The Harvest Altimeter Calibration Experiment: Recent Results

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NASA Prime Verification Site for High-Accuracy (Jason-class) Altimetry: T/P (1992–2002), Jason-1 (2001–2009) and OSTM/Jason-2 (2008–).



Courtesy PXP

- Open-ocean verification site located 10-km off coast of central California
- Ground track passes directly through this location by design (T/P heritage)
- Rich in-situ data set representing 19 years
  of continuous monitoring
- 365 T/P overflights spanning 10 years
  - 22 in formation with Jason-1 (2002)
  - Final overflight on August 13, 2002
- 259 Jason-1 overflights spanning 7 years
  - 20 in formation with Jason-2 (2008–2009)
  - Final overflight on January 18, 2009

#### 121 Jason-2 overflights and counting...

• Over three years of monitoring

#### Experiment operations status

- Underwater maintenance: 9/2011
- CU Lidar upgrade: 9/2011
- NOAA maintenance: 8/2010
- Tide gauge outage: 4/2011(antenna repaired)









Platform Harvest Geodetic Height From 19 Years of Continuous GPS Monitoring









Model	<b>TOPEX/Poseidon</b>	Jason-1	OSTM/
			Jason-2
Orbital Height	GSFC std0905 (Lemoine et al., 2010)	GDR-C	T/GDR
Altimeter Range	Ku (MGDR)	Ku (GDR-C)	T/GDR
Wet troposphere	Repro from Brown et al. (2009)	GDR-C	T/GDR
Dry troposphere	MGDR	GDR-C	T/GDR
Ionosphere	MGDR: Ku (ALT), DORIS (POS-1)	GDR-C	T/GDR
Sea-state bias	MGDR	GDR-C	T/GDR





#### **Nominal Time Series:**

T/P: MGDR + reprocessed orbits (Lemoine et al., 2010) and wet trop. (Brown et al., 2009); Jason-1: GDR-C; Jason-2: GDR-T







#### Update 1:

Correct Jason-1 and Jason-2 ranges for errors (biases) from altimeter characterization files (*Desjonquères et al.*, 2009)







#### Update 2:

Correct Jason-1 and Jason-2 ranges due to inconsistent definition of antenna reference point (Desjonquères et al., 2011)







- Standard GDR correction evaluated 5-s before platform overflight
- EPD evaluated at TCA
  - Improves agreement with GPS
  - Bias values from GPS may not be trustworthy at few-mm level (e.g., radome)

















## Harvest: Ku-Band Ionosphere Calibration





- Begin with uncorrected Ku- and C-Band Ranges
  - Compensate for troposphere using standard (GDR) approach
  - Correct ranges for characterization (e.g., PRF, internal delay) and ARP errors.
- Estimate SSH bias, drift and local SSB & iono. on each frequency simultaneously
  - SSB model (local to Harvest) is a simple percentage of SWH from nearby buoy(s)
  - Ionosphere is a scaling of TECU from GIM (GPS-based).
- Only Jason-2 C-band SSH bias (+4 cm) significantly different from zero
- C-band SSB shows higher sensitivity to SWH
- Ionosphere scale factors slightly lower than theoretical values: 2.2 (Ku) and 14.3 (C)

	Jason-1 Ku-Band	Jason-1 C-Band	Jason-2 Ku-Band	Jason-2 C-Band
SSH Bias (mm)	+11 ± 7	-1 ± 10	+14 ± 10	+43 ± 16
SSH Drift (mm/yr)	-1 ± 1	-2 ± 2	-2 ± 3	+9 ± 5
Local SSB (%)	$3.4 \pm 0.2$	$4.4 \pm 0.3$	$3.6 \pm 0.3$	4.1 ± 0.5
Iono. (mm/TECU)	$2.0 \pm 0.2$	$12.9 \pm 0.3$	$1.4 \pm 0.6$	13.1 ± 0.9
Number	208	205	98	92
Postfit $\sigma$ (mm)	31	48	28	42





#### An Early Glimpse at the OSTM/Jason-2 Preliminary GDR-D

Features corrected Jason-2 ranges, new SSB, orbit, ionosphere and wet troposphere (including EPD)







- Current Jason-2 and Jason-1 GDR SSH too high, by +18 and +9 cm respectively
  - OSTM/Jason-2:  $+176 \pm 3 \text{ mm} (\text{N} = 97, \sigma = 26 \text{ mm})$
  - Jason-1: +89  $\pm$  2 mm (N = 210,  $\sigma$  = 28 mm)
- Primary source of Jason-1 and Jason-2 biases is altimeter
  - CNES corrections to altimeter range (*Desjonquères et al.*, 2009; 2011) reduce biases to 2–3 cm level.
  - Preliminary Jason-2 GDR-D yields ~5 mm bias (statistically indistinguishable from zero).
  - Additional 3-cm Jason-2 SSH bias shift from new (preliminary GDR-D) SSB model
- Jason-2 Ku-ionosphere (GDR-T) delay smaller (9 mm) than Jason-1
  - Jason-1 agrees better with GPS (GIM)
  - New (GDR-D) ionosphere correction reduces bias.
- New approach to SSH bias computation lends insight on individual Ku, C contributions
  - Jason-2 C-band SSH bias slightly positive (~4 cm)
- TOPEX/Poseidon systems unbiased (< 2 cm)
  - T/P ALT-B:  $+14 \pm 4 \text{ mm} (\text{N}=81, \sigma = 33 \text{ mm})$
  - T/P ALT-A:  $+18 \pm 3 \text{ mm} (\text{N} = 154, \sigma = 32 \text{ mm})$
  - T/P POS:  $+6 \pm 6 \text{ mm} (\text{N} = 22, \sigma = 30 \text{ mm})$
- SSH drift estimates for all systems statistically indistinguishable from zero
  - Modeling of vertical land motion still limiting systematic error source.
- Enhanced path delay (EPD) product yields promising results
  - Enables use of JMR/ AMR data at platform location (~10 km from shore)
  - Improves agreement with independent GPS-derived PD estimates



