

# Analysis of 58.74-day signal observed on the MSL derived from Jason-1&2 and TOPEX data

M. Ablain, S.Philipps , L. Carrere, G. Valladeau, J.-F. Legeais (CLS)  
E.Bronner, N.Picot (CNES)

## Overview

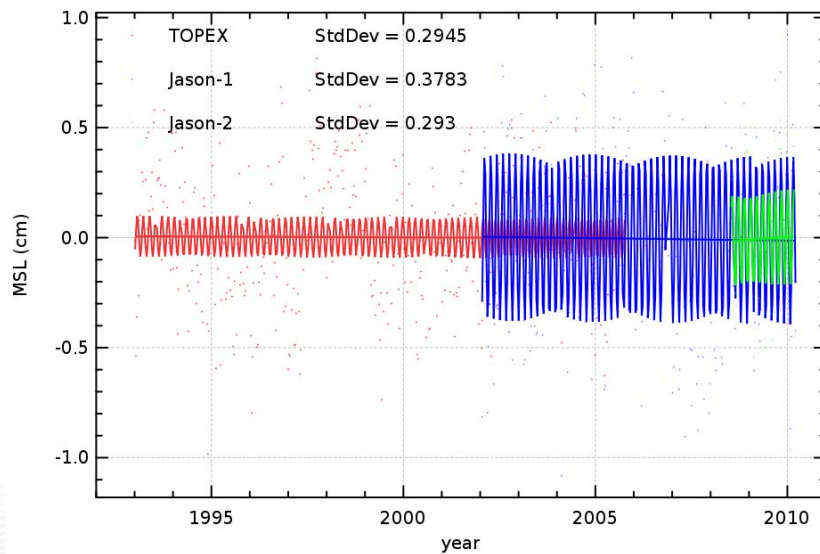
- Objective : understand better the origin of 58.74-day signal observed on the MSL derived from Jason-1&2 and TOPEX data
- ⇒ Description of the 59-day signal on MSL
- ⇒ Sensitivity of oceanic tide models on the 58.74-day signal
- ⇒ Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

# 1 - Description of the 59-day signal on MSL

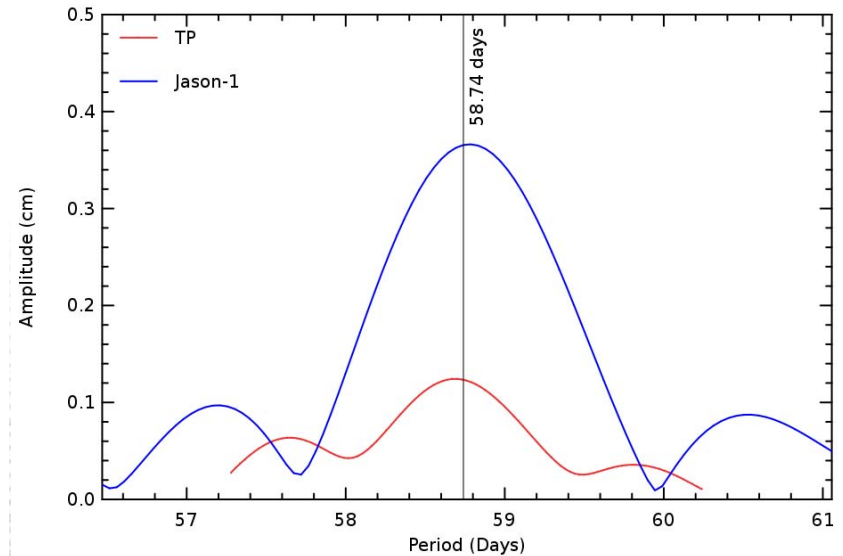
## Description of the 59-day signal on MSL

- Global MSL time data series highlight strong 58.74-day signal on Jason-1 & 2 whereas it is smaller on TOPEX.
- Amplitudes are 4 mm for Jason-1, 3 mm for Jason-2 , 1 mm for TOPEX

58.74-day signal on global MSL after removing the global trend

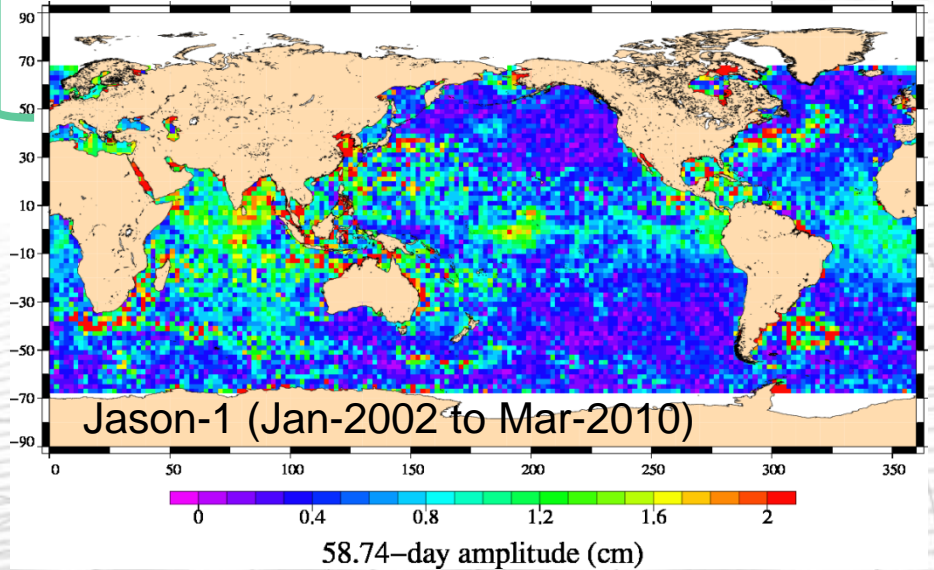
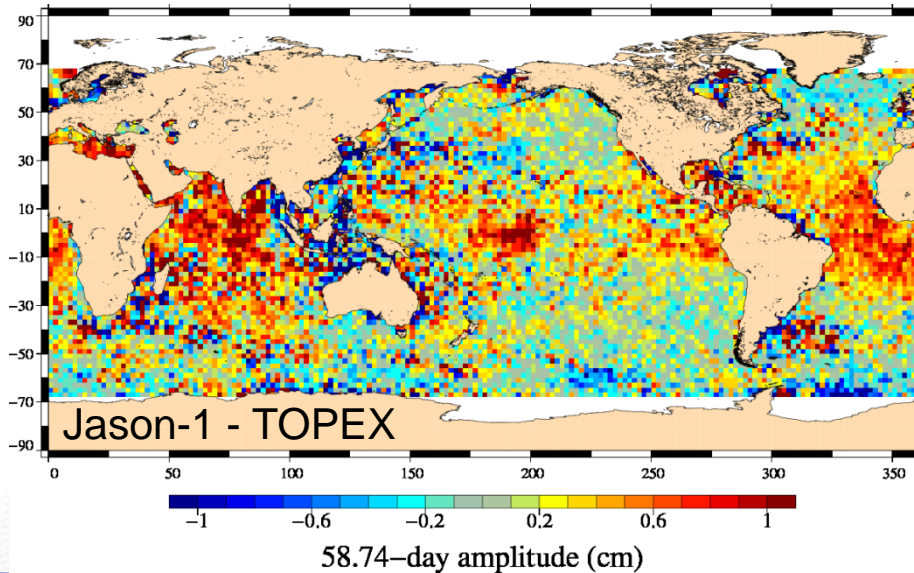
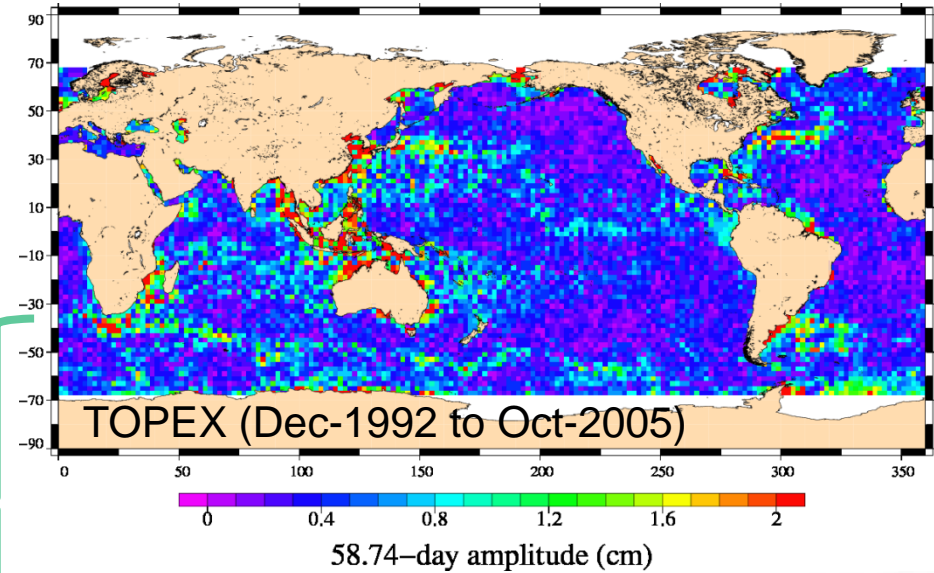


