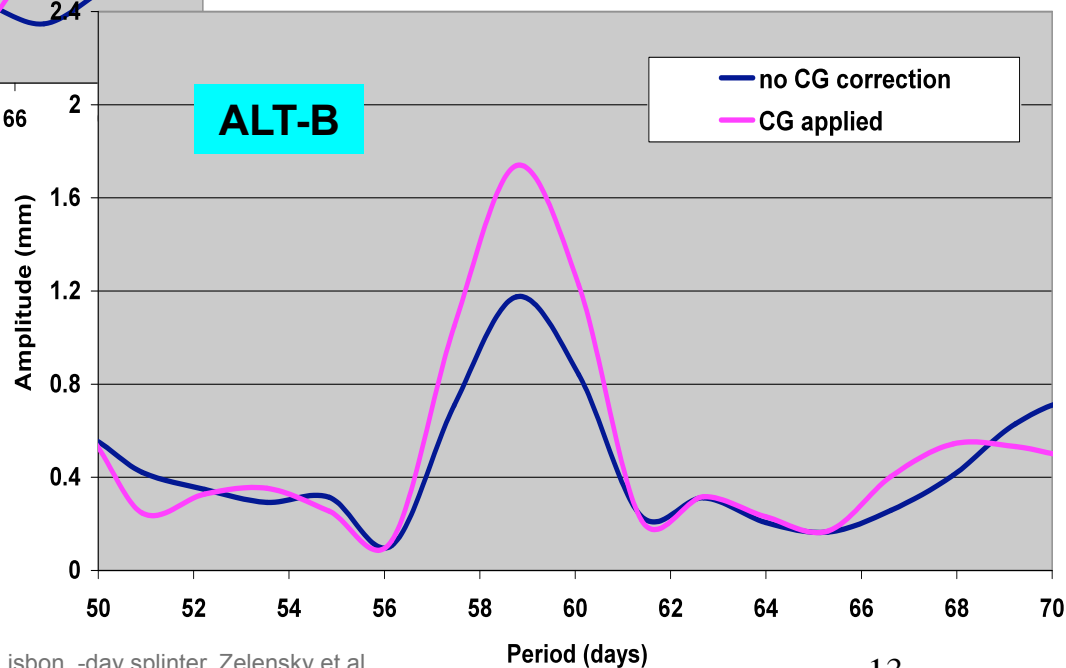




# Application of GDR CoM correction reduces TP 59-day signal over Alt-A, but increases the signal and total MSL RMS over Alt-B

