# An Investigation into the Source of the 59-Day Variations in Jason Sea Level

# *E. W. Leuliette*<sup>1</sup>, *R. Scharroo*<sup>1,2</sup>, *W. H. F. Smith*<sup>1</sup>, J. L. Lillibridge<sup>1</sup>, and L. Miller<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup>NOAA/Laboratory for Satellite Altimetry <sup>2</sup>Altimetrics LLC

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Is the TOPEX CoG correction valid?

- How do J1–TX orbit range differences depend on sun angle and orbital parameters?
- Can an empirical correction based on J1–TX cal phase differences remove the 59-day & semiannual in the J1 time series?

## Tide gauge calibration



# Mitchum tide gauge calibration without S2 alias removed

- No IB correction for TX or gauges
- No tide model applied to gauges, GOT4.7 applied to TOPEX



#### Amplitude (mm) and phase of 58.77 day signal

cycles	1-364	1 – 235	236 – 364
Weighted gauges	2.4 (205°)	1.6 (200°)	3.2 (197°)
TOPEX@gauges (CoG applied)	2.5 (193°)	2.3 (183°)	2.3 (191°)
TOPEX@gauges (no CoG)	3.2 (196°)	4.8 (197°)	4.4 (192°)
TOPEX (CoG) – gauges	0.5 (103°)	0.8 (142°)	0.9 ( 17°)
TOPEX (no CoG) – gauges	2.3 (188°)	2.8 (185°)	1.6 (205°)

## Bias depends on solar illumination

For per-cycle global means, the J1-TX bias is highly corrected with the amount of time TX/J1 spent in the Sun.



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# Bias behavior in/out of eclipse

Mean bias after J1–TX leaves eclipse

Not simply a problem at S2 frequency

Mean bias after J1–TX enters eclipse

The 18 mm linear drift in range implies a thermal effect in one of the instruments





### TOPEX Center of Gravity correction

- $\alpha'$ , orbit angle, i.e. the angular separation of the spacecraft from the orbital 6 a.m. position.
- $\beta'$ , solar aspect angle, i.e. the angle between the Earth/Sun position vector and the orbital plane.





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### J1–TX calibration phase differences



**Orbit** – range

 $\alpha'$  (deg)

8 727 638 calibration phase differences binned 4° in  $\alpha$ ' and 5° in  $\beta$ '

#### Sea level

 $\alpha'$  (deg)





#### CoG applied (–)





#### EOFs of J1–TX orbit – range

Solar angle basis functions

Beta angle basis functions



## Correction from reconstruction of EOFs

NORR











### Uncorrected







### Correction EOF 1–4







# Statics for J1—TX global mean sea level residuals during each TOPEX phase

	Calibration phase		Interleaved phase	
	St. dev. (mm)	Variance reduction	St. dev. (mm)	Variance reduction
Uncorrecte d	4.8		4.2	
EOF 1	2.5	73%	2.4	68%
EOFs 1–2	2.2	78%	2.2	73%
EOFs 1–3	2.0	82%	2.1	75%
EOFs 1–4	2.0	83%	2.0	77%

Correction applied to calibration phase



### Amplitude of 59-day cycle in J1—TX sea level differences during the calibration phase (Jason cycles 1 – 20)

	Amplitude, 59 days (mm)	Variance reduction	Amplitude, 182.5 days (mm)
Uncorrected	5.9		1.4
EOF 1	2.6	80%	0.1
EOFs 1–2	2.2	86%	0.3
EOFs 1–3	2.0	89%	0.4
EOFs 1–4	1.9	90%	0.6

Correction applied to interleaved phase



Amplitude of 59-day cycle in J1—TX sea level differences during interleaved phase (Jason cycles 26 – 138)

	Amplitude, 59 days (mm)	Variance reduction	Amplitude, 182.5 days (mm)
Uncorrected	5.1		1.3
EOF 1	1.8	87%	0.1
EOFs 1–2	1.3	94%	0.2
EOFs 1–3	1.1	95%	0.2
EOFs 1–4	1.1	95%	0.3





#### Is the TOPEX CoG correction valid?

- Amplitude of 59-day signal is smallest when CoG & GOT4.7 applied
- Tide gauge calibration implies CoG should be applied
- How does the J1–TX SSH and orbit range bias depend on sun angle and orbital parameters?
- Coherent patterns with a range of 5 cm

Can an empirical correction based on J1–TX cal phase differences remove the 59-day & semi-annual in the J1 time series?

 A correction based on 1 or 2 EOFs reconstructing J1–TX biases during the calibration phase can nearly eliminate the 59-day signal during the entire Jason-1 mission









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# SSH Corrections constructed from EOFs









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