Periodogram on Jason-1 and TP MSL focused on 58.74-day signal



## Description of the 59-day signal on MSL

- The maps of 58.74 amplitude signal for Jason-1 and TOPEX show a stronger amplitude of the signal for Jason-1 (> 5 mm) generally between  $-40^{\circ}$  and  $40^{\circ}$  of latitude.

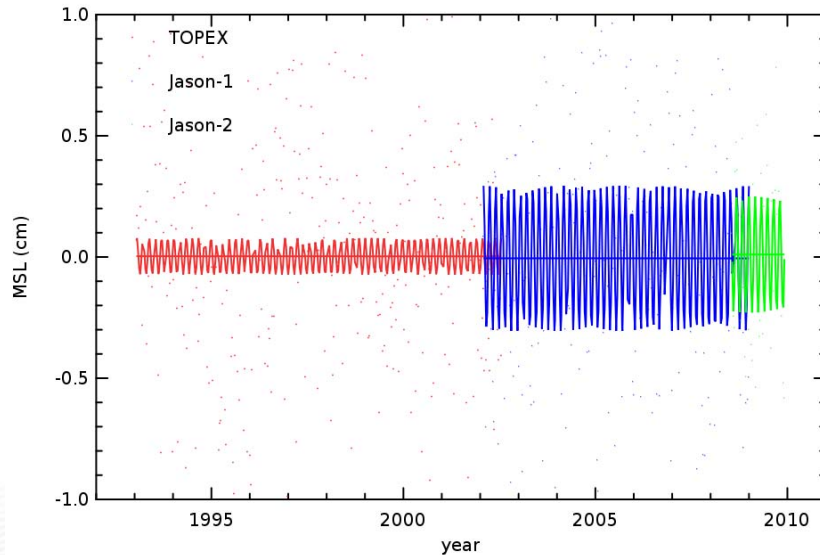




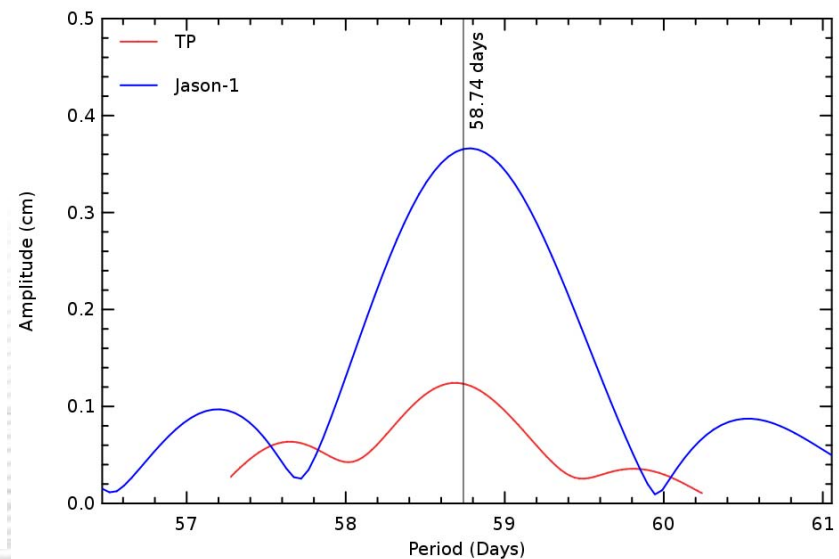
## Description of the 59-day signal on MSL

- The SSH differences between altimetry and tide gauges highlight a 58.74-day signal of  $\sim 3/4$  mm for Jason-1&2 and  $\sim 1$  mm for TOPEX
  - We obtained similar results comparing with T/S profiles (ARGO)
- ⇒ This result is in agreement with previous analyses and proves that 59-day signal is not a physical signal but an error on altimetry data.

58.74-day signal on altimetry/tide gauges SSH differences after removing the global trend



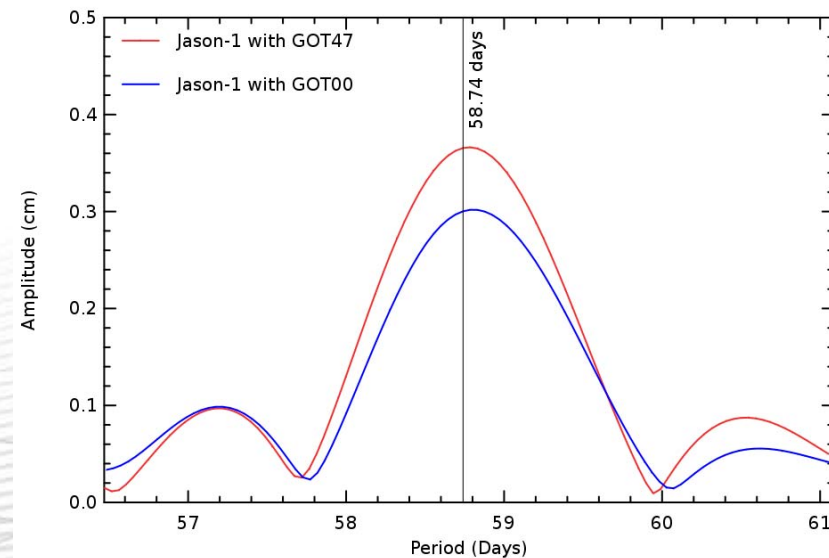
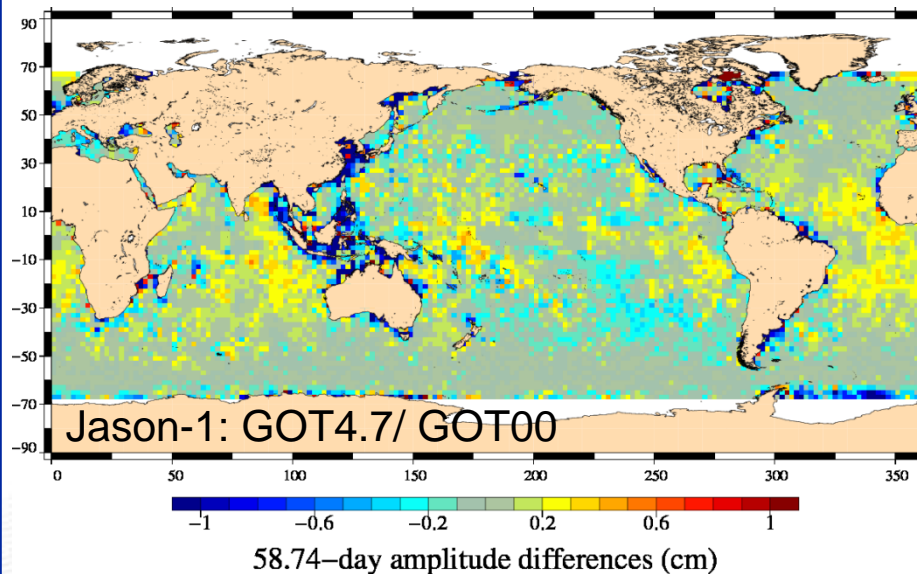
Periodogram on altimetry/tide gauges SSH differences focused on 58.74-day signal