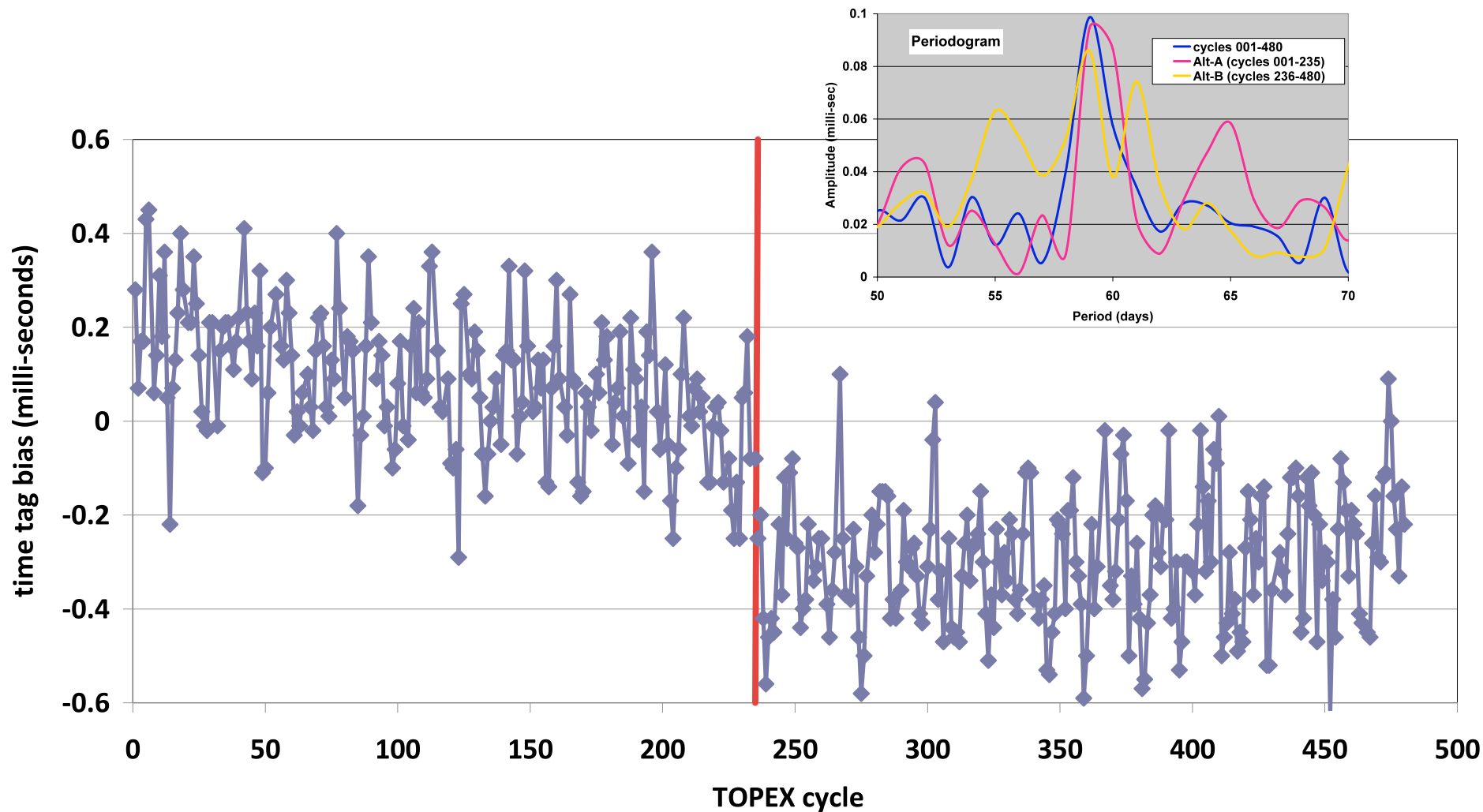


RMS (mm)	ALT-A	ALT-B
no CG	8.8	11.1
CG	8.5	12.1



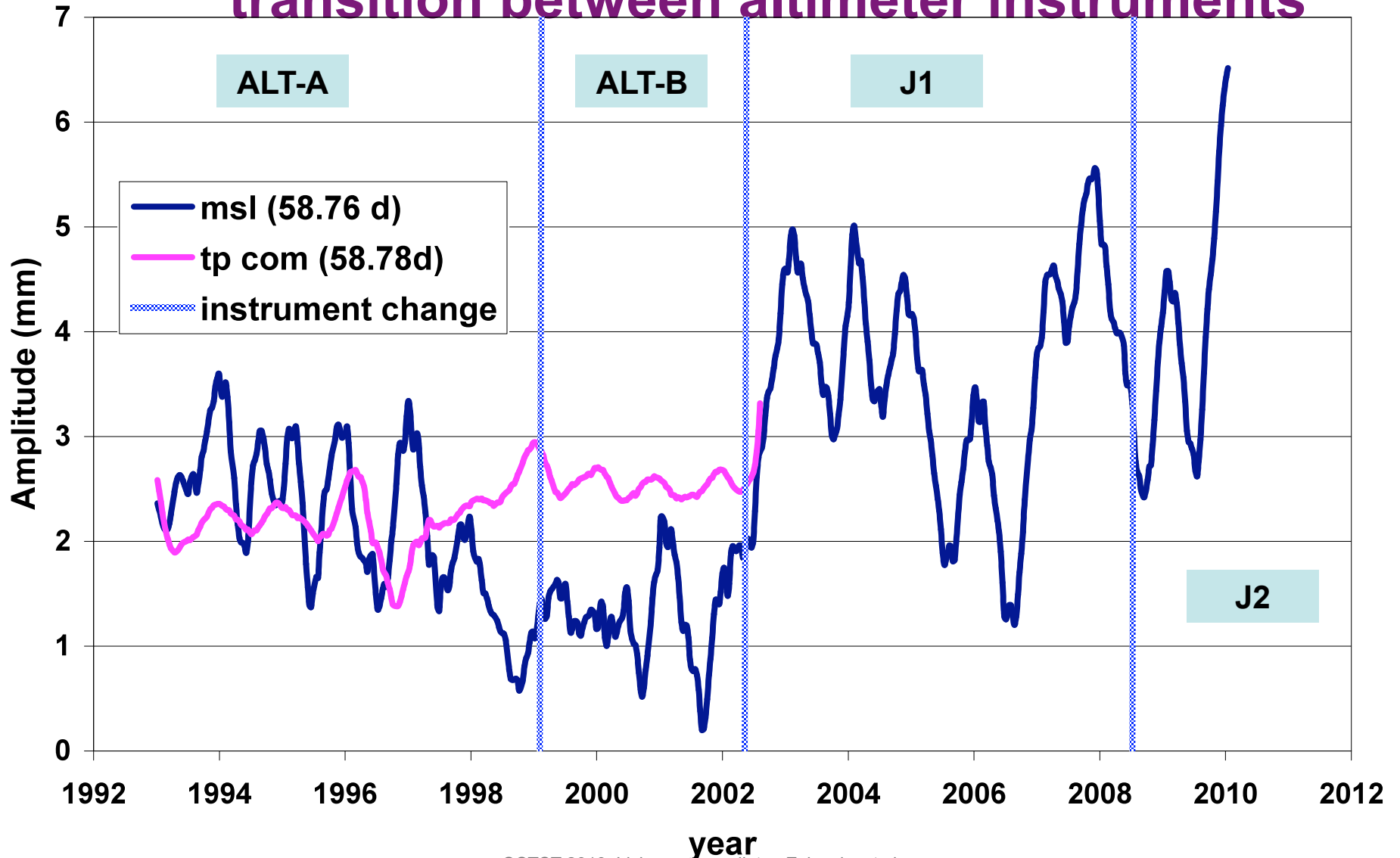


# TP altimeter time biases estimated using crossovers show 59-day signal and transition from ALT-A to ALT-B instruments





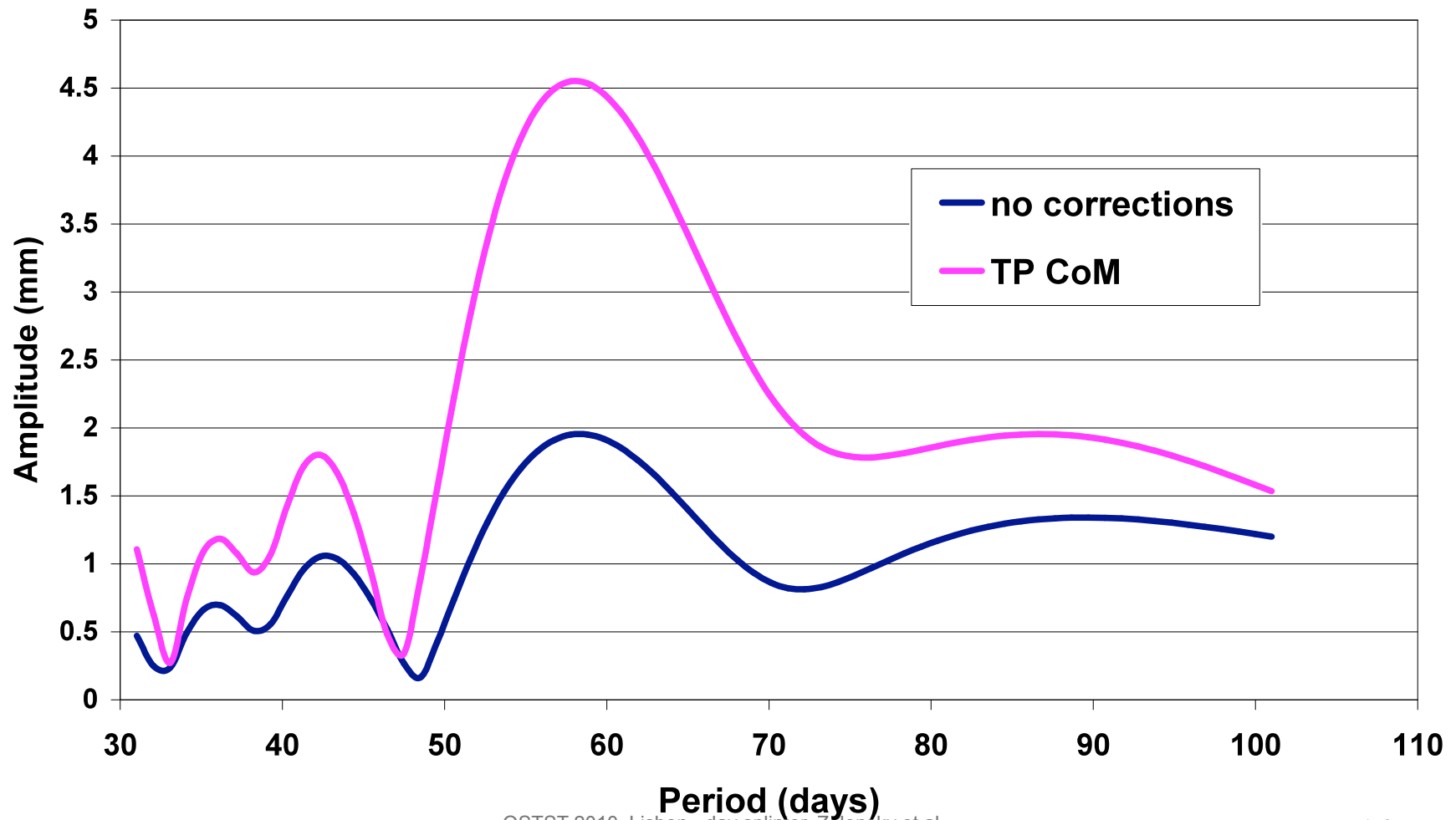
# Estimating 59-day term for MSL variations using a 1-year weighted window shows transition between altimeter instruments





# Analysis of Jason1 - TOPEX observations with no corrections applied indicates 59-day signal is present in altimeter instrument(s)

Periodogram J1-TP/cycle (No Corrections except SSB and cross-track gradient) cycles 1-21







## Conclusions

- 1) Amplitude of 59-day (58.76d) signal seen in our test altimeter MSL time series is about 1.5 mm for TP, 3.5 mm for J1 and J2, and 2.5 mm overall.
- 2) TP GDR CoM correction validity supported by SLR analysis of LRA antenna Z-offset estimates.
- 3) SLR analysis of LRA antenna Z-offset estimates indicate there is no appreciable CoM effect for J1 and J2.
- 4) Compelling evidence 59-day signal is present in altimeter instrument:
  - 1) Application of TP GDR CoM correction reduces 59-day signal over ALT-A, but increases the signal over ALT-B.
  - 2) Moving window estimate of 59-day term shows changes in amplitude which correspond to changes in the altimeter instruments.
  - 3) 59-day term seen in J1-TP observations without corrections applied indicates the signal is present in the instrument(s).
- 5) Altimeter-derived models, such as tides, will accommodate the 59-day instrument(s) signal. New GSFC tide models will reduce 59-d signal (see Beckely et al. poster)