**Using GPS to Monitor Vertical Land Motion at Harvest** 







Platform Harvest Geodetic Height From 19 Years of Continuous GPS Monitoring





### **IPL** Harvest: Open-Ocean Conditions









**Periodograms of SSH Bias Time Series** 



OSTM JASON2





				Mean	Err	sd	Bias	Err	Drift	Err	sd	Median	Bias	Drift	MAD
SSH: JASON-1 ABSOLUTE SERIES															
Jason-1 GDR-C	1-259	210	2002.0	89.4	2.0	28.3	96.3	3.9	-1.9	0.9	28.1	87.8	97.3	-2.2	21.9
Jason-1 GDR-C (GPS tropo)	1-259	206	2002.0	89.5	1.9	27.6	97.2	3.9	-2.1	0.9	27.3	88.2	94.8	-1.8	21.0
Jason-1 GDR-C (JMR/EPD)	1-259	208	2002.0	91.1	1.9	27.4	100.6	3.8	-2.7	0.9	26.9	89.9	104.2	-3.6	20.8
Jason-1 GDR-C (GIM)	1-259	210	2002.0	93.4	2.0	28.8	102.7	3.9	-2.6	1.0	28.4	91.6	104.7	-3.0	22.2
SSH: JASON-2 ABSOLUTE SERIES															
Jason-2 GDR-C	1-114	97	2008.5	176.0	2.6	25.6	175.5	5.1	0.4	2.9	25.7	173.4	170.4	2.5	19.9
Jason-2 GDR-C (GPS tropo)	1114	97	2008.5	177.2	2.5	24.3	175.7	4.9	1.0	2.8	24.4	176.9	171.6	2.9	19.0
Jason-2 GDR-C (AMR/EPD)	1-114	96	2008.5	181.0	2.6	25.8	182.2	5.1	-0.8	3.0	26.0	180.3	180.8	-0.5	20.2
Jason-2 GDR-C (GIM)	1-114	97	2008.5	187.5	2.6	25.3	186.2	5.1	0.9	2.9	25.5	186.7	181.3	3.4	19.6
Jason-2 GDR-C (001-107)	1-107	86	2008.5	175.8	2.8	26.0	174.6	5.6	0.8	3.5	26.2	173.4	170.6	2.4	20.4
Jason-2 GDR-C (CNES GDRD)	1-107	86	2008.5	179.1	2.8	25.7	178.1	5.5	0.7	3.4	25.9	178.6	174.2	3.3	19.8
Jason-2 GDR-C (JPL rlse11a)	1-107	86	2008.5	177.8	2.9	26.7	177.7	5.7	0.0	3.5	26.8	177.5	173.1	2.9	21.0
Jason-2 GDRC (001-008)	1 to 8	7		173.2	10.5	27.7						170.1			
Jason-2 GDRD (including test GDRD orbit)	1 to 8	7		4.6	7.5	19.8						5.0			
TOPEX/ POSEIDON ABSOLUTE SE	RIES														
TOPEX-B MGDR <sup>++</sup> (TMR-rp + GSFC std0905)	237-365	81	2002.0	14.1	3.7	33.0	10.1	5.2	-3.5	3.3	33.0	13.1	10.3	-4.8	25.1
TOPEX-A MGDR <sup>+ +</sup>	1-235	154	1993.0	17.5	2.5	31.1	12.1	4.7	2.0	1.4	31.0	15.2	13.0	1.0	23.7
POSEIDON-1 MGDR <sup>+ +</sup>	1-365	22	2002.0	6.0	6.3	29.4	4.7	17.1	-0.2	2.7	30.1	5.9	-21.3	-4.3	20.4



#### **Evolution of Bias/Drift Estimates**



BIAS (mm)	Nice 2008	Seattle 2009	<i>Mar. Geod.</i> 2010	Lisbon 2010	San Diego 2011
Jason-2	+200	+174	+178	+176	+176
Jason-1	+99	+94	+94	+87	+89
ALT-B	+15	+14	+14	+10	+14
Poseidon-1	+5	-10	-10	-5	+6
ALT-A	+17	+1	+1	+7	+18
DRIFT (mm/yr)	Nice 2008	Seattle 2009	<i>Mar. Geod.</i> 2010	Lisbon 2010	San Diego 2011
Jason-2	n/a	-5	+15	+8	+2
Jason-1	+1	-2	-2	-2	-2
ALT-B	-2	-1	-1	-3	-4

• Impact of improved models for platform subsidence (from GPS measurements) is significant.

+3

+5

• Tide-gauge errors also contribute

-1

+0

Poseidon-1

ALT-A

+3

+5

+1

+4

-0

+2

Jason-2 – Jason-1 Geographically Correlated Errors From Tandem Calibration Phase (J2 Cycles 8–20) NASA







# T/P Jason-1 Tandem Overflights of Harvest:





#### Jason 1/2 Tandem Overflights of Harvest: Comparison of Correction Terms





Jason-2 Radial Orbit Difference (POE vs GPS):  $\sigma = 6$  mm; Mean = -1 mm (N = 79)









**Jason-1 vs Jason-2 Global Statistics** 