## 2 - Sensitivity of oceanic tide models on the 58.74-day signal

## Sensitivity of oceanic tide models on the 58.74-day signal

- The tidal model can potentially impact the 58.74-day signal in the MSL through the semi-diurnal wave S2 => therefore the sensitivity of oceanic tide models on 58.74-day signal observed on Jason-1 and TOPEX MSL have been studied.
- Impact of using GOT00 instead GOT4.7 in the estimation of the amplitude of the 58.74-day signal is small on the Jason-1 MSL:
  - ⇒ Amplitude differences are especially observed on coastal areas (<5mm).
  - ⇒ Global 59-day amplitude is slightly lower with GOT00 than with GOT4.7 but remains > 3mm
  - ⇒ We obtained a similar result on TOPEX MSL.

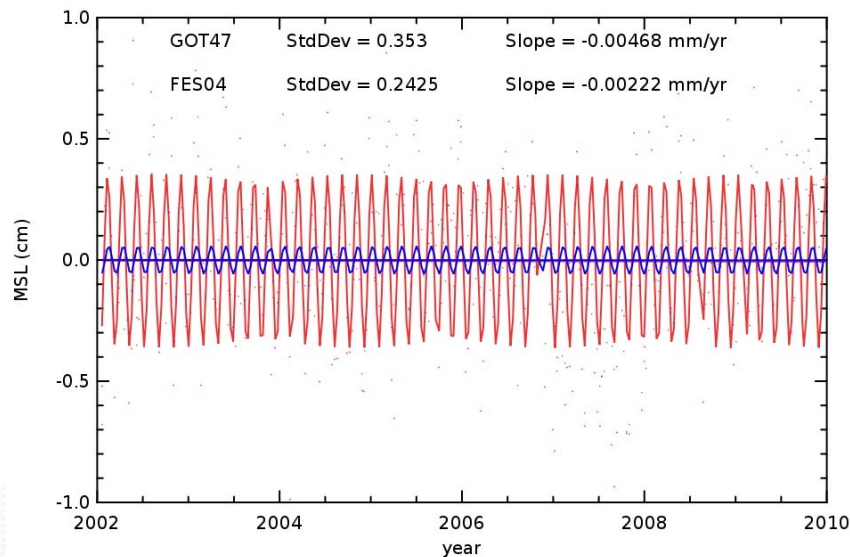




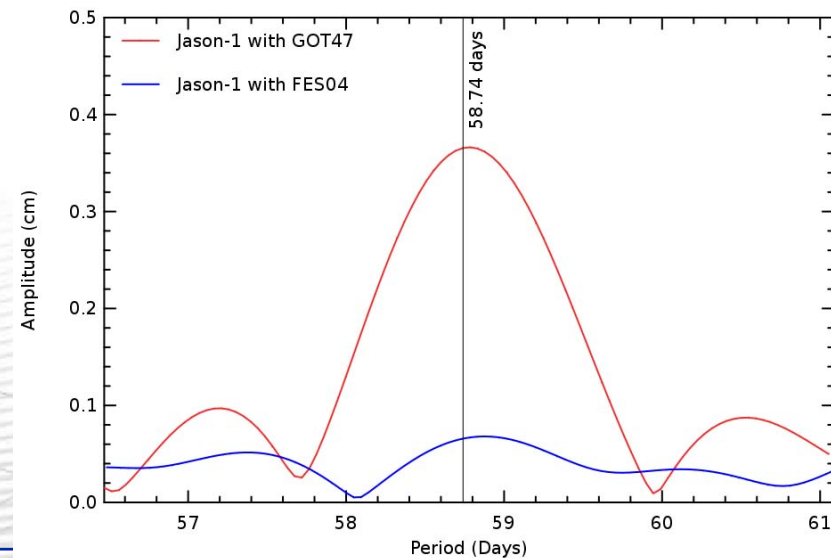
## Sensitivity of oceanic tide models on the 58.74-day signal

- We have tested also the impact of using FES04 instead GOT47 in the estimation of the spatial amplitude of the 58.74-day signal
- The impact is very strong on the Jason-1 MSL :  
⇒ Global 59-day signal amplitude are reduced to 0.5 mm using FES04 !

58.74-day signal on Jason-1 global MSL after removing the global trend



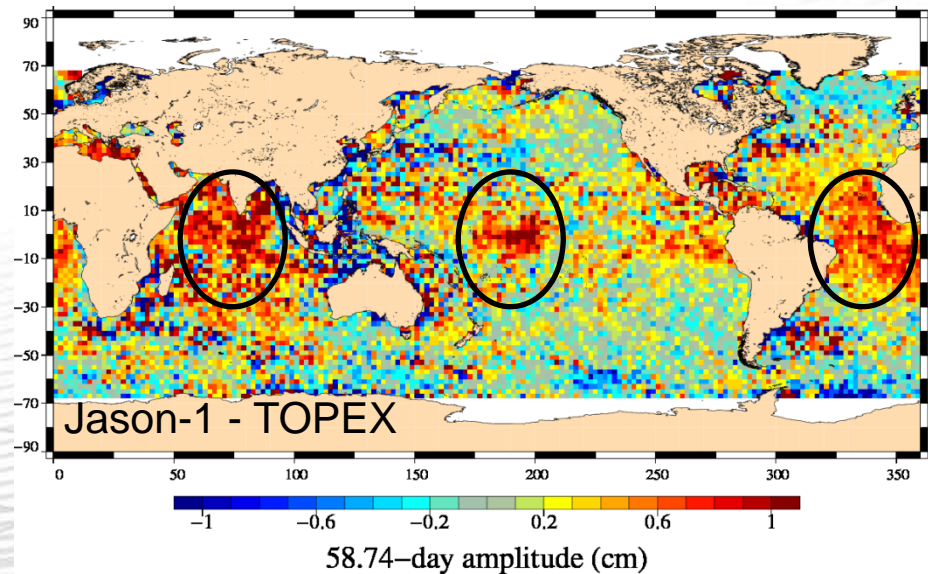
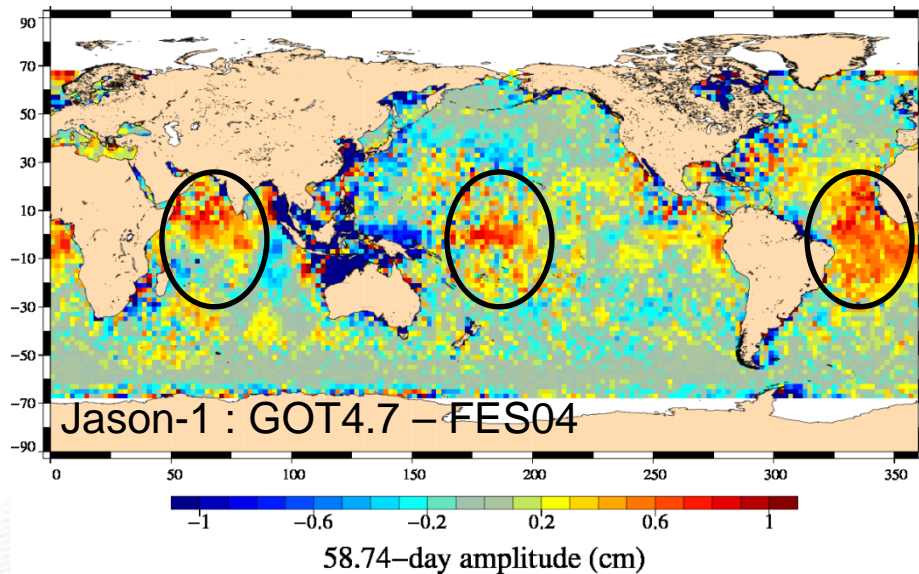
Periodogram on Jason-1 MSL focused on 58.74-day signal