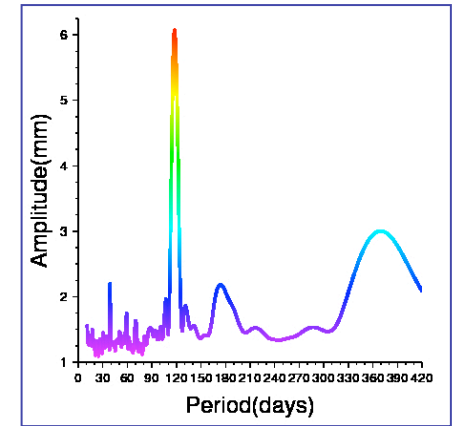
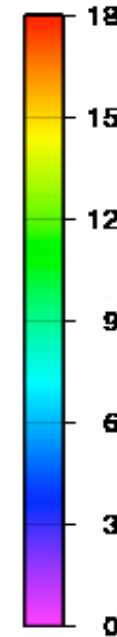
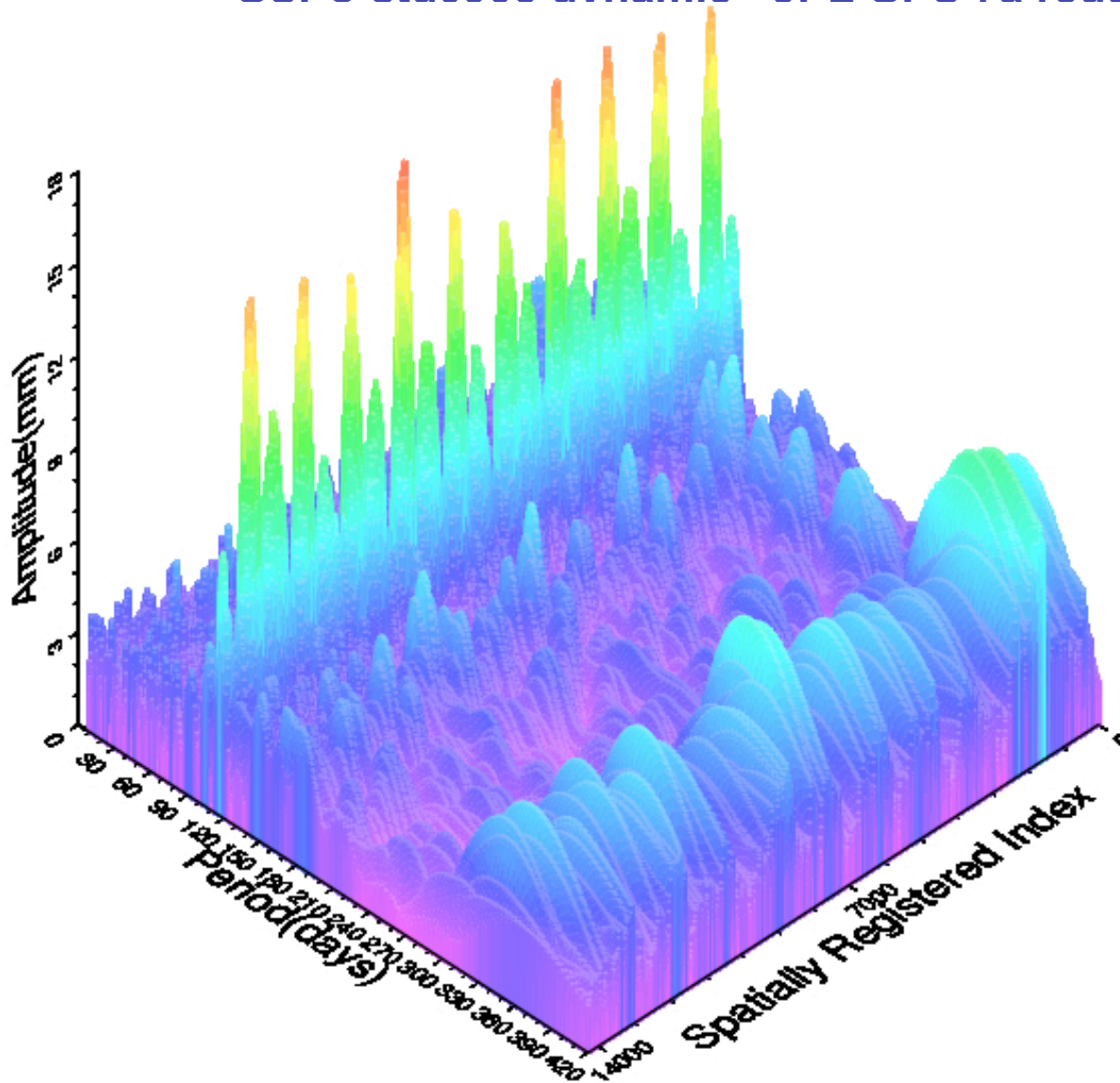
# BACKUP





# Remaining force model errors in J1 dynamic orbits

periodogram radial differences sampled over geographic points  
GSFC std0905 dynamic - JPL GPS 7a reduced dynamic cycles 1-169

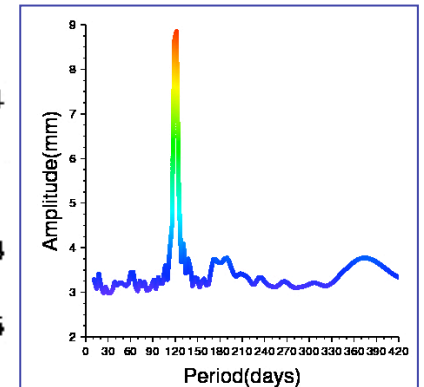
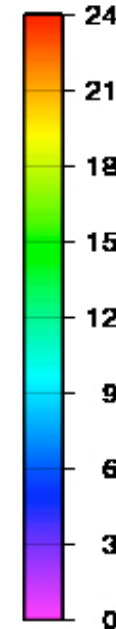
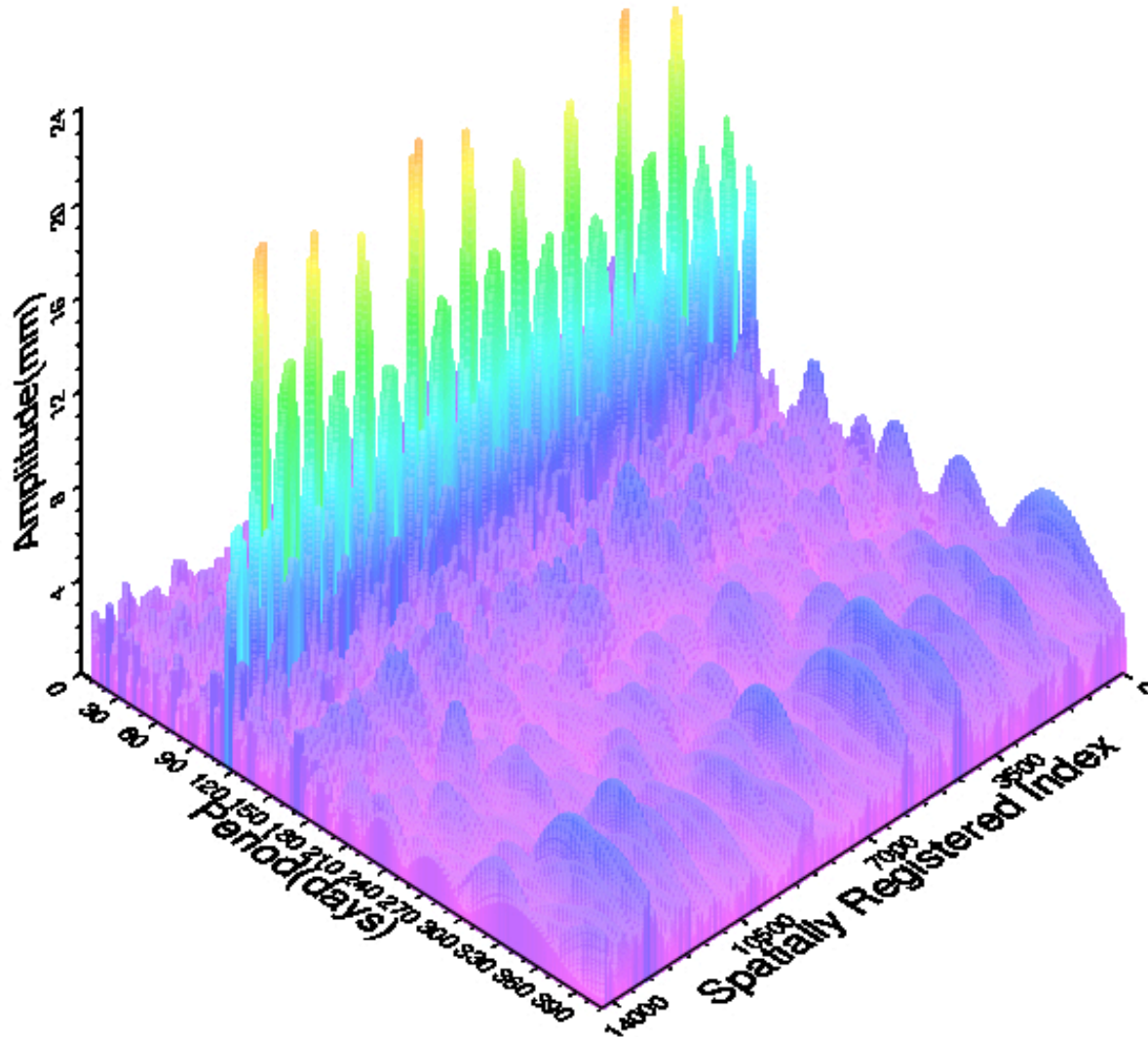


period (days)	peak (mm)
118	6.0
180	2.2
365	3.0



# Force modeling differences in J1 dynamic orbits

periodogram radial differences sampled over geographic points  
 GSFC std0905 dynamic - GDRC dynamic cycles 11-169