59-day signal on MSL - OSTST Lisbon 2010

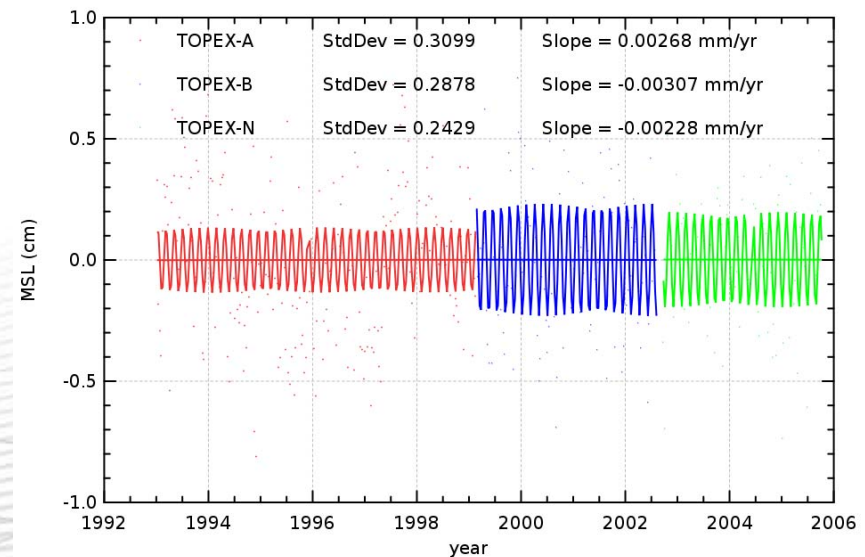
## Sensitivity of oceanic tide models on the 58.74-day signal

- We have tested also the impact of using FES04 instead GOT47 in the estimation of the spatial amplitude of the 58.74-day signal
- The impact is very strong on the Jason-1 MSL :
  - ⇒ Global 59-day signal amplitude are reduced to 0.5 mm using FES04 !
  - ⇒ Strong spatial structure amplitude differences are observed on the coasts but also on the open ocean.
  - ⇒ Open ocean patterns are well correlated with patterns previously observed between Jason-1 and TOPEX



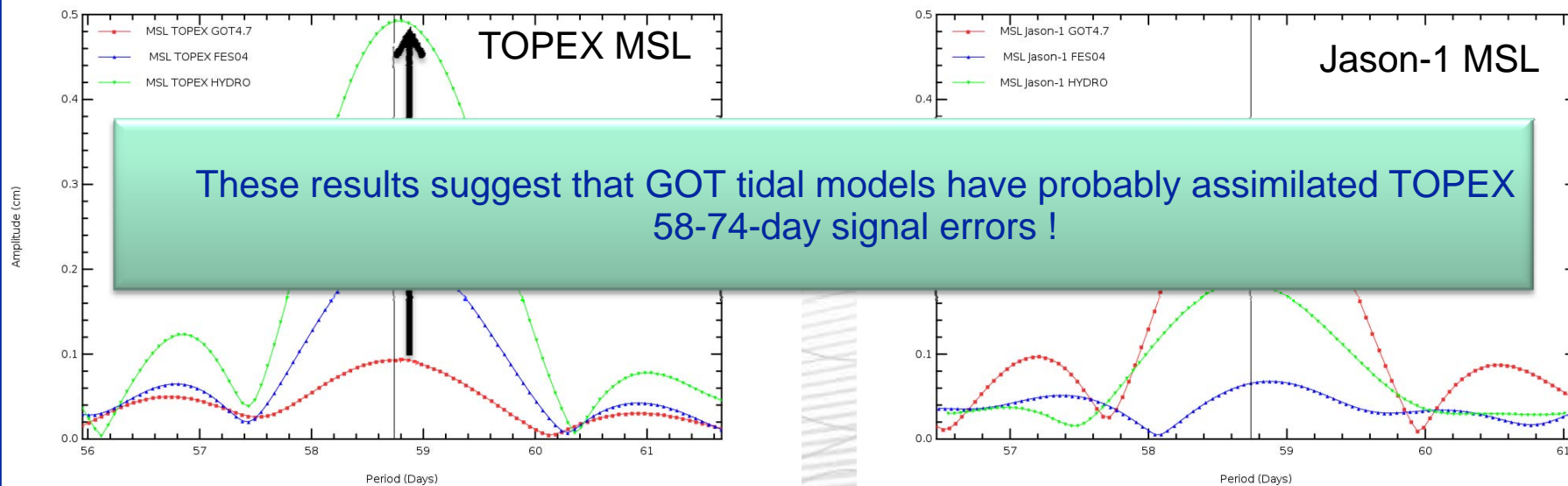
## Sensitivity of oceanic tide models on the 58.74-day signal

- We have tested also the impact of using FES04 instead GOT47 in the estimation of the spatial amplitude of the 58.74-day signal
- The impact is very strong on the Jason-1 MSL :
  - ⇒ Global 59-day signal amplitude are reduced to 0.5 mm using FES04 !
  - ⇒ Strong spatial structure amplitude differences are observed on the coasts but also on the open ocean.
  - ⇒ Open ocean patterns are well correlated with patterns previously observed between Jason-1 and TOPEX
- We also tested the impact of using FES04 on the TOPEX MSL :
  - ⇒ The global 58.74-day signal amplitude increases from 1 mm to 2 mm
  - ⇒ no change observed on TOPEX-A
- Spatially : we also observed strong patch differences but with an opposite behavior considering both TOPEX sides.



## Sensitivity of oceanic tide models on the 58.74-day signal

- We have tested an hydrodynamical model without altimetry assimilation (F.Lyard, LEGOS)
- The global 58.74 day amplitude increases for TOPEX to reach 5 mm:
  - ⇒ + 3.0 mm compared to FES04
  - ⇒ + 4.0 mm compared to GOT4.7
- For Jason-1, the global 58.74 day amplitude is significantly lower, close to 2 mm:
  - ⇒ + 1.5 mm compared to FES04
  - ⇒ - 2.0 mm compared to GOT4.7

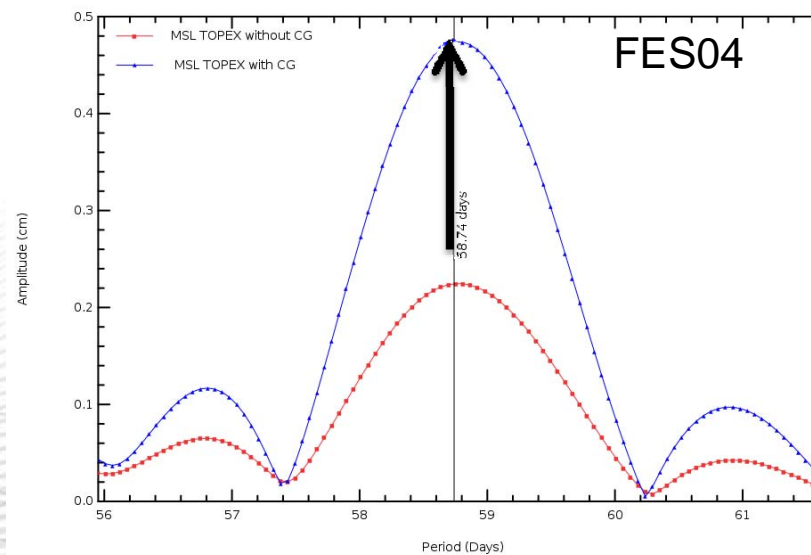
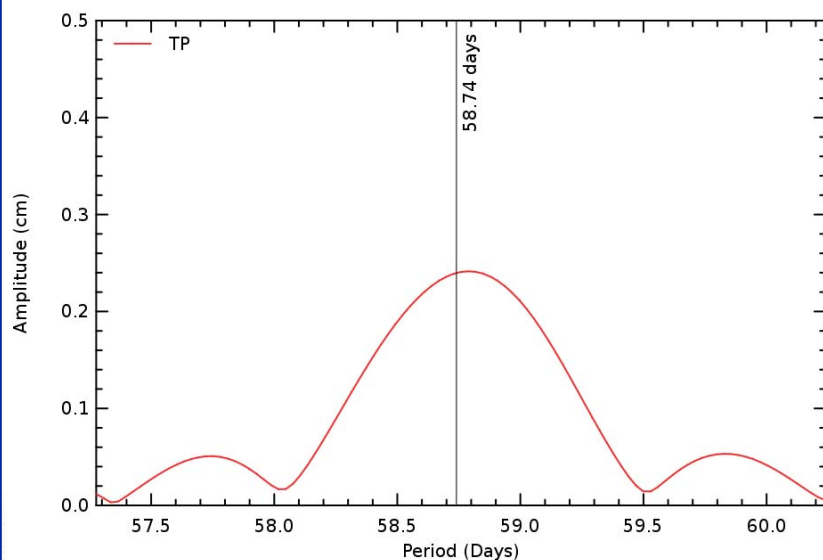


### 3 - Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR



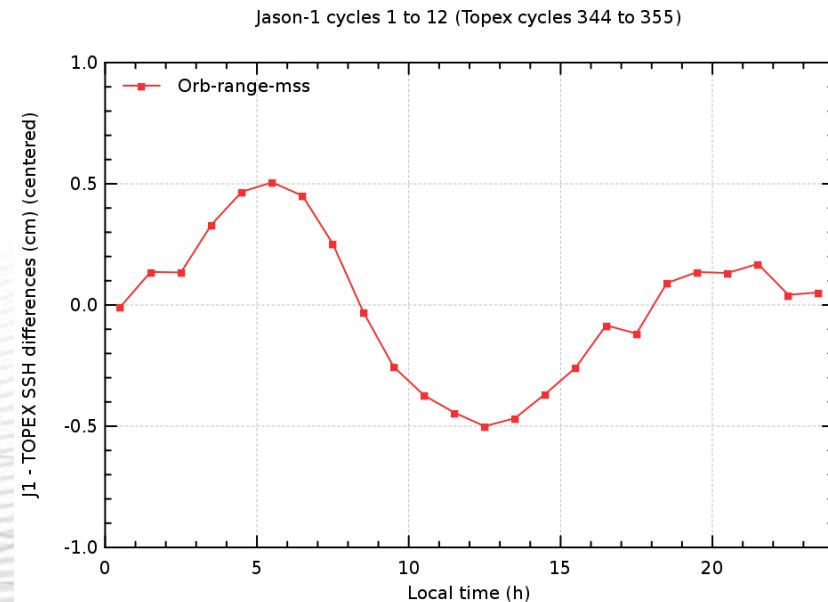
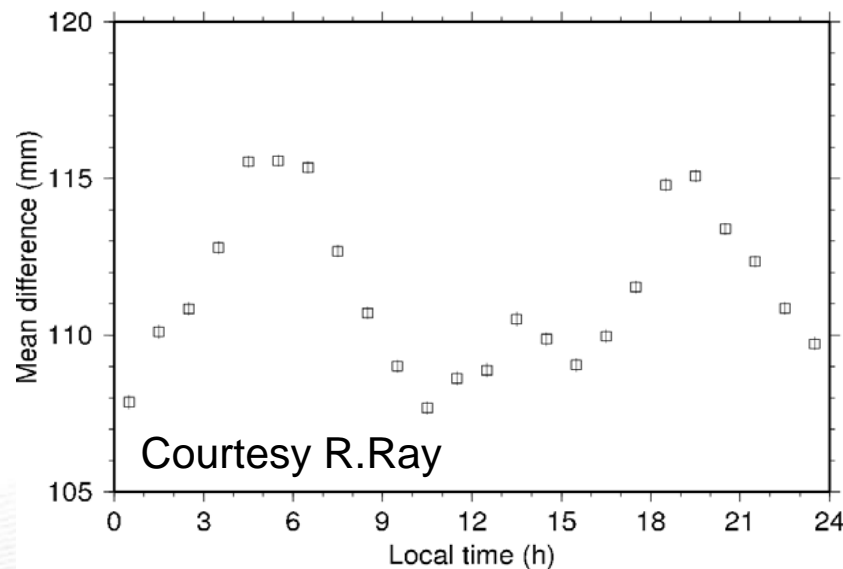
## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

- The CG\_RANGE\_CORR parameter takes into account the variation of center of gravity (solar array deformation)
- This correction has a 58.74-day amplitude signal
- To date, we have not corrected the SSH with this correction, because it does not bring good results :
  - ⇒ It increases the 58.74-day amplitude signal on the TOPEX-B MSL :
    - ⇒ by 2.0 mm using the GOT00 tidal model.
    - ⇒ by 2.5 mm using the FES04 tidal model.



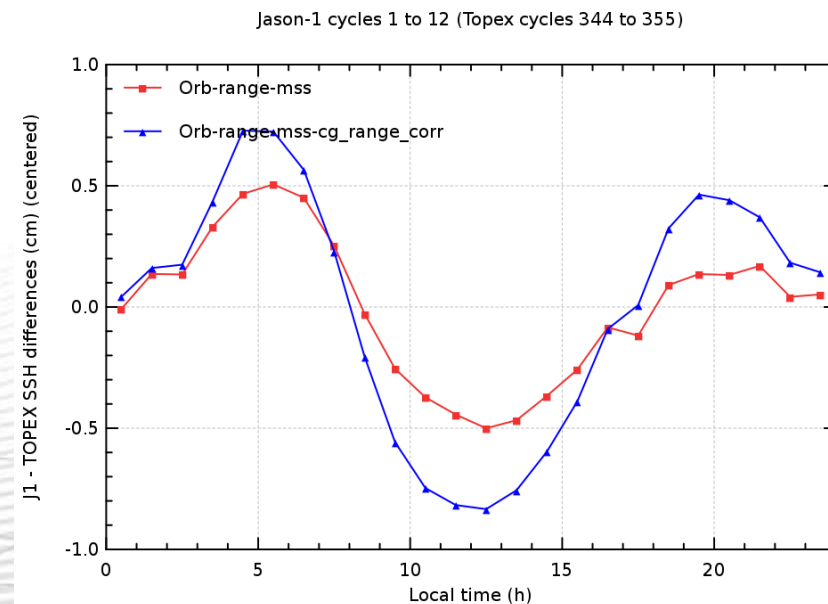
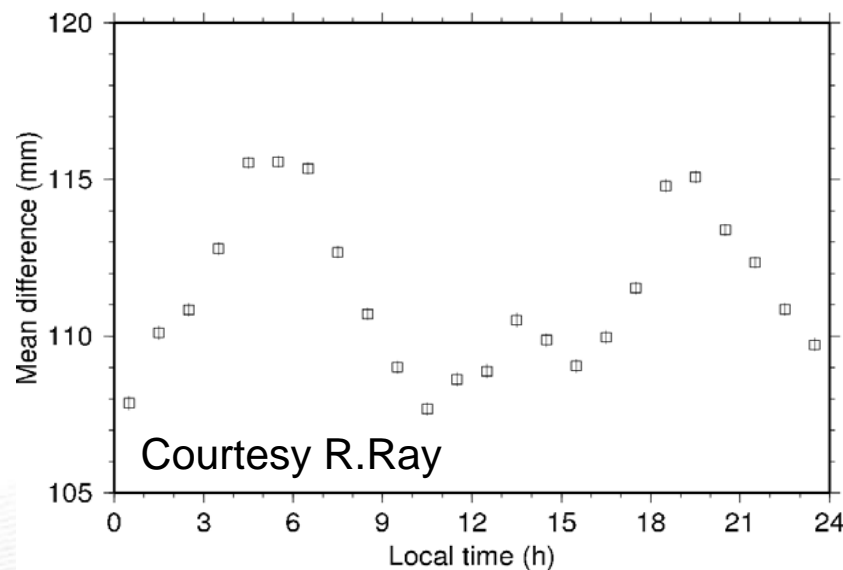
## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