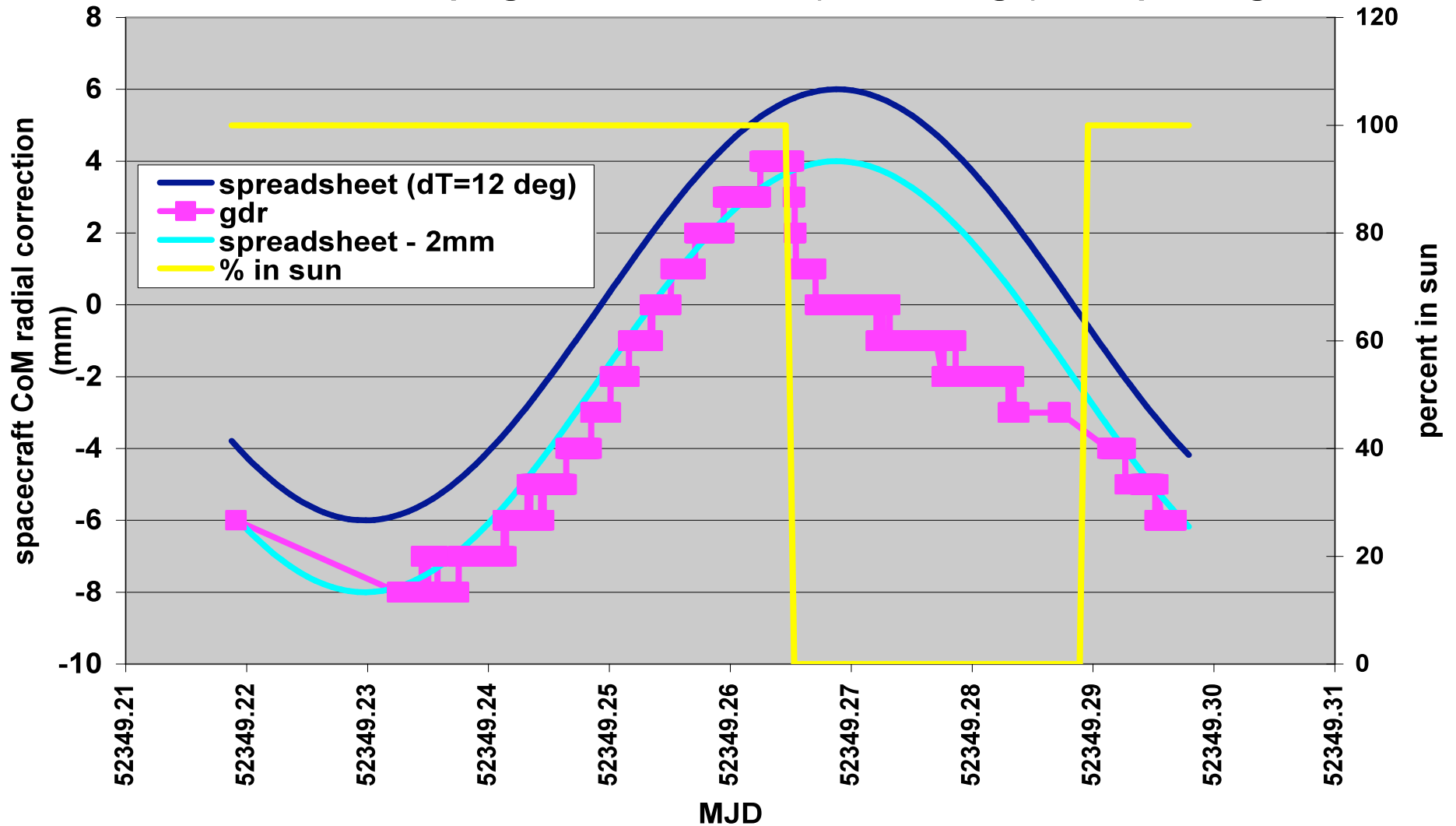


period (days)	peak (mm)
118	9.0
180	---
365	---



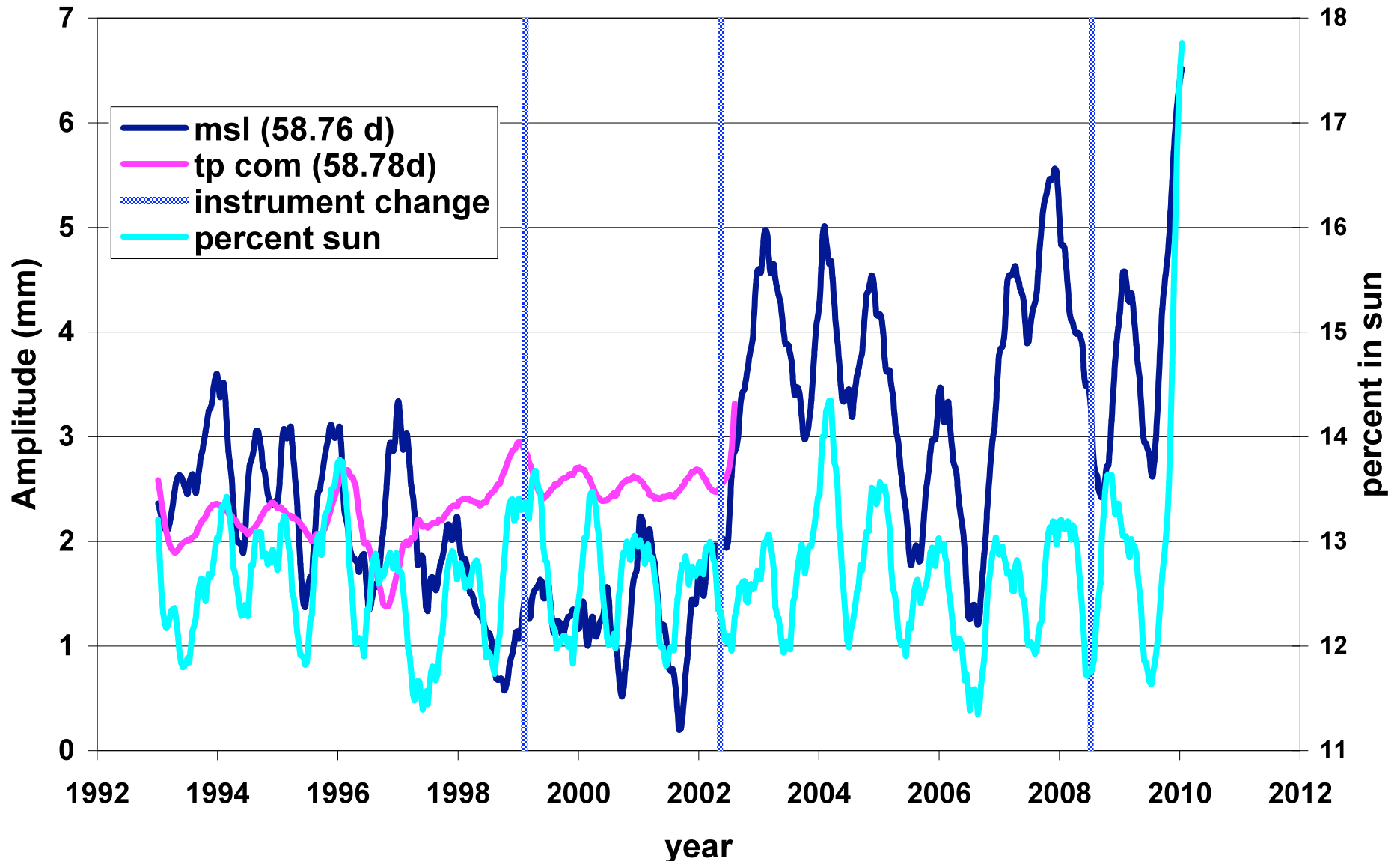
# Spreadsheet model corresponds to TP GDR SA CoM correction