- We calculated the local-time dependence of Jason-1 and TOPEX MSL differences during the Jason-1 verification phase.
  - As altimeters measure the same ocean, only [Orbit -Range -MSS] differences are calculated
  - R. Ray highlighted a semi-diurnal signal ( $\sim 4$  mm) and therefore a potential 58.74-day signal.
  - We reproduced this analysis :
- ⇒ Without applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : similar semi-diurnal signal is obtained



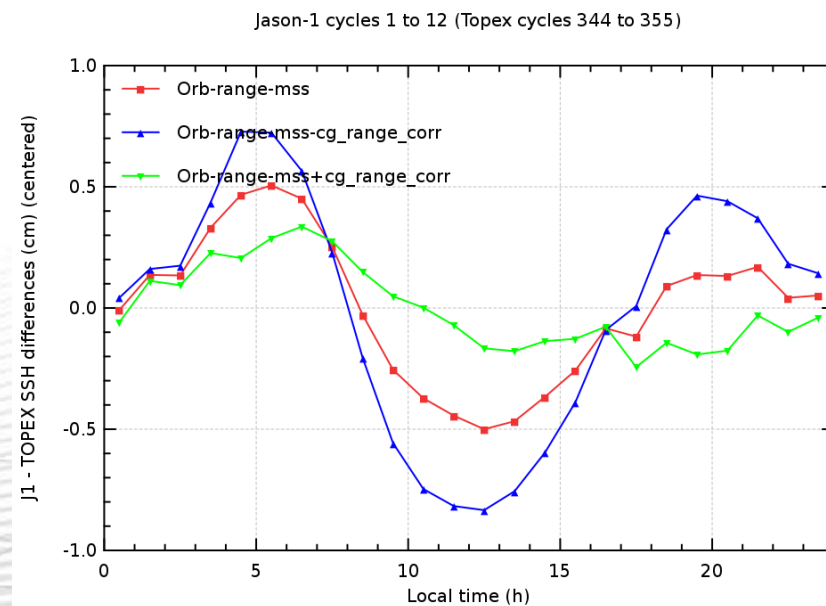
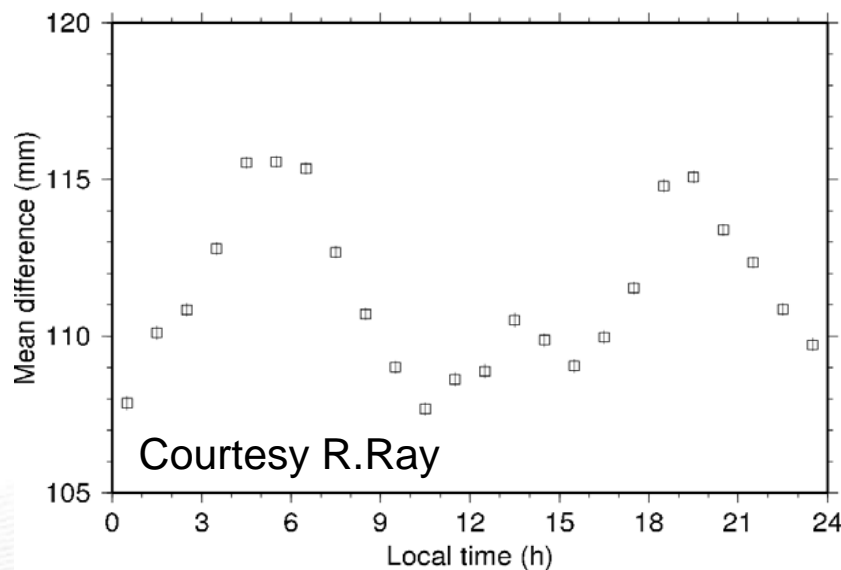
## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

- We calculated the local-time dependence of Jason-1 and TOPEX MSL differences during the Jason-1 verification phase.
- As altimeters measure the same ocean, only [Orbit -Range -MSS] differences are calculated
- R. Ray highlighted a semi-diurnal signal ( $\sim 4$  mm) and therefore a potential 58.74-day signal.
- We reproduced this analysis :
  - ⇒ Without applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : similar semi-diurnal signal is obtained
  - ⇒ Applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : semi-diurnal signal is stronger (+2 mm) !



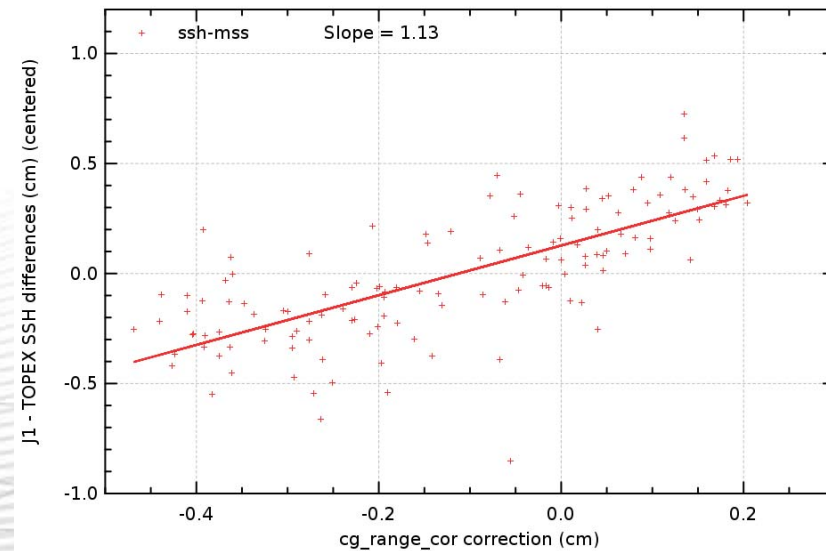
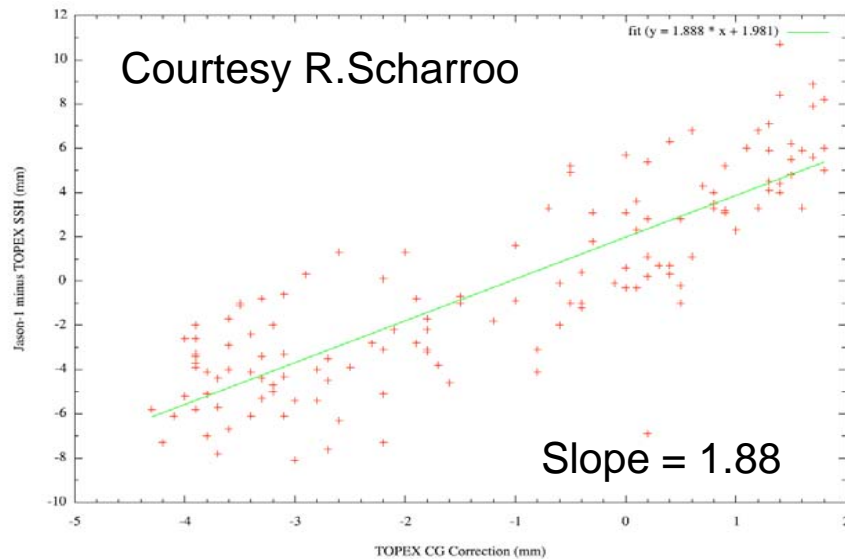
## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

- We calculated the local-time dependence of Jason-1 and TOPEX MSL differences during the Jason-1 verification phase.
- As altimeters measure the same ocean, only [Orbit -Range -MSS] differences are calculated
- R. Ray highlighted a semi-diurnal signal ( $\sim 4$  mm) and therefore a potential 58.74-day signal.
- We reproduced this analysis :
  - ⇒ Without applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : similar semi-diurnal signal is obtained
  - ⇒ Applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : semi-diurnal signal is stronger (+2 mm) !
  - ⇒ Applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR with bad sign (+) : semi-diurnal is reduced (-2 mm) !



## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

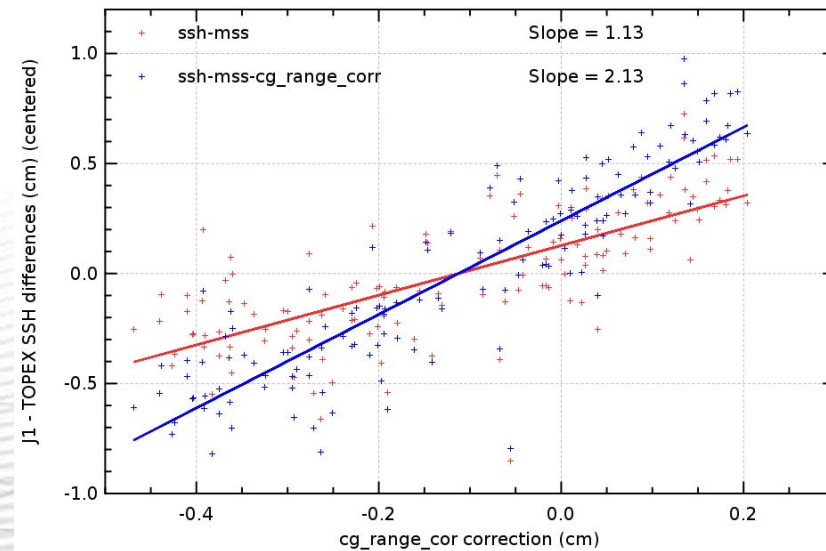
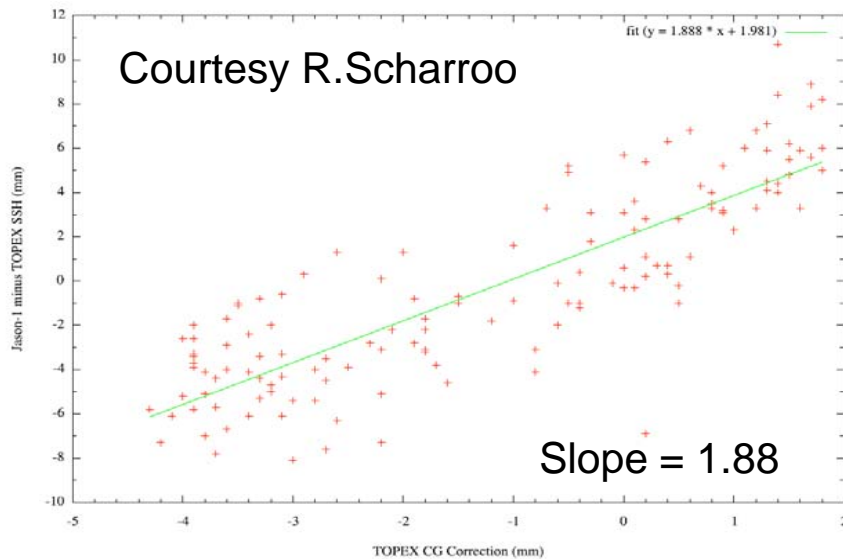
- We have also computed Jason-1/TOPEX SSH differences (from Jason-1 cycles 1 to 138) versus the TOPEX CG\_RANGE\_CORR correction
- R. Scharroo showed there is a linear dependence with a factor 2
- We reproduced this analysis :
  - ⇒ Without applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : we obtained a linear dependence with a factor 1.1





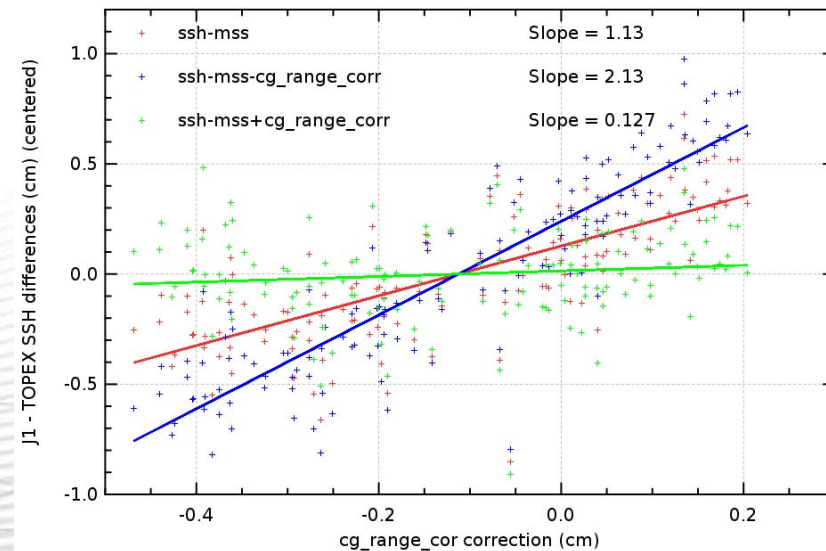
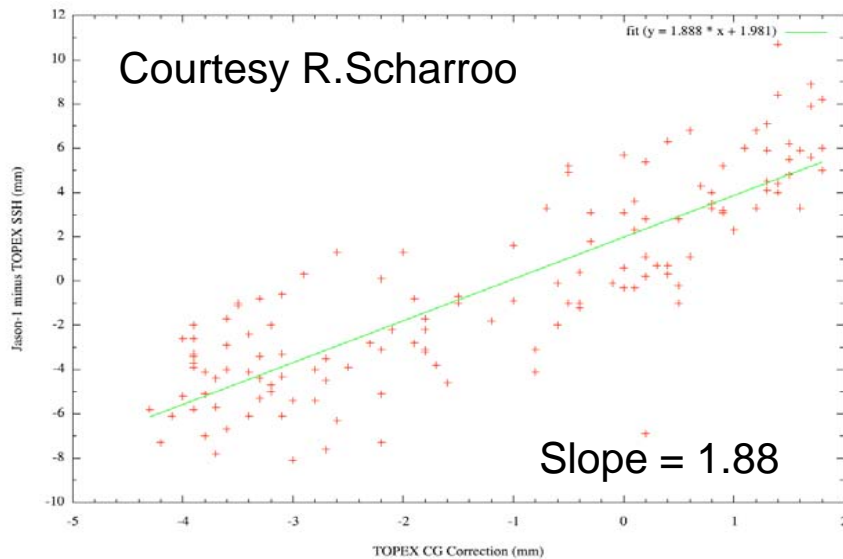
## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

- We have also computed Jason-1/TOPEX SSH differences during the Jason-1 verification phase versus the TOPEX CG\_RANGE\_CORR correction
- R. Scharroo showed there is a linear dependence with a factor 2
- We reproduced this analysis :
  - ⇒ Without applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : we obtained a linear dependence with a factor 1.1
  - ⇒ Applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : the linear dependence is close to 2 as R. Scharroo