TP CoM SA warping radial correction (add to range); Betap=0 deg





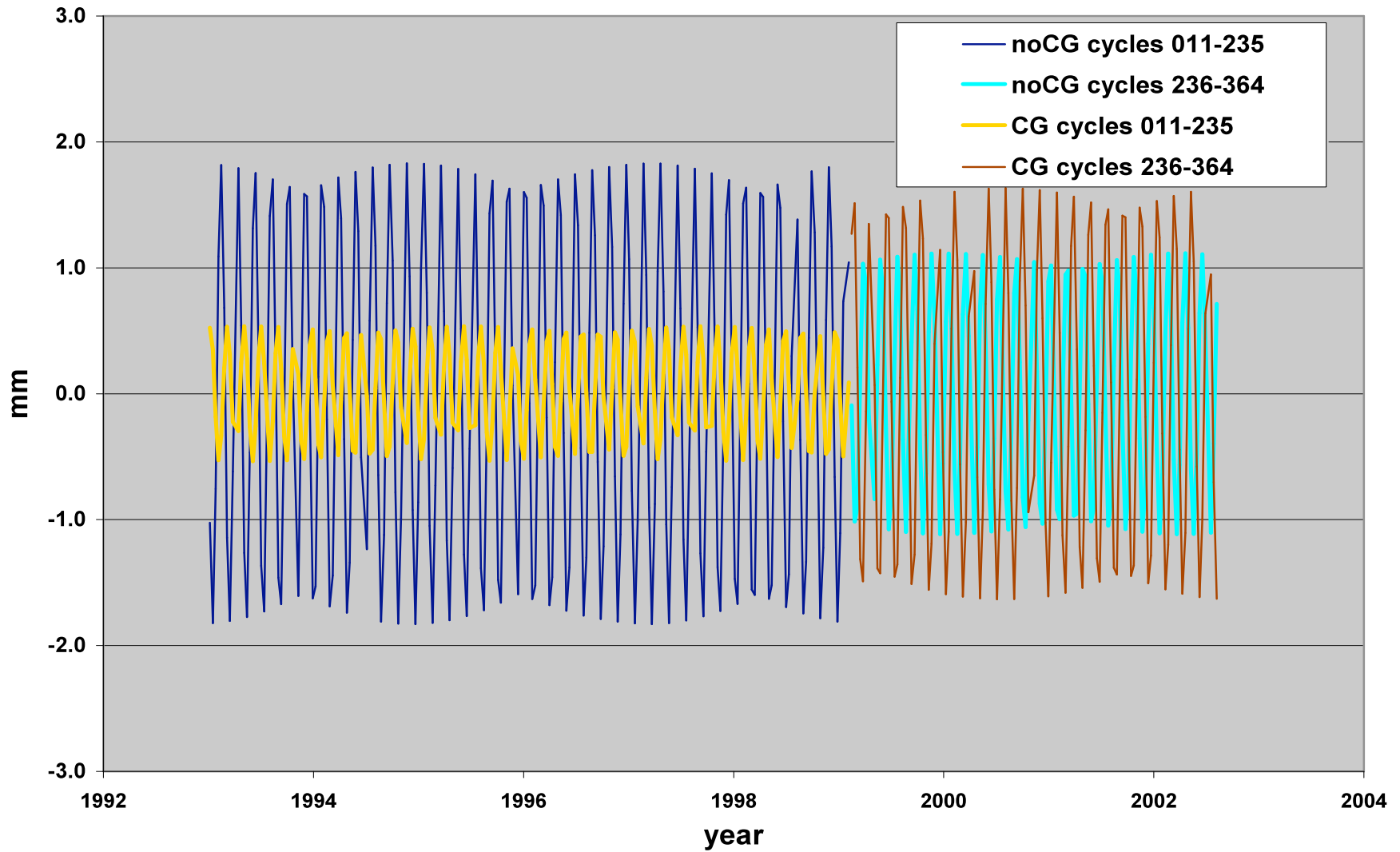
# Estimating 59-day term using a 1-year weighted window





# Backup

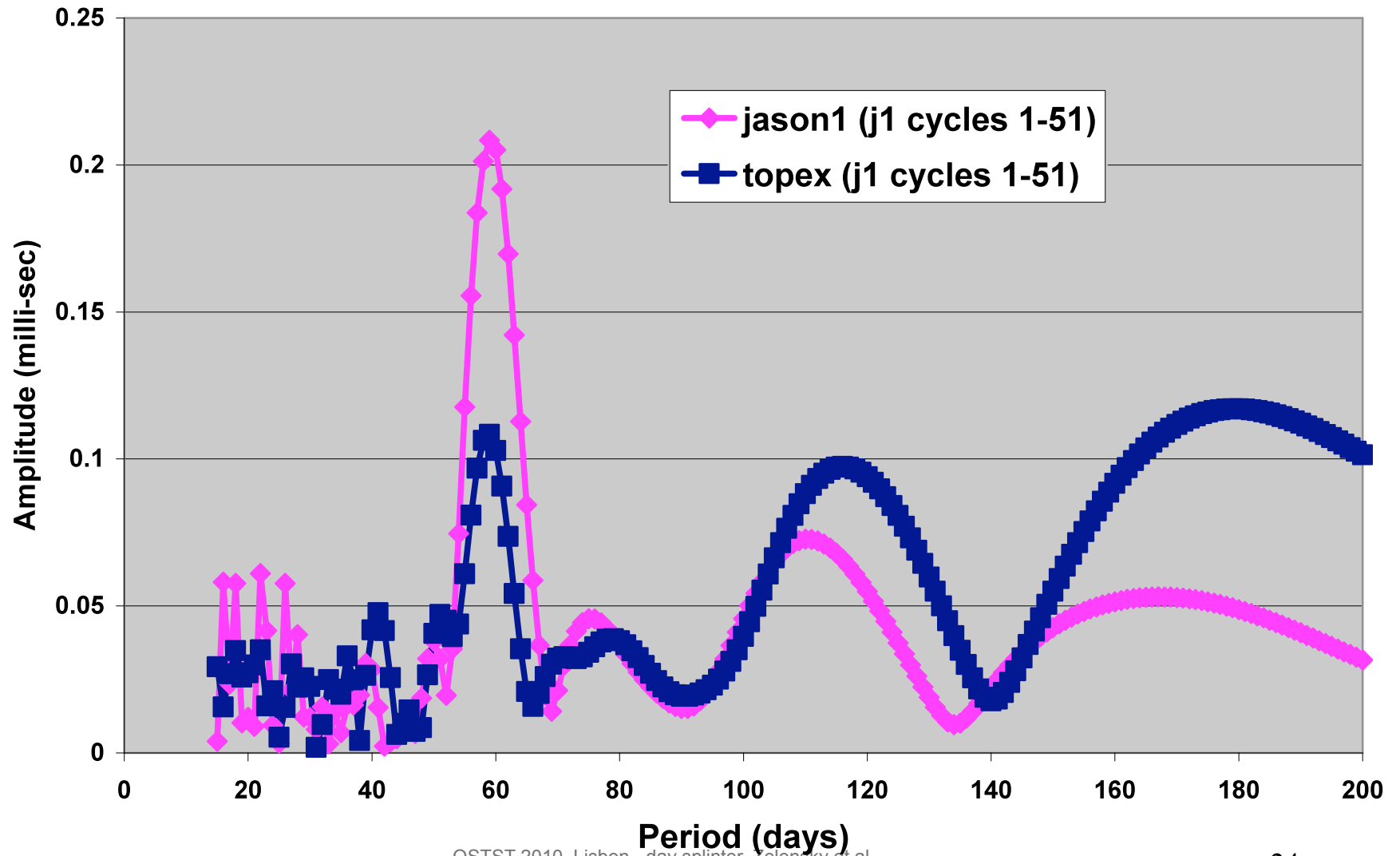
TOPEX 59-day term estimated from msl variarations