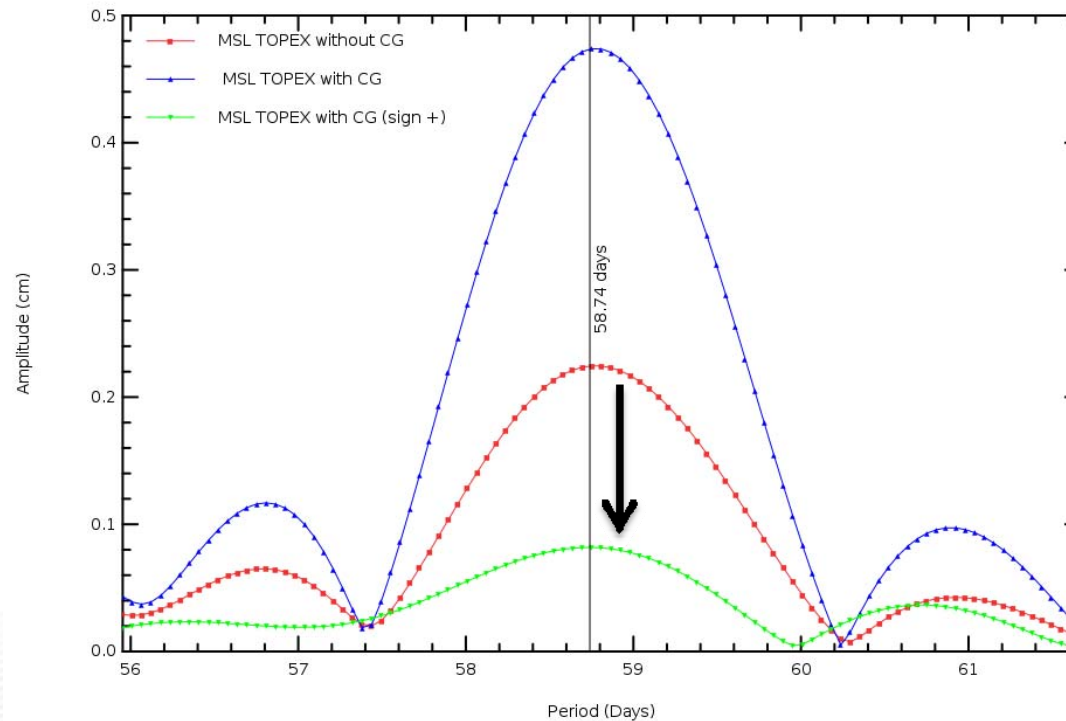
## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

- We have also computed Jason-1/TOPEX SSH differences during the Jason-1 verification phase versus the TOPEX CG\_RANGE\_CORR correction
- R. Scharroo showed there is a linear dependence with a factor 2
- We reproduced this analysis :
  - ⇒ Without applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : we obtained a linear dependence with a factor 1.1
  - ⇒ Applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR : the linear dependence is close to 2 as R. Scharroo
  - ⇒ Applying CG\_RANGE\_CORR with bad sign (+) : no linear dependence !!!



## Sensitivity of the TOPEX correction: CG\_RANGE\_CORR

- Applying the CG\_RANGE\_CORR with bad sign (+) allows us to homogenize TOPEX and Jason-1 SSH and reduce the 58.74-day signal between both missions.
- This error is on TOPEX data since :
  - ⇒ Applying the CG\_RANGE\_CORR with bad sign allows us to reduce the 58.74-days signal on TOPEX MSL : -1.5 mm using FES04 model.



## Summary and conclusion

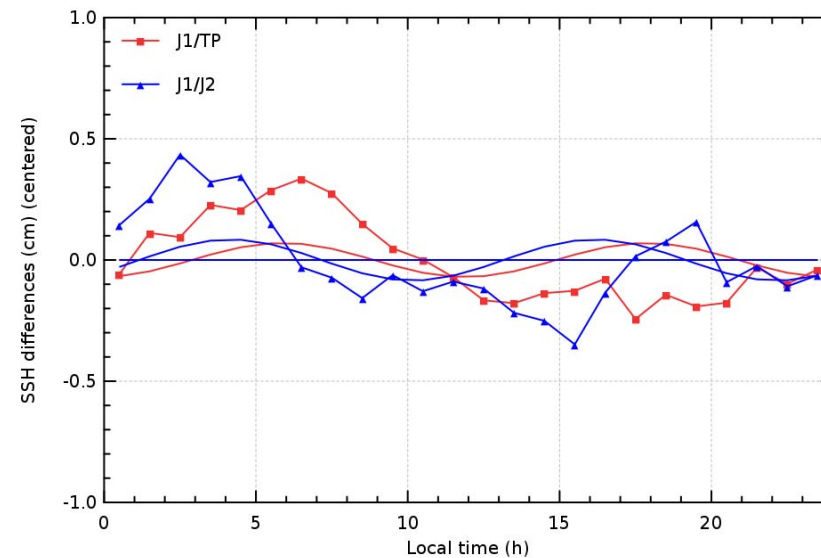
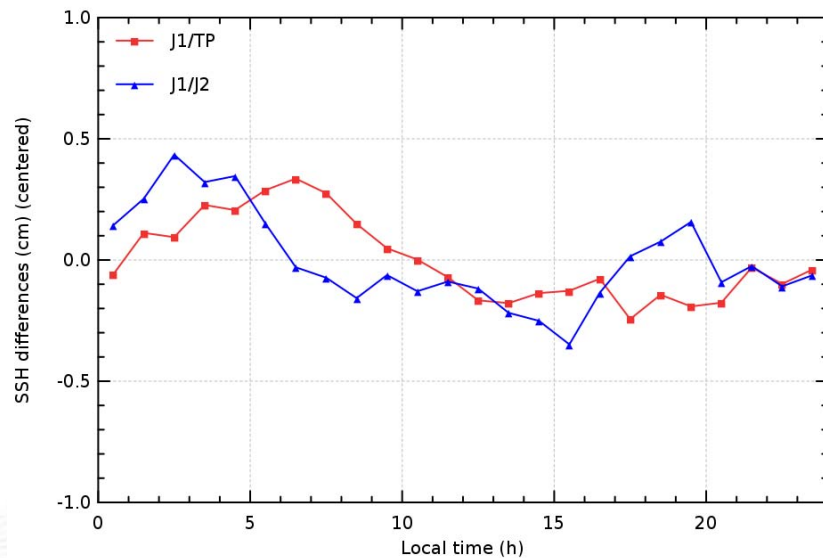
## Summary and conclusion

- The main part of 58.74-day signal observed on the Jason-1 MSL is due the use of GOT models in SSH calculation :
  - ⇒ FES04 model allows us to significantly reduced the 58.74-day signal on Jason-1 MSL
  - ⇒ Using a hydrodynamical model without altimetry assimilation, a 3 mm stronger 58.74-day signal is highlighted on TOPEX MSL than in Jason-1 MSL
  - ⇒ MSL TOPEX errors for 58.74-day signal have been likely assimilated by GOT
  - ⇒ FES04 assimilated also TOPEX data with same errors, but it is less sensitive to altimetry data assimilation than GOT (stochastical model) explaining its better behavior concerning 58.74-day signal.
- TOPEX CG\_RANGE\_CORR correction explains probably a main part of 58.74-day signal error on TOPEX SSH:
  - ⇒ Applying it with an opposite sign in TOPEX SSH calculation allows us to improve the consistency between Jason-1 and TOPEX
  - ⇒ But it remains discrepancies between TOPEX-A and TOPEX-B in terms of 58.74-day signal not explained
  - ⇒ TOPEX CG-RANGE\_CORR correction have probably to be revisited
- Remaining 58.74-day signal on Jason-1 MSL (using FES04) are small (comparison with Jason-2, Envisat and Tide Gauges) :
  - ⇒ High misprinting values on Jason-1 can increase the spectrum energy around 60-day period



## Annexes

- Jason-1 / Jason-2 SSH differences versus local time only during jason-2 verification phase (Orbit-range-MSS) display differences between +/- 4 mm but they do not highlight a strong semi-diurnal signal .
- Estimation of its semi-diurnal amplitude is < 1 mm : this is coherent with Jason-1 and jason-2 MSL periodogram over a larger period.



## Annexes

- We use Alti/In-situ SSH differences data to estimate the spatial amplitude of the 58.74-day signal on Jason-1:
  - ⇒ Residual signals are higher in terms of amplitude considering the GOT4.7 tide model in SSH differences with tide gauges and T/S profiles
  - ⇒ The amplitude of SSH differences considering GOT4.7 is about twice the FES04 one, whatever in-situ dataset (TG: 8mm with GOT4.7 / 4mm with FES04, T/S: 3mm/0.5mm)