# Backup

Periodogram time biases estimated from altimeter crossovers / cycle

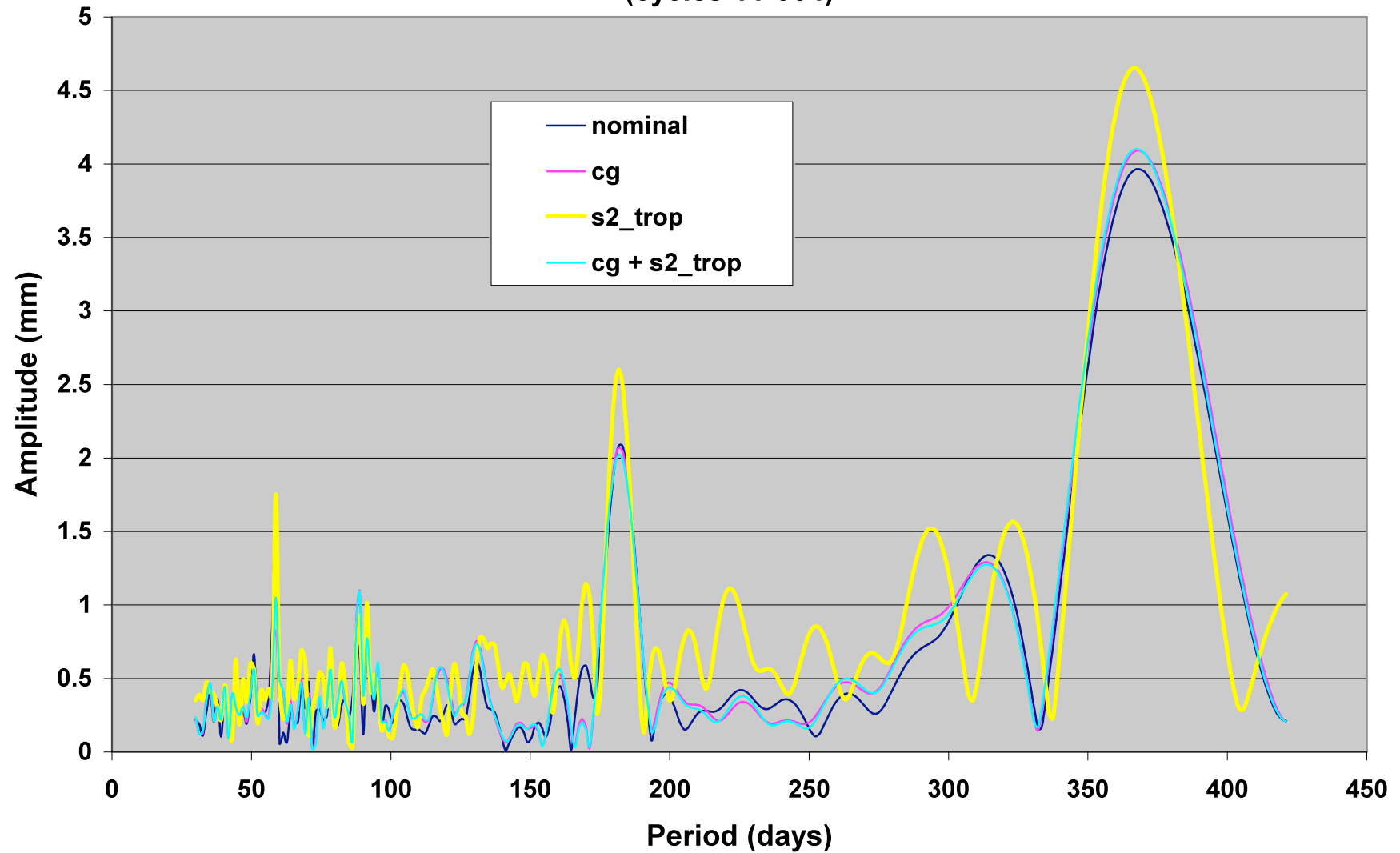






# Backup

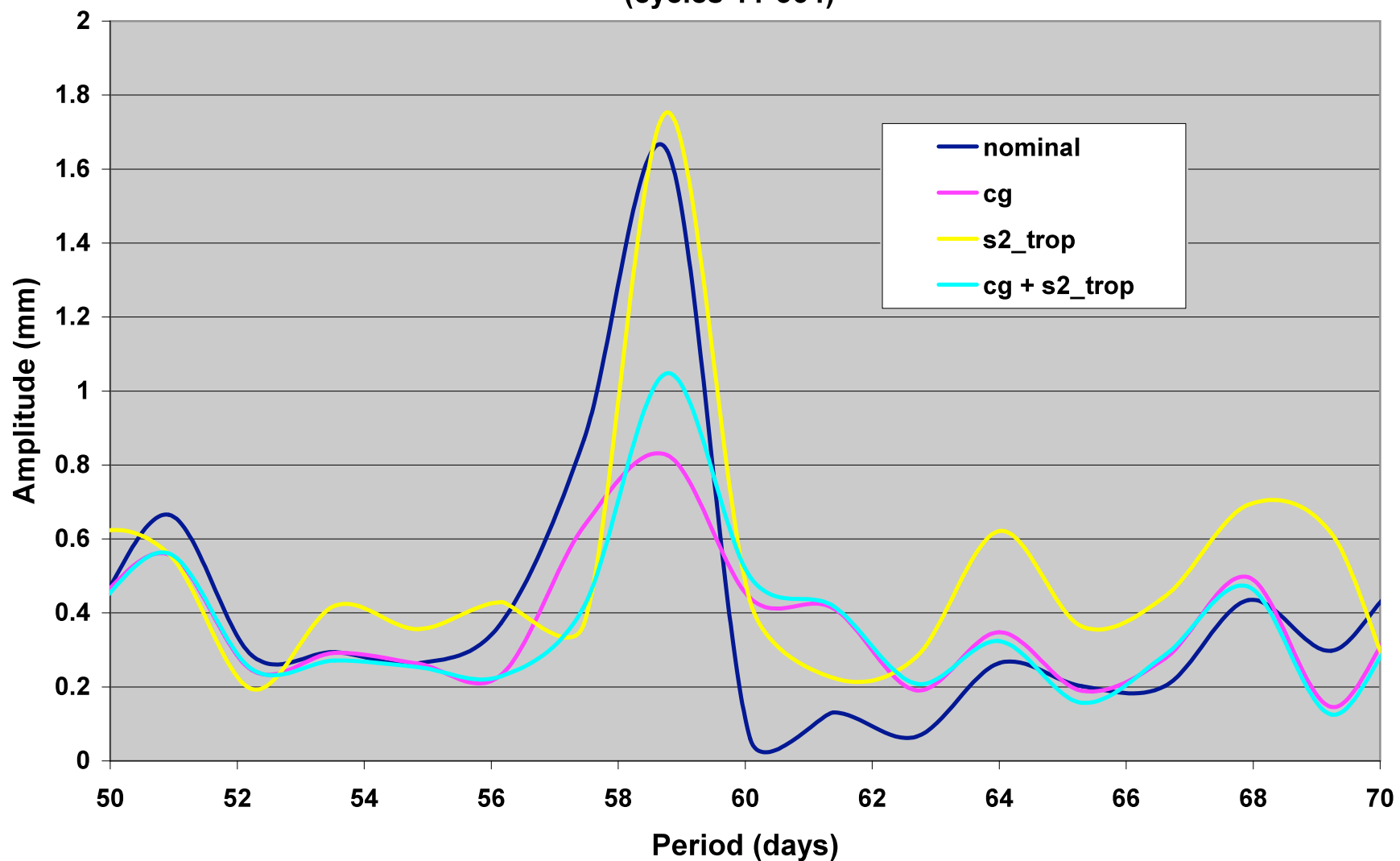
Topex periodogram MSL variations (got4.7 tide) using different corrections  
(cycles 11-364)





# Backup

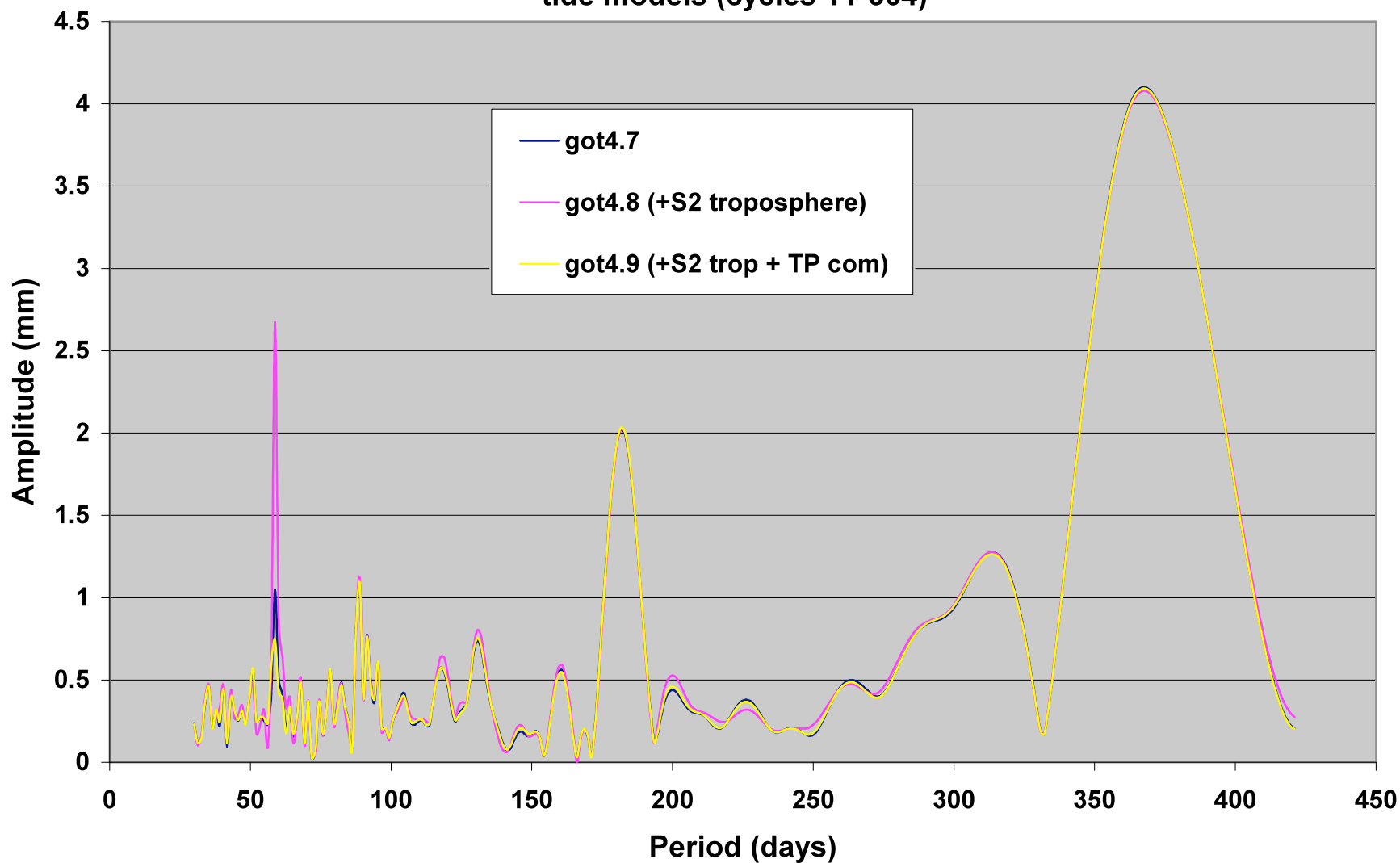
Topex periodogram MSL variations (got4.7 tide) using different corrections  
(cycles 11-364)





# Backup

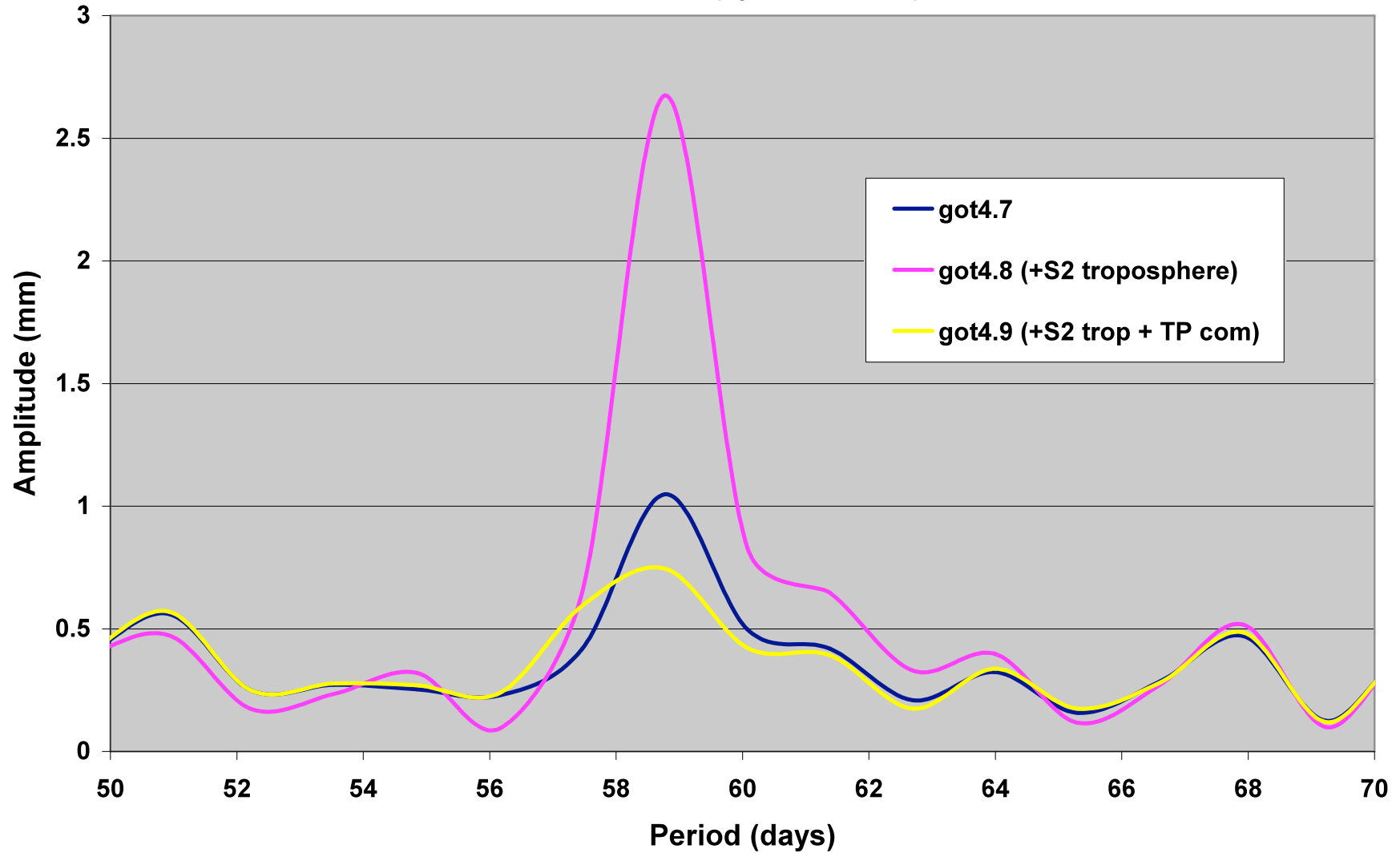
Topex periodogram MSL variations (+ S2 troposphere + CoM) using different tide models (cycles 11-364)





# Backup

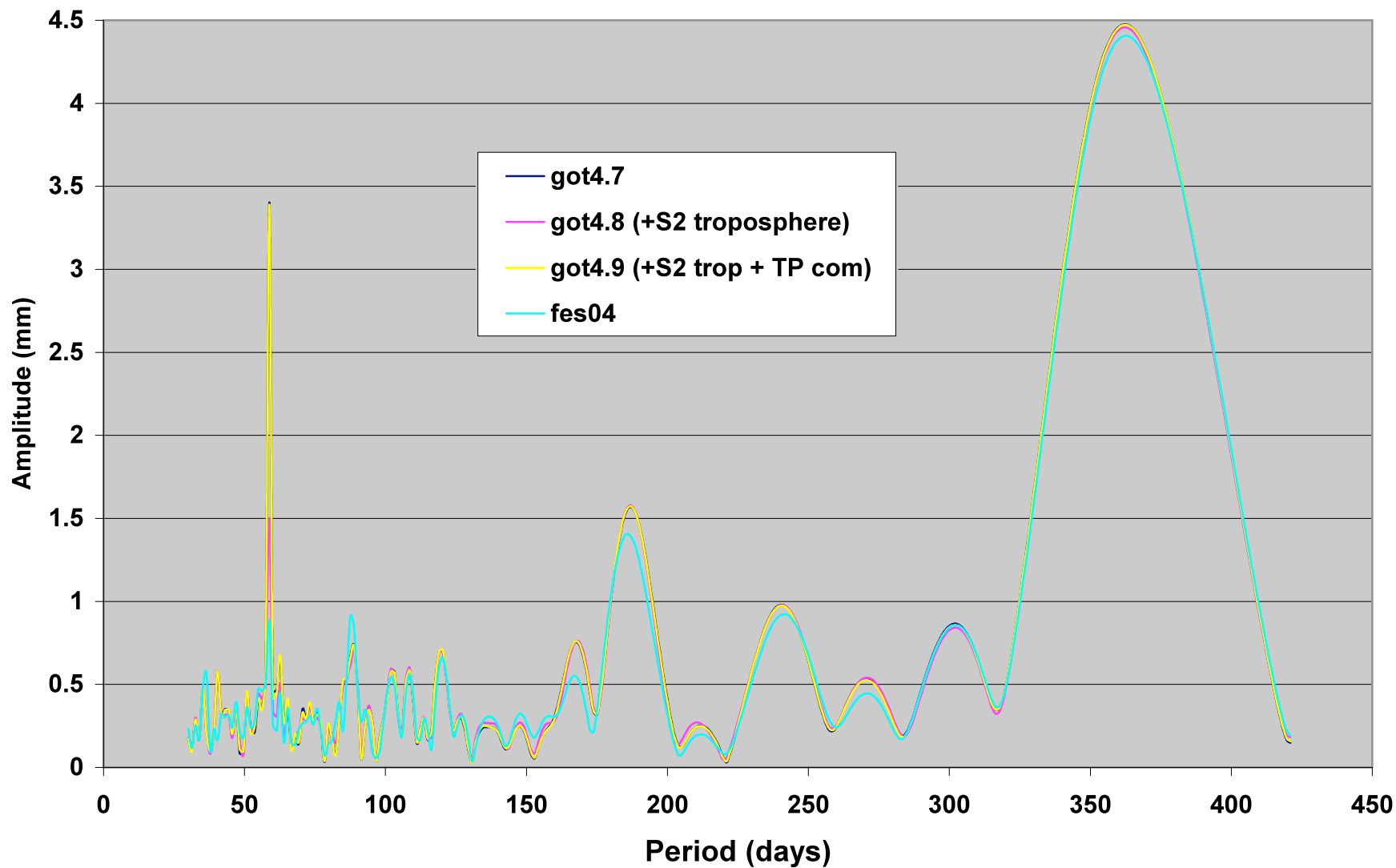
Topex periodogram MSL variations (+ S2 troposphere + CoM) using different tide models (cycles 11-364)





# Backup

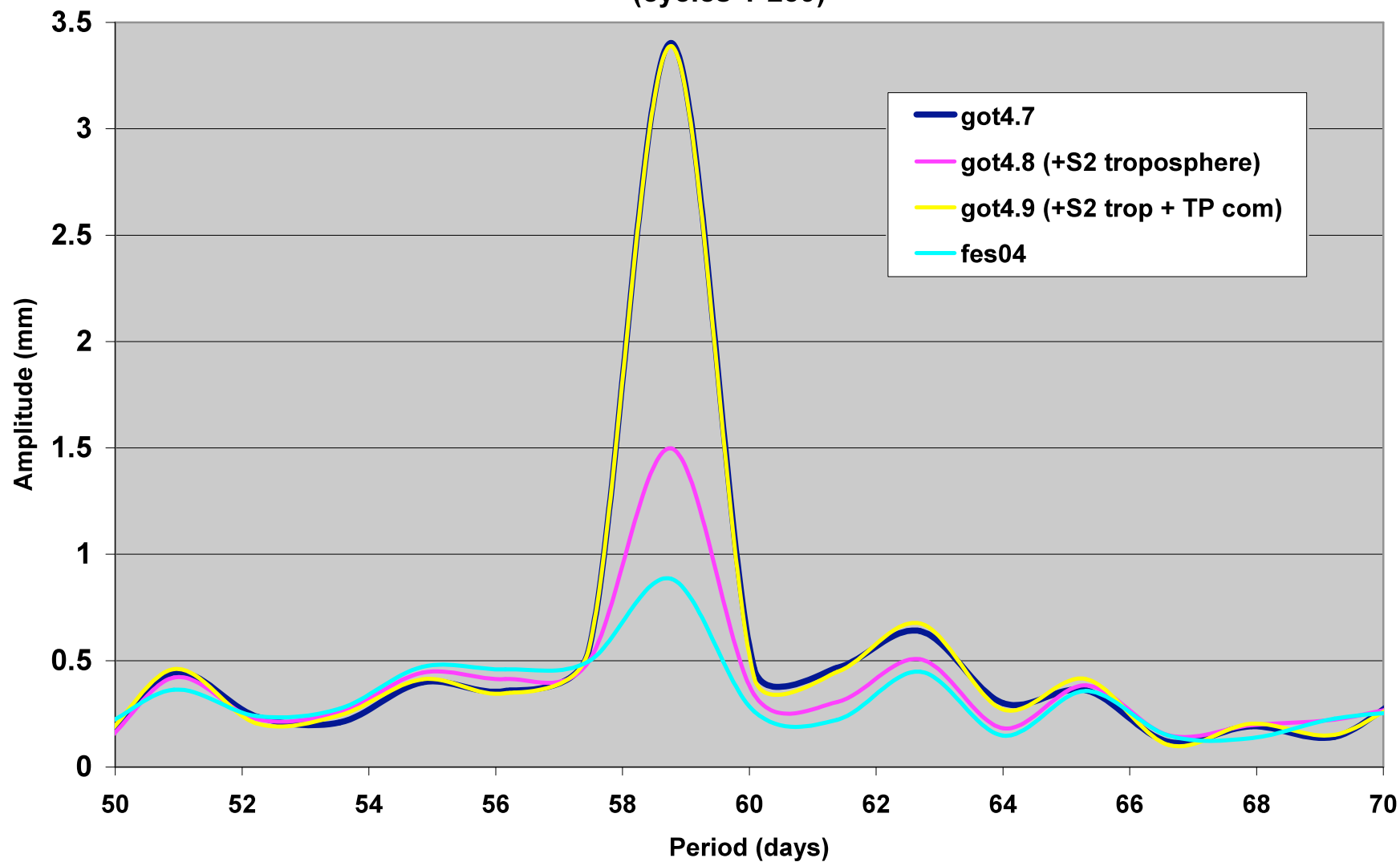
Jason-1 periodogram MSL variations using different tide models  
(cycles 1-259)





# Backup

Jason-1 periodogram MSL variations using different tide models  
(cycles 1-259)





# Backup

Jason-2 MSL variations after removing linear, annual, semi-annual, and 59-day terms (cycles 1-74)

